

F B ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/4/63

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C
(OO: CG)

Handwritten: BASS
(RE HARVEY WELLS)

Stamp: FOR WORLD MARXIST REVIEW

NY 694-S* advised SA ALEXANDER C. BURLINSON on 12/3/63, that he had received, through a NY mail drop on 12/2/63, a letter dated November 7, 1963, from NORMAN FREED, Canadian CP Representative to the World Marxist Review, Prague, Czechoslovakia. FREED's letter enclosed a letter for forwarding dated November, 1963, and addressed "Dear Comrade Wells", from A. SOBOLYEV, Executive Editor, World Marxist Review. SOBOLYEV's letter requests that WELLS prepare an article for the World Marxist Review on the subject "Freudism, Its Social Meaning and Purpose." A Photostat of each of these letters is enclosed herewith for the Bureau and the Chicago Office.

NY 694-S* advised that "PERCHY" refers to himself, "BASS" to NORMAN FREED, and Mr. GOOD to CG 5824-S*. NY 694-S* does not know to whom "Comrade Wells" refers. He advised that this individual is probably known to GUS HALL with whom NY 694-S* will discuss the matter.

- Handwritten:* 1-6888
- Stamp:* ENCLOSURE
- 3 - BUREAU (100-428091) (Encl. 2) (RM)
 - 1 - CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B) (Encl. 2) (AM RM)
 - 1 - NY 134-91 (Inv) (41)
 - 1 - NY 100-134637 (41)

REG-45

WGC:mfd (#41)
(7)

EX-108

DEC 4

DEC 5

1963

(LAST)

Approved: *Handwritten:* 65 DEC 12 1963

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

NY 100-134637

NY
"Comrade Wells" possibly refers to HARRY KOHLSAAT WELLS, NYC (Bufile 100-389585), who was an instructor in the Philosophy Department at the Jefferson School of Social Science in 1956. In 1959, WELLS claimed to have "10 years worth of writing to do for which the Russians pay him well in dollars."

The Bureau will be advised of information developed by NY 694-S* through GUS HALL concerning the identity of "Comrade Wells."

Nov 7/63

Dear Perchy:

Hope this finds you all in good spirits. We are feeling fine.

This is just dropping you a line to let you know that I had a very pleasant visit with Mr. Good. As you can well imagine we were very happy to see him. He is in fine shape. He went off for a while but we hope to see him again very shortly.

Enclosing a letter which is self explanatory. We do not have the chap's address so will you please forward same to him and do what you can to make sure that he complies with our request.

This will be all for now. Good will no doubt tell you all about us. All the best to you and yours from both of us.

As ever,

Bass



" " November, 1963

Dear Comrade Wells,

I am writing to you with a request for an article for our journal on the subject "Freudism, Its Social Meaning and Purpose".

We would greatly appreciate it if the article were written with an eye to the popular character of the journal, with emphasis on the social aspects of the theory of psychoanalysis, the negative influence of Freudism on some sections of the bourgeois intelligentsia, the spheres of its activity -- literature, art, science, etc. It would, of course, also be highly interesting to show how contemporary Freudism is exploited in the sphere of politics (in particular when explaining social behaviour, etc.).

We would very much like to have the article as soon as possible, say in the course of January, 1964.

Please let us know your views regarding the subject and also the dateline.

Yours sincerely,

A. Sobolyev

Executive Editor,
WORLD MARXIST REVIEW

A. Sobolyev

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad *SCS*

DATE: December 9, 1963

FROM : *51* C. F. DowningSUBJECT: *0* SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

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baumgardner
Shiff

Captioned case involves the Bureau's highly valuable confidential informant NY 694-S* who has been receiving communications transmitted to him by radio.

On 12-9-63, transmissions were heard by the Bureau's radio station at Midland at scheduled times and frequencies, but no messages were transmitted.

ACTION:

For information.

ch

2 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. W. G. Shaw)

PWP del
PWP:del
(9)

REC-38

100-428091-3393

22 DEC 12 1963

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F-40
65 DEC 16 1963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan *WCS*

DATE: December 4, 1963

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner *FB*

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. Baumgardner
- 1 - Mr. Shaw

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SUBJECT: (SOLO) (S) (U)
INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

SECRET

2-16-94
Classified by 05 RMB/HSE
Declassify on OADR (FK)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

This is to advise of the return of CG 5824-S* from his mission to the Soviet Union and to acquaint you with the high lights of his mission as concerns the reaction of the Soviets to the assassination of President Kennedy.

You will recall that informant departed on [Solo Mission 14] (S) (U) to the Soviet Union on 11/1/63 in behalf of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), for the purpose of negotiating for funds of the 1964 CPUSA budget and to ascertain the latest developments in the international communist movement. SAC Simon of Los Angeles called this morning to advise that CG 5824-S* had arrived in Los Angeles very late on 12/2/63 and was not feeling well due to a back ailment. However, at the present time informant is feeling much better. SAC advised that the debriefing of informant has started and the high lights and details of informant's mission will be expeditiously furnished the Bureau. SAC further advised that in view of the importance of the matter pertaining to the assassination of President Kennedy, the high lights of the Soviets' reaction to the assassination were immediately obtained from informant and are as follows.

The news of the assassination of President Kennedy was flashed to the Soviet people almost immediately after its occurrence. It was greeted by great shock and consternation by the Soviet Government, as well as the population at large. Soviet officials either communicated with informant or came directly to him to express their condolences. Their expression of grief was characterized by a sentimentality rarely seen among such officials, a number of whom actually wept.

Boris N. Ponomarev, a member of the Presidium, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), stated that President Kennedy had won the sympathy of the Soviet people because during the Kennedy administration both Governments were able to talk even though they did not solve all their problems.

After the first few days radio and television stations gave complete and sympathetic coverage to the assassination. Respectful and objective coverage was given of even such observations as the tolling of church bells and the offering of prayers in the memory of President Kennedy. Soviet officials expressed disgust at the disrespect to the

[100-428091] (S) (U)

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100-428091-3394 (S) (U)
22 DEC 11 1963

DEC 16 1963
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REC 55

Classified by 3194
Exempt from GDS Category 2, 3, 4
Date of Declassification Indefinite

5-
100-428091-3394 (S) (U)
100-428091-3394 (S) (U)

ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SENT TO
NATIONAL ARCHIVES (JFKARCA)
DATE 7/14/84 JED/110

DECLASSIFIED BY 5668 SLD/HSE
ON 8-25-93

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan

RE: SOLO (u)
100-428091 (u)

~~SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

President's memory displayed by some other European radio stations that continued to broadcast light entertainment and they described the anti-Kennedy propaganda emanating from Communist China as "contemptuous."

From informant's conversations with officials of the CPSU, informant furnished the following information relative to the analysis of Soviet officials to the assassination.

The Soviet Union actually believes that there is some large well-organized conspiracy on the part of the ultraright in the U.S. to effect a coup. They were convinced that the assassination was not the deed of one man but that it arose out of carefully planned campaign in which several people had a part. Ponomarev noted that those elements interested in utilizing the assassination and playing on anticommunist sentiment in the U.S. would then utilize this act to stop negotiations with the Soviet Union; attack Cuba, and thereafter spread the war. As a result of these feelings on the part of Soviet officials, the USSR immediately went into a state of national alert. They were fearful that without leadership some irresponsible general might launch a missile at the Soviet Union. It was the further opinion of Soviet officials that only maniacs would think that the left forces in the U.S. represented by the CPUSA would assassinate President Kennedy in view of all the abuse the CPUSA has taken from the ultraleft as a result of its support of peaceful coexistence and disarmament. However, with the passage of time and with the assurances received from President Johnson, these fears of a coup have receded, although the conviction remains that the assassination was the work of an ultraright conspiracy.

Relative to Lee Harvey Oswald, the Soviets disclaim any connection with him whatsoever. Ponomarev described Oswald as a neurotic maniac who was disloyal to his own country and everything else. He stated Oswald thought he had a "soft touch" in the USSR and wanted to stay. The Soviets believed he might have ideological motivations and permitted him to stay. Oswald soon found it was not a "soft touch" and wanted to go home. The Soviets permitted him to leave and said "good riddance." The Soviets feel their disassociation with Oswald is proven by the fact that they did not take him back.

On 11/26/63, Ponomarev informed CG 5824-S* that the CPSU was preparing to turn over to the U.S. its entire file on Oswald and that the content of this file would prove their contention that Oswald was no responsibility of theirs. Ponomarev wanted this fact communicated to the CPUSA so that they would know that the CPSU was cooperating with the U.S. Government and that this would be beneficial to the CPUSA.

ACTION:

For information. These are only the high lights of the Soviets' reaction to the assassination of President Kennedy. As soon as the details are received appropriate dissemination will be made. Details expected shortly.

~~SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

~~TOP SECRET~~

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Baumgardner
- 1 - Mr. Wannall
- 1 - Liaison
- 1 - Mr. Shaw

December 11, 1963

BY LIAISON

0

SOLO

Honorable Dean Rusk
The Secretary of State
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rusk:

Material contained in the enclosed memorandum was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past. The enclosed memorandum sets forth the views of a Soviet official concerning the current status of Sino-Soviet differences.

The enclosed memorandum also contains a summary of a letter which is reported to be one which Soviet Premier Nikita S. Khrushchev had sent to MAO Tse-tung, Chairman, Communist Party of China, on November 29, 1963. The Khrushchev letter concerns the matter of amelioration of Sino-Soviet relations.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources we have classified this communication and its enclosure "~~TOP SECRET~~." This information is being furnished to other interested officials of the Government.

Sincerely yours,

REC 56

100-428091-3395

22 DEC 12 1963

DEC 11 2 10 PM '63

REC'D-READING ROOM

Enclosure

100-428091

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

WGS:kmg

(8)

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65 DEC 16 1963

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~~TOP SECRET~~

Honorable Dean Rusk

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Sources are CG 5824-S* and NY 694-S*. See Chicago airtel 12/7/63 and New York airtel 12/7/63, both captioned "Solo, IS - C."

- 2 -

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

The Attorney General

December 11, 1963

Director, FBI

SOLO
COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Evans
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. Shaw

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The enclosed memorandum also contains a summary of a letter which is reported to be one which Soviet Premier Nikita S. Khrushchev had sent to MAO Tse-tung, Chairman, Communist Party of China, on November 29, 1963. The Khrushchev letter concerns the matter of amelioration of Sino-Soviet relations.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources we have classified this communication and its enclosure "~~TOP SECRET~~." This information has been furnished to the Honorable Walter W. Jenkins, Special Assistant to the President, and other interested officials of the Government.

Enclosure

100-428091

1 - The Deputy Attorney General (Enclosure)

NOTE:

Classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Sources are CG 5824-S* and NY 694-S*. See Chicago airtel 12/7/63 and New York airtel 12/7/63, both captioned "Solo, IS - C."

ENCLOSURE

WGS:kml
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22 DEC 12 1963

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65 DEC 16 1963

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ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

1 - Belmont 1 - Baumgardner
1 - Evans 1 - Liaison
1 - DeLoach 1 - Shaw
1 - Sullivan
1 - Wannall

December 11, 1963

SINO-SOVIET RELATIONS

Current Status of Sino-Soviet Differences

In mid-November, 1963, Boris N. Ponomarev, Head of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, gave on behalf of the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, a report dealing with the current status of Sino-Soviet differences. The essence of Ponomarev's remarks is as follows.

Although some efforts are being made to improve relations, it is highly unlikely that any complete agreement will be reached. The Communist Party of China has just published another book, "Lines of War and Peace," which is diametrically opposed to the Soviets' concepts of international developments as related to peaceful coexistence and disarmament.

The strategic plan of the Communist Party of China is to split all fraternal parties and establish parties under its own leadership. The Communist Party of China is endeavoring to accomplish this by splitting off from five to ten people from each fraternal party and thereafter recognizing this splinter group as a bona fide Communist Party. The Communist Party of China has already taken this action in Brazil, Chile, Belgium, Switzerland and other countries. In the event an international conference of all fraternal parties is called, the Communist Party of China will undoubtedly argue that these small splinter groups represent the real Communist Party of the country involved.

At the same time, the Communist Party of China is establishing closer relations with capitalist countries. This is happening in Japan, England, France and West Germany. Some United States interests are also establishing closer ties with the Chinese through establishments in Japan which are negotiating with the Chinese seeking to sell complete factories that originate in the United States.

Recently a very important meeting of the Communist Party of China was held in Peking, China. At this meeting, LIU Shao-chi, Assistant Chairman, Communist Party of China, reportedly stated, "One of the results of the line pursued by

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SEE NOTE PAGE 3

WGS:kmj (14)

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SINO-SOVIET RELATIONS

the Communist Party of China is the fact we have shaken the idols, altars and gods of the church. Let us destroy all of the idols, altars and gods completely and we, ourselves, will be the gods."

Summary of Letter from Soviet Premier Khrushchev to MAO Tse-tung, Chairman, Communist Party of China, dated November 29, 1963

The Communist Party of the Soviet Union, as well as many fraternal parties, is concerned with the fact that differences between the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and the Communist Party of China are growing deeper and the polemics sharper. As a result, those fraternal parties which are compelled to wage a struggle against imperialism are being placed in a very difficult position. The Communist Party of the Soviet Union desires that steps be taken to remove the differences which have arisen and believes there are vast possibilities for strengthening the ties between China and Russia in economic, scientific, technical and cultural cooperation. Khrushchev proposed that during the next few years steps be taken to expand Russian exports to China of vital materials and at the same time steps be taken to expand imports from China for the mutual benefit of both countries. Khrushchev stated that in accordance with a protocol signed May 13, 1962, by both countries, Russia in 1964 will reopen negotiations on delivery to China of complete sets of equipment, the production of which was delayed for two years in accordance with a request made by the Chinese.

Khrushchev reaffirmed his readiness to send to China specialists, if the Chinese so desire, to aid in the construction of industrial enterprises, particularly in developing the oil and mining industries. He indicated that China, Russia and the entire socialist camp would gain from such cooperation.

With regard to the abnormal border situation between Russia and China, Khrushchev proposed that friendly consultations be held which will eliminate the existing misunderstandings. He noted that the border dispute can be traced back to the times of the Russian czars and Chinese emperors, who relied on their will in setting the frontiers. Khrushchev suggested that by denouncing the reactionary action of the exploiter clique which was in power at that time, both countries can face the reality of the existence of historically established frontiers.

Khrushchev also called for an end to open polemics, noting that the Communist Party of the Soviet Union had previously made this appeal on October 25, 1963, and November 7, 1963. In this connection, he noted that the Soviet press had

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SINO-SOVIET RELATIONS

stopped publishing articles of polemic character. Khrushchev proposed that hereafter exchanges of opinions should be carried out by means of mutual consultations, negotiations and exchange of letters.

With regard to the holding of an international conference of all fraternal parties, Khrushchev noted that the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and the Communist Party of China, as well as many other fraternal parties, are in favor of such a conference. However, at the same time, he emphasized that it is the duty of all fraternal parties to promote the atmosphere which will make such a meeting most fruitful in order that such a meeting would not result in a split in the world communist movement.

In conclusion, Khrushchev noted that although Russia and China differ in understanding of some ideological problems, "time will correct those who are mistaken." He stated that the Communist Party of the Soviet Union is determined to do its best to achieve the change toward strengthening the unity of the world communist movement and of friendship between the peoples of China and the Soviet Union.

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the sources, who are of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Sources are CG 5824-S* and NY 694-S*. See Chicago and New York airtels 12/7/63, "Solo, IS - C." Dissemination being made to the Honorable Walter W. Jenkins, Special Assistant to the President; the Honorable Dean Rusk, the Secretary of State; the Honorable John A. McCone, Director, Central Intelligence Agency; and the Attorney General and Deputy Attorney General.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

The Attorney General

December 12, 1963

Director, FBI

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Evans
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Baumgardner
- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. Shaw

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Material contained in the enclosed memorandum was supplied by a source which has furnished reliable information in the past. Information in the enclosed memorandum pertains to Soviet reaction to the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

Soviet officials believed that the assassination was carried out by a well-organized conspiracy on the part of the ultraright in an effort to effect a "coup." They were of the opinion that certain interests in the United States would utilize the assassination to stop negotiations with the Soviet Union, attack Cuba and thereafter spread the war. As a result of these feelings, the Soviet Union immediately went into a state of national alert.

Because of the sensitive nature of our source, this communication and its enclosure are classified "~~TOP SECRET~~." This information has been furnished to the Honorable Walter W. Jenkins, Special Assistant to the President, and other interested officials of the Government.

Enclosure

100-428091

1 - The Deputy Attorney General (Enclosure)

NOTE:

Classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*. See Los Angeles airtel 12/5/63 captioned "Solo, IS - C."

WGS:km
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ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Evans
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

December 12, 1963

SOVIET REACTION TO THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

The news of the assassination of President Kennedy was flashed to the Soviet people almost immediately after its occurrence. It was greeted by great shock and consternation. Church bells were tolled in the memory of President Kennedy.

Officials of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union expressed disgust at the disrespect to the President's memory displayed by some European radio stations that continued to broadcast light entertainment. They described the anti-Kennedy propaganda emanating from Communist China as "contemptuous." These officials believed that there was some well-organized conspiracy on the part of the ultraright in the United States to effect a "coup." They seemed convinced that the assassination was not the deed of one man, but that it arose out of a carefully planned campaign in which several people played a part. They felt that those elements interested in utilizing the assassination and playing on anticommunist sentiments in the United States would then utilize this act to stop negotiations with the Soviet Union, attack Cuba and thereafter spread the war. As a result of these feelings, the Soviet Union immediately went into a state of national alert.

Soviet officials were fearful that without leadership some irresponsible general in the United States might launch a missile at the Soviet Union. It was the further opinion of these Soviet officials that only maniacs would think that the "left" forces in the United States as represented by the Communist Party, USA, would assassinate President Kennedy, especially in view of the abuse the Communist Party, USA, has taken from the "ultraleft" as a result of its support of the peaceful coexistence and disarmament policies of the Kennedy administration.

Boris N. Ponomarev, Head of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, made the following comments concerning Lee Harvey Oswald, the accused slayer of President Kennedy.

100-428091

SEE NOTE PAGE 2

WGS:kmj (14)

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**SOVIET REACTION TO THE ASSASSINATION
OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY**

Oswald had no connection whatsoever with the Soviet Union. He was a neurotic maniac who was disloyal to his own country and everything else. Oswald requested permission to reside in the Soviet Union and since it was felt that his request was ideologically motivated, he was permitted to stay. He was sent to work in Minsk, where he subsequently married a Soviet national. He thought he would have a "soft touch" in the Soviet Union, but when he found he did not, he wanted to return to the United States. His departure from the Soviet Union was regarded as "good riddance." Oswald was considered to be a very "peculiar" person with no class consciousness. He was never in any organization in the Soviet Union and was never accorded Soviet citizenship. Oswald subsequently expressed a desire to return to the Soviet Union and upon learning that it would take considerable time for action to be taken on his request, he became belligerent.

Officials of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union regard President Lyndon B. Johnson as a reasonable man, but are waiting to observe his deeds to see whether they match his words. The Soviet Union has recovered from the condition of the first few days following the assassination when it was in a state of national alert, but Soviet officials are worried that the assassination might lead to a worsening of relations between the United States and the Soviet Union. While Soviet officials feel that the situation has now improved somewhat, they believe there are dangers ahead unless a mobilization of opinion against the ultraright in the United States can be effected.

NOTE:

3448
Classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*. See Los Angeles airtel 12/5/63 captioned "Solo, IS-C." This memorandum is being disseminated to the Honorable Walter W. Jenkins, Special Assistant to the President; the Honorable Dean Rusk, the Secretary of State; the Honorable John A. McCone, Director of the Central Intelligence Agency; the Attorney General and the Deputy Attorney General.

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

~~TOP SECRET~~

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Baumgardner
- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Liaison
- 1 - Mr. Shaw

December 12, 1963

BY LIAISON

Solo

Honorable Dean Rusk,
The Secretary of State
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rusk:

Material contained in the enclosed memorandum was supplied by a source which has furnished reliable information in the past. Information in the enclosed memorandum pertains to Soviet reaction to the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

Soviet officials believed that the assassination was carried out by a well-organized conspiracy on the part of the ultraright in an effort to effect a "coup." They were of the opinion that certain interests in the United States would utilize the assassination to stop negotiations with the Soviet Union, attack Cuba and thereafter spread the war. As a result of these feelings, the Soviet Union immediately went into a state of national alert.

Because of the sensitive nature of our source, this communication and its enclosure are classified "~~TOP SECRET~~." This information is being furnished to other interested officials of the Government.

Sincerely yours,

REC 27 100-428091-3398

EX-105

Enclosure

100-428091

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

WGS:kmj

(8)

DEC 17 1963

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~~TOP SECRET~~

Honorable Dean Rusk

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*. See Los Angeles airtel 12/5/63 captioned "Solo, IS - C."

3448

- 2 -

~~TOP SECRET~~

FBI

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-62274)

RE: SOLO
IS - C

Re Bureau airtel 12/5/63.

Agents handling CG 5824-S* returned to Chicago Division 12/5/63. If not already done, Chicago Division will handle Bureau request.

- ③ - Bureau (Am)
1 - Chicago (134-46SUBB) (Am)
1 - Los Angeles

JST:ELB
(5)

REC-19

12 DEC 11 1963

100-428091-3399

ST-104

INT. SEC. DIV.

DEC 16 1963

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

(IS) 100-428091

57
200

Date: December 12, 1963

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: SINO-SOVIET RELATIONS

The following information was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past.

Shipment of Arms by Communist China to Iraq

When the Baathist regime recently came into power in Iraq, it began to pursue the war against the Kurds. As a result, the Soviet Union stopped furnishing to Iraq materials for the use of the military forces of Iraq. The Soviets believed that this would have the effect of slowing down the war in Kurdistan. However, shortly thereafter, the Baathist regime accepted an offer of armaments from Communist China.

030/0

The Chinese had on hand a supply of obsolete Soviet arms which had been subsequently replaced by newer weapons purchased primarily from Great Britain. The Chinese sent their obsolete armaments, which bore Soviet markings, to Iraq.

BY COURIER SVC.
10 DEC 13
COMM-FBI

The Soviet Union considered this an act of provocation on the part of the Chinese designed to give the impression that the Soviet Union had supplied the weapons which were used to fight the Kurds. The Chinese are also shipping obsolete Soviet armaments to revolutionary groups in other parts of the world and this action has resulted in considerable embarrassment to the Soviet Union.

Soviet Debriefing Program of Technicians Who Previously Worked in Communist China

EX-103
The Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) is currently engaged in carrying out a program of debriefing all Soviet technicians who previously had worked in Communist

SEE NOTE PAGE 4

WGS:kmj
(8)

~~TOP SECRET~~
GROUP 1
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65 DEC 10 1963

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~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

China. This is being done in order to determine if there might be a possibility of the establishment today in Communist China of an opposition to the present leadership of the Communist Party of China (CPC).

The debriefing of the Soviet technicians who had been among the last to leave Communist China seemed to point out that there was no possibility of the establishment of opposition to the present leadership of the CPC. In view of this, the CP3U intends to pursue the tactical line of "letting the Chinese yell themselves hoarse and be labeled the splitters."

Soviet Aid to Communist China

The Soviet people, while helping Communist China set up its national industry, denied themselves very many prime necessities of life. The operating large-scale enterprises in China erected with the technical cooperation of the Soviet Union include the Anshan Steel Works, Wuhan Steel Works, Changchun Automobile Plant, the tractor, bearing and mining equipment plants in Loyang, the electrical engineering turbine and boiler plants in Harbin, the synthetic rubber factory and oil refinery in Lanchow, the nitrate fertilizer plants in Kirin and Taiyuan, the shale-processing factories in Fushun, the heavy engineering works in Fulaerchi, and a number of high capacity power stations, aircraft factories and other specialized plants.

The production capacities of enterprises built with the help of the Soviet Union and put into operation by the beginning of 1951 amounted to the following:

Pig iron	5,700,000 tons
Steel	4,800,000 tons
Rolled stock	4,900,000 tons
Coal extraction	9,300,000 tons
Aluminum	33,000 tons
Sulphuric acid	250,000 tons
Heavy engineering goods	60,000 tons
Mining equipment	20,000 tons
Generators	600,000 kilowatts
Oil refining chemical equipment	40,000 tons

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

Steam and hydraulic turbines	1,680,000 kilowatts
DT-54 tractors	15,000
Lorries	30,000
Metal cutting machine tools	3,700
Heavy metal cutting tools	20,000 tons
Power station boilers	7,000 tons of steam per hour

The aggregate capacity of turbines put into operation at power stations equaled 3,250,000 kilowatts.

In 1930 the share of enterprises built up with the technical assistance of the Soviet Union in total volume of industrial output in China accounted for 30 per cent in pig iron; 39 per cent in steel; 51 per cent in rolled metal; 80 per cent in lorries; 91 per cent in tractors; 30 per cent in synthetic ammonium; 25 per cent in electric power; 55 per cent in steam and hydraulic turbines; 19 per cent in generators; 25 per cent in aluminum; 11 per cent in heavy engineering, of the aggregate production of Communist China.

In the period 1950-1959, 8,500 qualified Soviet specialists were sent to Communist China to render technical aid. In the same period, 1,500 specialists were sent to Communist China to give a helping hand in science, higher education, public health and other fields. The Soviet Union did this although in dire need of such specialists. About 10,000 Chinese engineers, technicians, skilled specialists and researchers received practical training at Soviet factories, construction sites, design offices and research institutes.

Of great importance were the Soviet technical and scientific assistance in nuclear physics research and the erection in 1958 with Soviet aid of China's first experimental atomic reactor and cyclotron. The Soviet Union supplied China with the very first models of unique equipment which even some Soviet enterprises had not as yet received.

The Soviet Union granted Communist China loans adding up to 1,774,000,000 rubles (in new currency) on favorable terms. Because of economic difficulties in China, the Soviet Union

- 3 -

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

deferred debt and interest payments for five years. On its own initiative, the Soviet Union provided China interest-free loans of 500,000 tons of raw sugar valued at 41,000,000 rubles, with 100,000 tons to be returned in 1964 and 1965 each, and 150,000 tons in 1966 and 1967 each. In 1961, also on its own initiative, the Soviet Government proposed providing Communist China with 1,000,000 tons of grain at a time convenient for China. Of this amount, 300,000 tons were shipped in the Spring of 1962 at the request of Communist China.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, this communication has been classified "~~Top Secret~~."

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*. Letter refers to "sources" in order to give protection to source. Information in letter extracted from information contained in Chicago airtels of 12/7/63 captioned "Solo, IS-C" containing letterhead memoranda entitled "Comments by Representatives of Communist Party of the Soviet Union on Action of the People's Republic of China on Shipment of Arms to Iraq"; "Information Concerning a Debriefing Program by Communist Party of the Soviet Union of All Former Soviet Experts and Technicians Who Previously Worked in the People's Republic of China"; Soviet Aid to the People's Republic of China." These memoranda contain information furnished by CG 5824-S* as a result of conferences with Soviet officials during the course of Solo Mission 14 to the Soviet Union, 11/1/63 to 12/2/63.

- 4 -

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

~~TOP SECRET~~

1 - Belmont 1 - Bland
1 - Evans 1 - Liaison
1 - DeLoach 1 - Shaw
1 - Sullivan
1 - Baumgardner

December 10, 1963

BY LIAISON

Honorable Walter W. Jenkins
Special Assistant to the President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Jenkins:

My letter to you November 29, 1963, set forth information that Gus Hall, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, had recently taken steps to have Calvin Benham (Boanie) Baldwin contacted for the purpose of having Baldwin provide a personal and political evaluation of President Lyndon B. Johnson.

The following information was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past. Hall has supplied the Soviets with an evaluation of President Johnson. This evaluation is as follows. The Communist Party, USA, has some basis of judging the possible course of the Administration of President Johnson, although much about United States politics is unpredictable. The President has been in that section of the political spectrum which takes a more sane view of the relationship of world forces and this will be reflected in his policies and attitudes. President Johnson has "less of an eye" for long-range viewpoints and history and is more interested in the solution of immediate problems. The President may be more responsive to the pressures and moods of the masses than was his predecessor.

President Johnson has a much broader viewpoint of political struggles than former President Harry S. Truman. The President has throughout the years maintained a close personal friendship with many of the old New Deal core like Beanie Baldwin and Aubrey Williams and "this may have some significance in the coming period of the Administration."

President Johnson will continue in the direction of the policies of the Kennedy administration and he may try to utilize the newness of his Administration to get around some

100-428091

SEE NOTE PAGE 3

100-428091

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

~~TOP SECRET~~
Group 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

22 DEC 1963

REC'D-READING ROOM
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Holmes
Gandy

~~TOP SECRET~~

Honorable Walter W. Jenkins

difficulties and binds into which the Kennedy administration had worked itself. The Party is proceeding on the promise that the Johnson administration can be influenced by mass struggles and movements even though it represents American capitalism and imperialist interests.

Hall, in connection with "a broad electoral effort for 1964," intends to give an individual in the Democratic Party the sum of \$3,000 as a down payment for working full time in the Democratic Party in 1964. He did not name this person.

Calvin Donham (Ceanio) Baldwin was employed by the Department of Agriculture and Foreign Economic Administration from May 23, 1933, to April 11, 1944. He was formerly Executive Secretary of the Progressive Party and campaign manager for Henry Wallace in the 1948 presidential campaign. He is reported as having been a member of the Communist Party, USA, in the 1940's, as well as having been a member of or associated with communist front organizations in the 1940's and 1950's. In late 1932, according to Hall, Baldwin was placed on the pay roll of the Party in view of his important contacts with "liberal and progressive people." His job was to mold various "political alliances" designed to influence the direction of foreign policy in the United States and the Party considered that to be the most important activity it had undertaken in some time.

Between 1933 and 1943 Aubrey Willis Williams was employed by the Federal Emergency Relief Administration, Works Progress Administration and the National Youth Administration. He is President Emeritus of the Southern Conference Educational Fund, Incorporated, the successor organization of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare which was cited by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, as a communist front. Williams has been associated with a number of communist fronts in the past.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, we have classified this communication "~~TOP SECRET~~."

Sincerely yours,

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

Honorable Walter W. Jenkins

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of our source, NY 694-S*, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. As a further protection to this source, we have referred to him as "sources."

See memo Baumgardner to Sullivan dated 12/10/63 captioned "Solo, Internal Security - Communist," LTG:kmj.

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

~~TOP SECRET~~

1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - DeLoach
1 - Mr. Evans 1 - Mr. Shaw
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Baumgardner

December 11, 1963

BY LIAISON

Honorable Walter W. Jenkins
Special Assistant to the President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Jenkins:

Material contained in the enclosed memorandum was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past. The enclosed memorandum sets forth the views of a Soviet official concerning the current status of Sino-Soviet differences.

The enclosed memorandum also contains a summary of a letter which is reported to be one which Soviet Premier Nikita S. Khrushchev had sent to MAO Tse-tung, Chairman, Communist Party of China, on November 29, 1963. The Khrushchev letter concerns the matter of amelioration of Sino-Soviet relations.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources we have classified this communication and its enclosure "~~TOP SECRET~~."

Sincerely yours,

Enclosure

100-428091

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

WGS:kmg
(10)

65 DEC 16 1963

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EX-105

REC-25

~~TOP SECRET~~

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

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*Personnel advised 5:50 PM
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~~TOP SECRET~~

Honorable Walter W. Jenkins

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation; Sources are CG 5824-S* and NY 694-S*. See Chicago airtel 12/7/63 and New York airtel 12/7/63; both captioned "Solo, IS - C."

- 2 -

~~TOP SECRET~~

REC-31-2

ROUTED IN ENVELOPE

FBI

Date: 11/26/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C

ReBuairtel, 11/4/63, captioned, "VISIT OF 67th SOVIET TOURIST GROUP TO THE UNITED STATES, 1963", which stated that this group was scheduled to arrive in NYC on 11/12/63, and to be in NYC between 11/17 & 21/63; also reBuairtel, 10/26/63, captioned, "NICKOLAY VLADIMIROVICH MOSTOVETS; IS-R", reflecting that NICKOLAY VLADIMIROVICH MOSTOVETS, Head of the North and South American Section of the International Department of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CCPSU), would be included in the aforementioned touring group.

On 11/26/63, NY 694-S* furnished the following information to SA ALEXANDER C. BURLINSON:

On 11/26/63, ARNOLD JOHNSON, Legislative Secretary of the CPUSA, stated that "four journalists" traveling with the above-described delegation, had visited "The Worker" offices on

14. 3 - BUREAU (100-428091) (RM)
1 - CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B) (AM RM)
1 - NY 134-91 (Inv) (41)
1 - NY 100-134637 (41) REC-31

ACB:mfd (#41)
(7)

8 NOV 27 1963

12-13

Approved: *[Signature]*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

65 DEC 18 1963

Let to Sean Rucke
12-2-63, WGS: pwdLet to Walter Jenkins
12-2-63, WGS: pwd

NY 100-134637

11/21/63, at the invitation of JAMES JACKSON, Editor of "The Worker". During the course of their visit, these "journalists", including NICKOLAY MOSTOVETS, met BEN DAVIS, who happened to be at "The Worker" office at the time. NY

After a dinner party at the headquarters of the Soviet Mission to the UN on the evening of 11/21/63, MOSTOVETS went to the apartment of ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN at the Chelsea Hotel, NYC, and there conferred for about an hour with ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN and BEN DAVIS. NY

BEN DAVIS, reporting to several members of the CPUSA National Board at CP Headquarters within the past few days, stated that among the comments made by MOSTOVETS during his conference with ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN and DAVIS were the following:

The CCCPSU, at this time, is not interested in, and will not convene, an international meeting of all the Communist Parties of the world regarding the dispute between the CPSU and the Communist Party of China (CPC). However, as a "follow up" to the July, 1963, meeting between representatives of the CPSU and the CPC, there will be another such meeting that will take place either at the end of 1963, or in early 1964.

As concerns FIDEL CASTRO, CASTRO does not disagree with the foreign policy of the Soviets, particularly as such policy concerns the CPC, but because of pressure exerted upon him by individuals in his own leadership, he cannot "act as he would like to act" in this regard. Those around CASTRO are of "pro-Chinese left thinking" and therefore CASTRO's actions and statements are subject to the influence of these individuals and the pressure exerted by them.

NY 694-S* stated that as JOHNSON described the meeting between FLYNN, DAVIS and MOSTOVETS, it was not "an official meeting" at which MOSTOVETS was making any kind of "official report" to the CPUSA. The information that MOSTOVETS disclosed to DAVIS and FLYNN was apparently such as he would report to high ranking members of the CPUSA.

REF 39
p. 3 of 4FBI
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/7/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Briefing Discussion by Vitaly Korianov, Deputy to Head of International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, November, 1963." One copy of the above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/3, 4/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The meeting at which the information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was developed occurred during the period 11/18-21/63 at International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union Headquarters, Moscow; however, the source was unable to supply the specific date thereof.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the

3-100-50773
3-Bureau (Enc. 4)(RM) ~~SECRET~~
1-New York (100-134637)(Enc. 1)(Info)(RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

REC-39 100-428091-3404

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

22 DEC 13 1963

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Per _____

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CG 134-46 Sub B

international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C., in order to further protect this source.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.
December 7, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

BRIEFING DISCUSSION BY VITALY KORIANOV, DEPUTY
TO HEAD OF INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT, CENTRAL
COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION,
NOVEMBER, 1963

A source, who has furnished reliable information
in the past, in early December, 1963, advised as follows:

During mid-November, 1963, Vitaly Korianov, ^{USA}
Deputy to Boris N. Ponomarev, a ^{Russia} member of the Secretariat ^{SECRET}
and Head of the International Department, Central Committee,
Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), met with a repre-
sentative of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) for the pur-
pose of general discussion and a limited briefing on matters
pertaining to Soviet-Sino differences. The essence of some
of Korianov's remarks at this time is as follows:

"The CP, USA should understand that it will know
the day that any letter is sent to the Communist Party of
China (CPC) suggesting a resumption of bilateral talks
between the CPC and ourselves. That you will be notified,
you can rest assured. They, the CPC, as you know, asked
to recess the meetings of July and since that time have used
no initiative to reconvene them. We will give them a hint
that we are ready to resume discussions and will base our-
selves on the 1960 statement of the 81-Party Conference. Let
them, if they desire, interpret this as a weakness, but we shall
not give them the opportunity to say that we prevented such
discussions.

~~TOP SECRET~~

Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

BRIEFING DISCUSSION BY VITALY KORIANOV, DEPUTY
TO HEAD OF INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT, CENTRAL
COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION,
NOVEMBER, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

"You should also note that we are considering the preparation of another confidential letter to the fraternal Parties on this matter of our differences with the CPC. When this letter comes in, it will be based on the 1960 statement where it was agreed by all in writing that there should be no friction among the Parties.

"When we suggested the stopping of polemics, we also suggested that they, the Chinese, similarly discontinue. However, if they continue and attack other Parties--violate the rights of these Parties--there can be no objection on our part to such Parties resuming the polemics nor obligation on their part to discontinue such polemics.

"Recently the 'Australia Herald' in one of its editions of November, 1963, carried an interview with CHEN Yi, Foreign Minister of the Peoples Republic of China (PRC). CHEN Yi is the most outspoken, anti-Soviet of the Chinese leadership today. All of his moods are anti-Soviet. The interview reflected that someone had asked him if it was not true that the Soviets were committed to defend the PRC. In response to this question, CHEN Yi said that the talk of the Soviet Union defending China is a lot of nonsense, the Soviet Union cannot defend anyone. This is why there can not be any coexistence. On the test ban treaty, CHEN Yi, in this same interview, stated that it was a conspiracy against China. Britain had joined in with this conspiracy and what it amounted to was three powers playing poker and each allowing the other to look at its cards, and China was not even allowed to play.

"In West Germany there is the government organization known as Organization for Defense of the Constitution, the West German version of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. This organization has been discussing for a long time what their attitude should be on Chinese printed matter coming into West Germany. That agency has now finally come to the conclusion that they will now help circulate this Chinese matter.

BRIEFING DISCUSSION BY VITALY KORIANOV, DEPUTY
TO HEAD OF INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT, CENTRAL
COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION,
NOVEMBER, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

"A few weeks ago I was in Algeria as part of an official delegation. We were there as guests of Premier Ahmed Ben Bella and the Republic of Algeria.

"It appears that the big problem there is the getting of one Party together. The CP has not been illegalized and no one has been arrested. The newspaper in Algeria with the largest circulation, 'Alger Republicain,' is the CP publication. The problem originated over the fact that the communists in Algeria had originally been against Ahmed Ben Bella's fight in Algeria and this has not been forgotten by the National Front of Liberation (FLN). Yet, the FLN does not oppose the CP. If the CP members want to be a part of the FLN, they can but they cannot act independently. The CP, however, does want to act independently and this is the problem.

"The Algerian revolution is at a lower stage than the Cuban revolution. In Cuba there is already a group of revolutionaries like Fidel Castro, Raul Castro, and Osvaldo Dorticos. In Algeria it is different. Premier Ahmed Ben Bella is not a Fidel Castro in makeup or in leadership qualities and is not surrounded by revolutionaries. Yet, we must say that Algeria is one of the most promising areas in Africa. Among the objective factors creating this situation are the following:

"Independence was secured after nine and one-half years of fighting. The country is rich in natural resources and already has a developed agriculture. The French fled the country, in the real sense of the word, and the OAS has left in total. The bulk of the French, including the reactionary part of the Algerian society, who fled the country left behind their private property. Then, the youth is emerging into the new leadership and women are appearing in the leadership for the first time.

"From this, we can conclude that the revolution in Algeria is developing in depth and width and in addition they are working under the slogan of socialism."

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

S/T 12/10

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI (File 100-428091) DATE: 12/3/63
FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (File 134-46 Sub F)
SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C

This case will be delinquent.

Date of Bureau deadline: 12/5/63

Reason for the delinquency: Agent on Solo special.
Will be submitted by 12/18/63.

Date the report or necessary communication
will reach the Bureau:

12/16/63

AEC zone designation, e.g., OR, CH, etc.:
(This applies only to 116 cases.)

12/10/63
134-46
SUB F

FBI

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement entitled, "Information Concerning Payment to the Communist Party, USA of \$6,006 by the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, November, 1963."

Information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/2 and 4/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

In connection with the funds referred to in the enclosed informant's statement, CG 5824-S* has advised that these monies will be placed with Solo funds currently being maintained by him in Chicago.

- ③ Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
2-Chicago
(1 - 134-46 Sub F) (Solo - Funds)

RWH:MDW
(6)

REC-39

100-428091-3405

22 DEC 13 1963

ST-104

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

65 DEC 13 1963

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INFORMATION CONCERNING PAYMENT TO THE
COMMUNIST PARTY, USA OF \$6,000 BY THE
COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION,
NOVEMBER, 1963

During mid-November, 1963, Morris Childs, Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) representative, who was then in Moscow, USSR, for the purpose of carrying out discussions with leading representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), met with Aleksei Andreievich Grochukhin, Assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CPSU, at which time he carried on discussions relative to financial matters. One phase of these discussions on financial matters related to certain "charity-type cases" to which the CP, USA has been committed and to a request for reimbursement of transportation costs incurred by the CP, USA upon authorization of the CPSU. As a result of these discussions, Grochukhin in late November, 1963, just prior to Childs' departure from Moscow for Prague, Czechoslovakia, turned over to that individual a sum of money totalling \$6,000. This money which Childs received was to cover the following items:

✓ \$2,000 which was to be transmitted to Penny Deann, San Francisco, California, and wife of deceased former General Secretary of the CP, USA, which was to be utilized for the cost of education for her son, Eugene Deann, Jr., at the University of Wisconsin;

\$3,000 to the CP, USA to cover the Party's costs which had been incurred and will be incurred in connection with nursing services, medical expenses, and living costs for Father Foster, wife of the deceased Chairman of the CP, USA, William Z. Foster;

\$1,000 which was to be a reimbursement to the CP, USA for the fare paid by the CP, USA for Max and Belle Weirntain who had been officially invited to the Soviet Union and other socialist states for the purpose of looking into money-making business opportunities for the CP, USA.

The above payment to the representative of the CP, USA consisted of sixty \$100 United States Federal Reserve Notes. Set forth below is the pertinent information which appeared on these Notes:

<u>Issuing Federal Reserve Bank</u>	<u>Series No.</u>	<u>Serial No.</u>
Boston, Massachusetts	1950 B	A 02103505 A
New York, New York	1934 A	B 16749127 A
Cleveland, Ohio	1950	D 01513043 A
New York, New York	1934 A	B 04949700 A
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	1934	C 00539301 A
New York, New York	1950 C	D 14335217 A
New York, New York	1950 B	B 11662604 A
New York, New York	1950 A	B 04237577 A
New York, New York	1950 B	D 10900039 A
San Francisco, California	1950 B	L 03442037 A
New York, New York	1934 A	B 10490536 A
San Francisco, California	1950 B	L 04245353 A
Chicago, Illinois	1934 A	G 07035471 A
Richmond, Virginia	1950 B	E 07167574 A
St. Louis, Missouri	1950 B	H 02797404 A
New York, New York	1950 B	B 03035037 A
Boston, Massachusetts	1950	A 00332192 A
San Francisco, California	1950 A	L 02757000 A
Chicago, Illinois	1934 B	G 16216741 A
New York, New York	1950	D 03024573 A
San Francisco, California	1950 B	L 05230192 A
New York, New York	1950 B	B 00039220 A
San Francisco, California	1950 C	L 00330301 A
Minneapolis, Minnesota	1950 B	I 00793190 A
New York, New York	1950 C	B 15059703 A
New York, New York	1950 C	B 13090216 A
New York, New York	1934 A	B 15000317 A
New York, New York	1950 B	B 12945103 A
St. Louis, Missouri	1950 B	H 02526323 A
New York, New York	1950	B 02462204 A
San Francisco, California	1950 B	L 04500000 A
Chicago, Illinois	1950	G 02500515 A
New York, New York	1950 A	B 04553725 A
New York, New York	1950 B	B 12251003 A
Richmond, Virginia	1950 B	E 07304303 A
New York, New York	1934 A	B 15207076 A
Boston, Massachusetts	1934	A 02117516 A
New York, New York	1934 A	B 18011131 A
New York, New York	1950 B	B 12453932 A

REF 50
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
 IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "IGOR MIKHAILOV, MEMBER OF THE INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT, CENTRAL COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION." One copy of above is also enclosed for New York. *RUSSIA*

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/2/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source, who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.

- ③ - Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Chicago

RWH:blg
 (5) FC

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22 DEC 13 1963

65 DEC 20 1963

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Special Agent in Charge



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
December 9, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

IGOR MIKHAILOV, MEMBER OF THE
INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT, CENTRAL
COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE
SOVIET UNION

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, during early December, 1963, advised as follows:

Igor Mikhailov, an official of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, has plans to travel to the United States around January 1, 1964. Mikhailov's specialty within the International Department is United States trade union and labor matters and, therefore, this will be the chief topic of his concern during his visit to the United States.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

FBI

ROUTE IN ENVELOP

Date: 12/10/63

SECRET

(U)

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091) (U)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B) (U)

SOLO (U)
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies
and for New York one copy of an informant's statement entitled
"LETTER DATED NOVEMBER 10, 1963, FROM GIL GREEN TO HENRY
WINSTON." (U) *Winnie Winston*

The information in the enclosed informant's statement
was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/3/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE
and RICHARD W. HANSEN. The original of this letter was photo-
stated, a copy retained in Chicago file 134-46 Sub B-1A, and
the original was returned to the source. (U)

CLASS. & EXT. BY SP-1 GSK/12/10/83
REASON - FCIM 12, 1-2.402
DATE OF REVIEW 12/10/83

- Level 8/ORB
Level 8/ORB
(3) - Bureau (Enclosure) (RM)
(1) - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
(1) - Chicago

WAB:bll
(5)

REC-39

22 DEC 13 1963

SECRET

Approved: *WAB*

65 DEC 19 1963

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

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LETTER DATED NOVEMBER 10, 1933, FROM
GIL GREEN TO HENRY WINSTON

During November, 1933, Morris Childs, a representative of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), then in Moscow, USSR, for the purpose of holding discussions with leading members of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), met with Aleksei Grochukhin, Assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU.

On that occasion, Grochukhin turned over to Childs a letter dated November 10, 1933, from Gil Green, a current member of the CPUSA from Chicago, Illinois, to Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman of the CPUSA temporarily residing in Moscow, USSR. This letter had been intercepted in the mail by the CPSU before it had reached Henry Winston, but Childs was not advised whether Winston had in fact ever received this letter. Grochukhin expressed some surprise that Green had sent such a letter expressing such thoughts through the open mails. The letter was furnished to Childs for the purpose of transmitting it to Gus Hall, General Secretary of the CPUSA.

The text of this letter is as follows:

CLASS. & EXT. BY *SP1 gpa/21*
REASON - FCIM 11-2.2 *23*
DATE OF REVIEW *12/10/83*

~~SECRET~~

(100-424011-340) ~~(U)~~

~~SECRET~~

"Chicago, Illinois
"November 10, 1933

"Dear Winnie:

"Since I came off of parole I've sought for an opportunity to write you. But I just didn't want to write you a formal note. I wanted to write you a real letter of some length. It is this desire on my part that forced me to put off the actual writing from day to day for I had to see so many people when I hadn't talked with for over twelve years that I just couldn't find the time to write. Please forgive me for the delay.

"Let me thank you for the sentiments expressed in your letter of greetings. I do not think, however, that you let your enthusiasm carry you away, for you exaggerated my little mole-hill of contributions into a gigantic mountain of achievements. You should know that I have not sent your letter to the Worker for publication only because I would be embarrassed by its publication and also because I think it would not be in keeping with the nature of the problems we face today. We can and should be proud of what we did contribute and of our role, but at a time when we are still greatly isolated and have so much to do to break out of this state I think any exaggeration of even our past contributions would be harmful. The reason I say this is because here and there comrades think that our role yesterday, in and by itself, will be enough to regain positions lost in the mass movement over recent years. We still have a long and difficult climb ahead; in some respects easier than the period we just went through; in other respects, more difficult, for the new complicated problems that are just emerging will require a deeper probing and a richer, creative application of our theory to American life than ever before.

"Secondly, let me tell you something about how I have missed you as a comrade and friend, and how I look forward to your return. I have always found you staunch and firm on matters of principle and at the same time exceedingly flexible in your approach to new problems and to the application of Marxism-Leninism to life itself. I wish you were here. There are so many questions we could kick around--questions relating to both policy and perspective. But that'll have to wait.

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"There is one question I'd like to mention here just to get your thinking on it. It has to do with the international controversy with the Chinese comrades. I am quite disturbed by some aspects of it. Not that there is a controversy. I think differences are inevitable; even exceedingly sharp differences. For the world situation is extremely complicated, conditions in different parts of the world so completely different, that it would be something of a miracle if all were to view them in exactly the same way. Furthermore, there are contradictions also within the socialist system and in the relations between socialist states--not antagonisms--but contradictions, as in all life, and those have to be faced openly, analyzed objectively, or else they could become transformed into antagonisms. Also; even when there is basic agreement on analysis, I can see where the difference in specific geographic location, or other such difference; could call for a different kind of tactical approach. Therefore any tendency to say that similarity of basic analysis must necessarily produce a similar tactical approach could likewise exaggerate a tactical difference into a more profound difference of basic analysis. Let me cite an example. I, for one, do not believe that Cuba's non-signing of the test ban treaty is necessarily a mistake, given, of course, her correct evaluation of the significance of the test ban agreement as a whole. But, in a situation where Washington has refused to consider a nuclear free zone in the Caribbean, and Cuba has been denied nuclear weapons, why should Cuba unilaterally give up its right to these weapons until such a free zone is agreed to?

"I mention this, because I have met comrades greatly disturbed because Cuba has not signed the test ban agreement, but yet I cannot feel that way. I do not believe that unity of the socialist camp precludes differences in tactical approach arising out of difference in national interest and position.

"On the major issue of dispute I, of course, believe the Chinese comrades basically wrong. How they can view every step to reduce world tensions as some kind of act of betrayal is simply out of this world. The criticism of the western parties is also dogmatic and wrong and their attack on the Soviet comrades completely irresponsible. And yet, after saying all this I, for one, hope that no irrevocable break takes place. When I first read of various parties urging an immediate world conference to act against the Chinese I believed it a mistake and associate myself with the resolution adopted

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"by the Italian party which urges delay and points to the need of a great deal of preparatory work. To my mind that means preparatory work with the Chinese, or else no conference should be held at this time. Whether the differences can be reconciled in the near future I do not know, but certainly nothing should be done to bring on a break. While the Chinese position does carry considerable Trotskyism in it; there is however one difference we cannot forget: it is the position of a party leading a state with one-fourth of world mankind. Quite a difference!

"The question that disturbs me is how the differences were permitted to reach the stage of vitriolic name-calling that they have, particularly on the side of the Chinese, at least as far as public statements are concerned--for both sides could have been guilty of name-calling in more private discussions. I think that the main reason it reached this sorry state is that it was permitted to fester so long behind closed doors, until differences of shading and emphasis became differences in fundamental outlook. In other words, I believe the main fault is not to be found in the fact that the dispute came into the open, but that it came into the open only when it could no longer be kept quiet, only when it had reached a point of explosion.

"From reading the voluminous material published recently it is clear that the differences date back to the 20th Congress--possibly even before then. Why wasn't there an airing of these differences in public? Certainly there were dangers; certainly it was going to tell the enemy that differences existed. But in my opinion a public, comradely discussion; could have checked certain tendencies before they became hard and fast lines. Nor do I have any fear as to how the party and non-party masses would have reacted. I have confidence that they would have responded to the corrections made in the Soviet Party and certainly responded in support of the policy of peaceful coexistence. I think that it was a mistake to just brand the Molotoys, etc., as an anti-party group without ever presenting their views openly for discussion and rejection--for I'm sure they would have been rejected. And let us recall that the Chinese comrades have done the same--they have branded those in their leadership who disagreed with their policies as anti-party, but without permitting their views to be presented to the party.

"What I'm saying is this: Was there not a deformation during the Stalin period in the entire approach to inner party

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"democracy? Is it not necessary to permit differences of opinion in the party, even though we demand that the party act as one when a decision is made? In the days of Lenin there were real inner party discussions and debates, but since the defeat of the Trotskyites and the Eucharinites there have really been no such discussions. I think it is this failure to establish a real normal inner-party democracy and real meaningful party congresses where differences are thrashed out and resolved, which makes inevitable periodic explosions, for what happens is that contradictions that can be resolved and overcome become smothered until at some point an explosion occurs. With all the progress that the Soviet party has made in democratization, in getting away from the distortions of the Stalin period, it has still, in my opinion, not openly faced up to this need for a real inner-party democracy based on democratic centralism. For example, the speeches at the 22nd Congress refer to some letter from Molotov. But who, outside of the Central Committee or the Congress, knows what was in that letter? Certainly the present leadership does not have to fear its position to that extent. I think that there could be a great deal more confidence in the masses and their ability to react correctly to basic policy. I also think that this is the only way by which real cadre can be developed, for people must wrestle with ideas, must think them through, must find their way by getting all the facts of a situation and especially both sides of a basic dispute. Without this new cadre are dwarfed in their thinking, do not have self-confidence to solve questions for themselves and this reflects itself in initiative and responsibility. Only when people think through questions do they have the confidence to act on their own; to make independent judgments and not to wait for orders from above. Otherwise we have a situation in which there is a spoon-feeding of the masses from above and in turn these masses expect more spoon feeding before they can digest things for themselves. In such an atmosphere it is hard to fight tendencies toward bureaucracy even when there is the best will in the world to do so.

"I have written at too great length on this already. But I would like to get your view. I think this same tendency has reflected itself in the world movement and to one degree or another in various parties. I think that the Italian party is especially conscious of this danger and has developed a real inner democratic life and a real atmosphere of real discussion over basic questions. I note, for example, that a recent edition of the Italian theoretical magazine carried a debate over the whole question of whether fundamental structural changes are possible before capitalism as such has been done away with. And it conducts this debate without name-calling and vitriol of any kind. Likewise is it most objective in the way it debates with the Chinese comrades--

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"never calling them names, always indicating respect for them and their party and people, and yet giving not an inch on fundamental questions. I, for one, am for more of this kind of inner-life in the communist movement. I hope I haven't bored you.

"I saw your mother, sister and brother. Your mother is as youthful in appearance and spirits as she was when I first met her some 25 years ago. She is a remarkable woman. In fact, she looks younger than your sister.

~~(S)~~ (U)

"Write when you have time. I hope this finds you well and that you'll be back home before long. Of course; do stay as long as you have to for reasons of health.

"Lil and the rest of the family all send their love.

"as ever;

"G11"

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FBI

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/10/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "NATHAN GREGORY SILVERMASTER." Also enclosed for New York is one copy of the above.

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/2 and 4/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was developed during personal conversations with HENRY WINSTON in Moscow, USSR, 11/20-22/63.

CG 5824-S* on 12/4/63 advised that he interpreted the action of the CP of the Soviet Union in refusing to meet and talk with SILVERMASTER as part of the Soviets' total effort not to take any action which might jeopardize the continuing development of better relations between the Soviet Union and the U.S.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the

- ③-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago
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65 DEC 27 1963

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

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CG 134-46 Sub B

international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.
December 10, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

NATHAN GREGORY SILVERMASTER

In early December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

During November, 1963, Nathan Gregory Silvermaster, a United States citizen, was visiting in Moscow, USSR, on a tourist visa. While in Moscow, Silvermaster made an attempt to arrange an appointment and hold some discussion with responsible individuals in the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU). However, such officials would not meet with him or even acknowledge his presence in Moscow. In view of this, Silvermaster made contact with Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), who is now temporarily residing in the Soviet Union, for the purpose of seeing whether that individual could utilize his influence in setting up a meeting with CP representatives for him. Winston did attempt to set up such a meeting for Silvermaster but met with no success and, as a result, was greatly perturbed. In Winston's opinion, here was a man, Silvermaster, who had devoted much of his life to the Party and now could not even see a responsible CPSU representative when he visited Moscow.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

Date: 12/9/63

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain, text or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO

IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled "HARRY CARLISLE." One copy of above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/3-4/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by the source during the course of discussions with HENRY WINSTON, a Vice Chairman of the Communist Party, USA, currently residing in Moscow, USSR, which discussions took place during the period 11/20-22/63.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 4) ENCLOSURE
- 1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Chicago

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22 DEC 13 1963

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

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Per _____

65 DEC 26 1963

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D.C.
December 9, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

HARRY CARLISLE

In early December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

Harry Carlisle, a ~~former member of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA)~~ ^{MEMBER OF C.P. OF GREAT BRITAIN}, who was deported from the United States to Great Britain in mid-1962, after a previous stay in the USSR, now resides in Budapest, Hungary, where he is an ^{ENG} ~~accredited correspondent for "The Worker,"~~ ^{USA} a CPUSA newspaper. It was learned during November, 1963, that Carlisle had expressed his intention of traveling to East Berlin, in the ^{G-ber} German Democratic Republic, at his own expense though as a partial guest of the Writers Union. Carlisle expected to remain there from September 27 to October 14, during which time he could be reached in care of Deutscher Schriftstellerband, Friedrichstrasse 169, Berlin 8, German Democratic Republic. Subsequent to his stay in East Berlin, Carlisle then expected to spend two or three days in Prague, Czechoslovakia, and then will travel to Vienna and Paris, following which he expected to return to Budapest at the end of October, 1963. Carlisle expressed the hope that in the spring of 1964 he hopes to visit Moscow, USSR, for a week or two and make a short trip to London, England. ^{AUSTRIA} ^{FRANCE}

It was further learned that during November, 1963, a representative of the CPUSA directed a communication to the Central Committee of the Hungarian Socialist Workers Party. This communication indicated that Carlisle has been constantly seeking advice concerning his activities from Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman of the CPUSA who is currently residing in Moscow, USSR. The Hungarian Socialist Workers Party was advised that Carlisle is not a member of the CPUSA, ^{USSR}

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Group 1

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downgrading and
declassification

~~TOP SECRET~~

HARRY CARLISLE

but has been transferred to the CP of Great Britain. If a question should arise as to the nature of Carlisle's business or his travel, this should be communicated to the CP of Great Britain. Although the CPUSA had given Carlisle a document stating that he was formerly a member in good standing of the CPUSA, this was only to facilitate his departure from the United States.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

REC-39
FBI

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
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In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled, 'World Marxist Review,' Official Theoretical Organ of the World Communist Movement, Prague, Czechoslovakia. One copy of the above is also enclosed for New York.

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 12/4/63 by CG 5824-S* to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was developed through private conversation with NORMAN FREED on 11/4/63 in Prague, Czechoslovakia.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the

- ③-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
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letter to H&A

12-15-63

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22 DEC 13 1963

65 DEC 19 1963

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

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2 copies destroyed 12/14/64



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.
December 9, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

"WORLD MARXIST REVIEW," OFFICIAL THEORETICAL
ORGAN OF THE WORLD COMMUNIST MOVEMENT,
PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA

In early December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

Is sent
According to Norman Freed, Communist Party (CP) of Canada representative assigned to the "World Marxist Review," the official theoretical organ of the world communist movement, with headquarters in Prague, Czechoslovakia, the ~~Korean~~ *CANADA* Party of Labor has now officially withdrawn its representatives from the staff of the "World Marxist Review." In addition, the CP of Indonesia is presently threatening to withdraw its members from the publication's staff. These actions on the part of the Korean Party of Labor and the CP of Indonesia have been a result of the widening ideological differences which exist between the CP of the Soviet Union and the CP of China.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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REC-39
FBI

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions as set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Communist Party of France." Also enclosed for New York is one copy of the above.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/4/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was developed during a private conversation with NORMAN FREED on 11/4/63 in Prague, Czechoslovakia.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

3-Enc. 4 (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

REC-39

22 DEC 13 1963

Approved: *M. J. O'Neil*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent

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65 DEC 26 1963

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.
December 9, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

COMMUNIST PARTY OF FRANCE

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early December, 1963, advised as follows:

According to Norman Freed, Communist Party (CP) of Canada representative assigned to the "World Marxist Review," the official theoretical organ of the world communist movement, with headquarters in Prague, Czechoslovakia, there is presently a serious internal struggle taking place within the CP of France. This struggle has resulted because of the fact that ^{Maurice} Maurice Thorez, General Secretary of the CP of France, and his wife, who control the Party's leadership, refuse to allow any youth to move into leading positions. In addition, there is considerable resentment within the ^{FRANCE} Party over the fact that while the French CP supports the policies of the CP of the Soviet Union, they do not get the same international play in regard to this as does the Italian CP.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

REC-39

FBI

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTELREGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "CESAR ESCALANTE, HEAD OF IDEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, UNITED PARTY OF THE SOCIALIST REVOLUTION OF CUBA." One copy of above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/4/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

Information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was developed during the course of conversation with ALEKSEI GRECHUKHIN, Assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, Moscow, during November, 1963.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source, who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

- ENCLOSURE letter to State & CIA
12-13-63 WGS:
- ③ - Bureau, (Enc. 4) (RM)
 - 1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
 - 1 - Chicago

RWH:blj
(5)

REC-39

100-428091-3412
22 DEC 13 1963

65 DEC 19 1963

2 ends

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

WGS

IN. Sec. 7

ST-104

ST-104

ST-104

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
December 9, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

CESAR ESCALANTE, HEAD OF IDEOLOGICAL
DEPARTMENT, UNITED PARTY OF THE
SOCIALIST REVOLUTION OF CUBA

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, during early December, 1963, advised as follows:

*Cuba
Russia*
Cesar Escalante, Head of Ideological Department of the United Party of the Socialist Revolution of Cuba, returned to Cuba during late November, 1963, after a visit to the Soviet Union. During his stay in the Soviet Union, Cesar visited with his brother, Anibal Escalante, deposed Communist Party of Cuba leader. In addition, Cesar underwent a medical checkup and as a result of this checkup, according to a highly placed Communist Party of the Soviet Union representative, it was determined that Cesar has cancer and that at the most, he has a few months to live. Soviet doctors had initially hoped to be able to perform an operation on Cesar, but came to the conclusion that there would be no benefit from such action. Reportedly Cesar is not yet aware of the extent of his illness, but Soviet physicians have informed his wife, who accompanied him to the Soviet Union, of the full details.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

Group 1

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

REC-39

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "REORGANIZATION OF THE COUNCIL OF MUTUAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE." One copy of above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/3/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by the source during a discussion in Moscow, USSR, with VITALY KORIANOV, Chief Deputy to the Head of the International Department of the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, some time during the period 11/18-21/63, and during a discussion with (FNU) SAIDIK, a representative of the International Department of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia, and ZENICK WAGNER, in charge of the Latin American Section of the International Department, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia, in Prague, Czechoslovakia, on 11/27/63.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1 - Chicago

WAB:bll

65 DEC 13 1963

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

22 DEC 13 1963

2 encls destroyed 2/16/64

CG 134-46 Sub B.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D.C.
December 9, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

REORGANIZATION OF THE COUNCIL
OF MUTUAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

During early December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

~~X~~ During November, 1963, it was learned that the Council of Mutual Economic Assistance (COMECON) is being reorganized in such a manner that participants in this organization for economic cooperation among the socialist countries will be grouped according to their respective industrial levels. According to representatives of the International Departments of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), and the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia (CPCZ), the purpose of this reorganization is so that those countries who have reached an industrial level near that of the Soviet Union can cooperate on more of the same level so that they do not lose ground by reason of their cooperation with the less developed socialist countries. According to these representatives of the CPSU and CPCZ, Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic and Poland have reached such a level of production and trade where they can really cooperate with the Soviet Union in their integrated economic plans. It would appear that the Soviet Union has given up the idea that all socialist countries will catch up to the Soviet Union in industrial capacity at the same time. *Russians*

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

Classified by *570 HSC/STC*
Declassify on: *12/13/83*

F.B.I.

~~SECRET~~

Date: 12/6/63

~~SECRET~~

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

REGISTERED

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)
SUBJECT: *[SOLO]* *(S)(M)* *DECLASSIFIED BY 570 HSC/STC*
ON 12/13/83

~~TOP SECRET~~

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

~~ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY~~

DECLASSIFIED BY 570 HSC/STC
ON 12/13/83
#21,326

On 12/5/63, NY 694-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished the following information to SA ALEXANDER C. BURLINSON:

On the evening of 12/4/63, NY 694-S* conferred with GUS HALL at the latter's home in Yonkers, NY. During the course of the discussion, NY 694-S* told HALL that he would meet with his Soviet contact on the evening of 12/6/63. Referring to HALL's previous instructions to the informant to the effect that the latter should suggest to the Soviets that they contact the wife of LEE OSWALD and ascertain from her information concerning OSWALD's possible contact with the ultra-right, the FBI and JACK RUBY (see NY teletype captioned "CPUSA, IS-C; ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY," dated 11/25/63, P. 2) NY 694-S* told HALL that as yet he had not delivered HALL's message to the Soviets and suggested that it might be inadvisable to do so, in that a security problem might be involved.

- 1 - BUREAU (100-428091) (RM)
(1-105) (ASSASSINATION OF PRES. J. F. KENNEDY)
1 - CHICAGO (134-46-Sub B) (AM-RM)
1 - NY 134-91 (INV) (41)
1 - NY 105-38431 (ASSASSINATION OF PRES. J. F. KENNEDY) (22)
1 - NY 100-134637 (41)

ACB:mfd (#41)
(10)

~~TOP SECRET~~

*Letter to Director
re investigation
see p-3
12/11/63
LTC/enc*

~~SECRET~~

DEC 7 1963

66 DEC 11 1963

Special Agent in Charge

~~SECRET~~

ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SENT TO
NATIONAL ARCHIVES (JFKARCA)
DATE 7/94 TO (LHO)

100-134637
NY 100-38431

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

X The informant stated that undoubtedly Mrs. OSWALD would be under surveillance by Secret Service and the FBI and that for the Soviets to attempt to contact her might be dangerous. HALL replied that there was no problem in that Mrs. OSWALD is a Soviet citizen and the Soviets are within their rights to talk to one of their own citizens. HALL said that if need be the Soviets would contact her "officially". He reiterated his instructions that NY 694-S* advise the Soviets pursuant to HALL's previous instructions.

HALL stated that he would furnish to NY 694-S*, on 12/6/63, for transmittal to the Soviets and prior to the informant's meeting with the latter's Soviet contact, a document reflecting HALL's evaluations of President LYNDON JOHNSON.

X (u) (It should be noted that by NY airtel dated 11/26/63 to the Bureau captioned, "CPUSA, POLITICAL ACTIVITIES; IS-C", it was reported that according to ARNOLD JOHNSON, CPUSA Legislative Secretary, JOHNSON, on 11/25/63, had been instructed by GUS HALL to contact C. B. BALDWIN, either in Connecticut or in Washington, in order that BALDWIN might provide JOHNSON with a personal and political evaluation of President LYNDON B. JOHNSON. According to ARNOLD JOHNSON, C. B. BALDWIN knows President JOHNSON "very well".)

The Bureau will be furnished a copy of the aforesaid document as soon as same is made available to the NYO.

add to info from 58-
HALL instructed NY 694-S* to thank the Soviets for the manner in which they "reacted" to the news of President KENNEDY's assassination. He stated that their attitude of sympathy was "the correct one". He commented that a terrible situation would have existed if the Soviets had reacted to the news of the President's assassination as did the Chinese.

HALL then stated that the Soviets must be requested to cease making attempts to recruit people, especially those in the CP youth movement, for study in Moscow without first "checking with us". He stated the CPUSA would like to have something to say with respect to the advisability of any individuals

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

- 2 -

~~TOP SECRET~~

100-134637
NY 105-30431

~~SECRET~~

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~~TOP SECRET~~

going to Moscow to study. He stated that the Soviets were too lax with respect to letting "all kinds of persons go to Moscow." He stated that if the Party, at the time when OSWALD went to Moscow, had been advised in advance of OSWALD's contemplated trip to Moscow, the Soviets possibly could have been advised, as a result of CPUSA investigation of OSWALD, that he was not the type of person to invite to Moscow. HALL expressed the opinion that at the time when OSWALD went to Moscow, the latter was operating in behalf of the FBI. He further stated that "he could have been a nut, too".

LEE HARVEY ~~DECEASED~~ Russell
For
HALL also stated that on November 29, 1963, the Party had received a letter written by OSWALD postmarked November 1, 1963. He said that the Party was very much puzzled with respect to where this letter had been between November 1st and November 29th.

(u)
Lester
Patt
Gang
12/11/63
LTC/enc
With regard to President KENNEDY's assassination, HALL further stated that the Party has engaged "two private outfits", who are "left progressive", to study, investigate and report upon the matter of President KENNEDY's assassination. He stated that so far the only information available is that which has "come out of Dallas". He indicated that it might be "years" before the facts of the case may be ascertained.

HALL furnished no further information identifying whom the Party had engaged to investigate the assassination of the President. NY 694-S* will be alert to obtain such information, if possible.

HALL stated that during this very serious period following the assassination of President KENNEDY, the thinking of the people, including the government officials, was that the Communists are not a dangerous, anarchistic, violent group. As proof of this, he pointed to the fact that, whereas the Trotskyite offices in NYC and the pro-Castro headquarters in NYC were well guarded at that time by the police, the CPUSA headquarters was not guarded by the police. He stated that the

~~SECRET~~

- 3 -

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NY 105-38431

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~~TOP SECRET~~

public thinking with regard to the Party has changed and such current thinking is undoubtedly due to the "correct line" which the Party has pursued in the past few years.

HALL further stated that, with the exception of the "NY Daily News" that editorially called for violence against the Communists, no other newspapers throughout the country attacked Communists as having been instrumental in the assassination of President KENNEDY.

~~SECRET~~

- 4 -

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan *WC*

DATE: December 6, 1963

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner *FJB*SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. R. W. Smith
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Shaw

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

This is to advise you of the high lights of Solo Mission 14. As you are aware, CG 5824-S* arrived in Los Angeles during the late evening of 12/2/63.

Source was in a state of near exhaustion due to lack of sleep. His physical condition is not good due to extensive hemorrhaging from an old wound during a 10-day period while in the Soviet Union which source said will require hospitalization for treatment upon return to Chicago. Source did, however, furnish the following summary of items of principal interest resulting from this mission.

(1) Soviet Reaction to Assassination of President Kennedy

You will recall memorandum Baumgardner to Sullivan 12/4/63 set forth this information which indicated leading officials of the Soviet Government and Communist Party (CP) were shocked and grieved. They reacted with an outpouring of sentiment and emotion rarely displayed in source's experience. The initial reaction of the Soviets was a state of national alert. Soviet officials are convinced the assassination was the work of the ultraright.

(2) Sino-Soviet Dispute

Boris N. Ponomarev, Head of the International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union (CCPSU), and V. Korianov, his Deputy, advised there has been no resumption of Sino-Soviet discussions and none is now planned. Resumption of such discussions now rests upon a request of the CP of China, which has made no such request to date. No international conference of communist and workers parties is scheduled and if such is to be held, it will be in the distant future. While Chinese polemics continue unabated, the CPSU follows the policy of allowing the Chinese to cause the split.

(3) Reorganization of the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance (COMECON)

The COMECON is the communist version of the European Common Market. Korianov advised that participating countries in COMECON are being grouped according to the level of industrial production and trade.

100-428091

LTC:km

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EX-105

1963

FIVE

REC 35

100-428091-3415

22 DEC 16 1963

5- [Signature]

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan

RE: SOLO
100-428091

Integrated industrial cooperation will be limited to the Soviet Union, Czechoslovakia, German Democratic Republic and Poland as they are the only countries which have reached the level near that of the Soviet Union and thus other less advanced socialist countries will not cause them to lose ground.

(4) Cuban-Venezuelan Activities

Alexi Grechukhin, Assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, CCCPSU, advised that the CPSU has reaffirmed continuing support of Cuba, although the CPSU is disappointed with the Cuban behavior, which the Soviets believe is the result of Chinese pressure. The CPSU disagrees with the Cuban handling of shipments of arms to Venezuela. (CIA has previously furnished information that arms used by Venezuelan terrorists originated in Cuba.)

(5) Chinese Arming of Revolutionary Groups

Grechukhin advised that Russia is being embarrassed in many parts of the world by the shipment of old spare parts and arms of Russian manufacture to revolutionary groups by Red China. He cited as an example that revolutionaries in Iraq are using Soviet equipment furnished by Red China.

(6) "World Marxist Review"

The "World Marxist Review" is the theoretical organ of the international communist movement prepared and edited in Prague, Czechoslovakia. Source met with representatives of this publication in Prague and learned that the CP of France has walked out of the magazine editorial board. (No details are yet available re this meeting.)

(7) Funds

Source negotiated with the CCCPSU for funds to support the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), for 1964. Request by source was for \$1,295,000.

Miscellaneous

In addition, source met with Cesar Escalante, ideological head of the United Party of the Socialist Revolution of Cuba; one Jandik, replacement of Ladislav Kotzman as a member of the International Department, CP of Czechoslovakia; Pavel Lukianov, member of the Secret Service Department, CCCPSU; Henry Winston, Vice-Chairman, CPUSA, currently residing in Russia, and others but no details yet available re these meetings.

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan
RE: SOLO
100-428091

ACTION:

For information. Details of the above high lights, as well as other information, will be expeditiously furnished the Bureau, at which time dissemination of pertinent material will be expeditiously handled. Thorough and complete debriefing of the source will continue within the limitations of his poor physical condition.

JH8 Ruc

weys

[Signature]

[Signature]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: December 9, 1963

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Shaw

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

On the evening of 12/4/63, NY 694-S* conferred with Gus Hall, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA (CPUSA). Hall desired that NY 694-S* furnish to informant's Soviet contact a message, among which was the following.

In two weeks Hall plans to make a "rounded out report" on developments. Included in this report will be some "dialog" concerning the relationship of "objective developments and related questions of tactics and strategy." In the report Hall intends to take issue with what "we" consider wrong and harmful tactics by some forces in Venezuela. It is "our" opinion that "they" are nothing less than the activities of petty-bourgeois anarchistic political juvenile delinquents. Hall said it was his feeling that silence on "our" part on these kind of questions does great harm to the developments of Marxist-Leninist policies in our country, as well as on a world scale.

Hall requested that if at all possible he would appreciate having "your" reactions to this question, as well as "our" publicly taking issue with it. He said he was appreciative of the problem that "we" are a Party of an imperialist country that exploits and enslaves the people of Venezuela but that he could not "see us remaining silent because of this relationship."

OBSERVATIONS:

The CPUSA plans an enlarged meeting of the National Executive Committee December 19 through 22, 1963, in New York City. It is probable that at that time Hall desires to discuss the situation in Venezuela. It is interesting to note that despite the claims of the CPUSA that it is a domestic Party, Hall is awaiting instructions from Moscow before taking to task "some forces in Venezuela." It is possible that here he refers to the assistance reportedly given to communists in Venezuela by Castro. In this connection, we have received information from CIA that revolutionary forces in Venezuela have guns which originated in Cuba.

100-4280913

LTG:kmj

65 DEC 19 1963

22 DEC 16 1963

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan
RE: SOLO
100-428091

ACTION:

For information. When the Soviets reply to Hall, consideration will be given to disseminating this information to the Attorney General since this is but one more instance showing Hall's dependence on and subservience to the Soviet Union.

Let *to* *WCH* *WCH*

FBI
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE
Date: 12/10/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement entitled "LETTER DATED NOVEMBER 2, 1963, FROM HENRY WINSTON TO GUS HALL, ENCLOSING LETTER DATED SEPTEMBER 24, 1963, FROM HARRY CARLISLE TO HENRY WINSTON AND LETTER DATED NOVEMBER 2, 1963, FROM HENRY WINSTON TO HARRY CARLISLE." *U.S. Russia*

The information in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/3/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN. The originals of these letters were photostated, a copy retained in Chicago file 134-46 Sub B-1A, and the originals were returned to the source. *Germany Czechs Russia U.S. England*

Paul Sobers
ENCLOSURE

- (3) - Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1 - Chicago

WAB:bll
(5)

REC-21

22 DEC 16 1963

Approved _____

Sent _____

M _____

Per _____

65 JAN 7 1964

Special Agent in Charge

and damaged 12/16/63 WGE

INVESTIGATED

LETTER DATED NOVEMBER 2, 1933, FROM
HENRY WINSTON TO GUS HALL, ENCLOSED;
LETTER DATED SEPTEMBER 24, 1933, FROM
HARRY CARLISLE TO HENRY WINSTON AND
LETTER DATED NOVEMBER 2, 1933, FROM
HENRY WINSTON TO HARRY CARLISLE

On November 6, 1933, Morris Childs, a representative of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), arrived in Moscow, USSR, for the purpose of holding discussions with leading members of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU). On that same date, Childs met with Nikolai Vladimirovich Kostovets, Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CPSU, and his assistant, Aleksei Grochukhin.

At this time, these individuals turned over to Childs for transmittal to Gus Hall, General Secretary of the CPUSA, a letter dated November 2, 1933, to Hall from Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman of the CPUSA temporarily residing in Moscow, USSR. Enclosed with this letter were a letter dated September 24, 1933, to Henry Winston from Harry Carlisle, a former member of the CPUSA who was deported from the United States to Great Britain in mid-1932, and a letter dated November 2, 1933, to Carlisle from Winston. This letter from Winston dated November 2, 1933, with its enclosures had been turned over by Henry Winston to the CPSU to be mailed to Gus Hall, but the CPSU had not done so. It was considered more expedient by the CPSU to have such letters hand carried to the United States by Childs.

The texts of these letters are as follows:

"Moscow, November 2, 1933

"Dear Gus,

"Warmest greetings and very best wishes for the holidays.

"This is a brief note in which are enclosed two letters, one from Harry and the one sent to him.

"In my judgment, he acts like a maverick, frustrated individual and not as an organized person. The plain fact is that I am sick and tired of this type of behaviour. I think that it was a mistake for the Worker to issue him a correspondent's card.

100-428091-3417

ENCLOSURE

"I should like to get an answer as soon as possible. Warmest regards,

"Winnio"

"Budapest, Sept. 24, 1933

"Dear Winnio,

"It's good news you send. I hope you have got started on your autobiography and wish you a gratifying time writing it. If I can be of any assistance with the manuscript after you get it under way, please don't hesitate to call on me - for this was my field of work with New York publishers from time to time, as an editor and rewrite man.

"I have been working hard here, getting adjusted and getting around despite lack of the very difficult language (I imagine your Russian must be picking up). I expect to have a tutor later in the Fall. Right now I'm preparing to leave for two weeks in East Berlin, at my own expense though as a partial guest of the Writers Union. I will be there from September 27 to October 14, then will spend two or three days in Prague to complete some business there, and then to Vienna and Paris, returning here at the end of October to resume work on a somewhat new basis - that is, with some special assignment that will please me more than what I've been doing up to now. I won't get a paid vacation until next Spring, and I hope to be able to make a visit of a week or so to Moscow, then if things are what they ought to be, to London to meet my sister, who wants to come to London to see me and visit old British friends. It may well be the last time I'll see her...this exile, pleasant enough otherwise, has nostalgic and disturbing moments. On the whole life here is pleasant enough. If you want to reach me, write or wire me c/o Dautcher Schriftstellerband, Friedrichstrasse 169, Berlin 8, GER. Until October 14. Warmest greetings and good writing. I hope you will write again soon with news from home. (Regards to Art and Mrs. Shields.)

/s/ "Harry"

"Moscow, November 2, 1933

"Dear Harry,

"I am sure that you are now back in Budapest and have begun the new assignment. You say that it will please you better, but do not indicate what was the old assignment and what will be the new. It would be interesting to know what's what.

"I also learned from this letter about your plans to visit East Berlin, Vienna, Paris and Prague. This was news to me. I would guard against acting without the benefit of collective exchange. My experience has been that everything is better accomplished when this is done under the guidance of the Party. It is not clear to me whether this is the case. If it is, then I will be happy to say that I am wrong. I would be very pleased to be able to say such a thing. The fact that I am not in a position now to say so is due to the fact that all things are not clear.

"You now plan further travels and this too should be done with the knowledge of the Party. Now of course it is possible to say that you were deported from the U.S. and that now you are

"firstly, a member of the British Party and receive your guidance from them. If this is so, then it follows that the Hungarians and the Americans should not concern themselves with the matter. This would be good thinking, but is this the case?

"Secondly, that you cannot return to the U.S. and that the final determination of your status has not been settled by the British comrades and that in the interim you are working under the guidance of Hungarian friends. Therefore it would follow that the British and the Americans should not concern themselves with the matter, or

"Thirdly, while the matter is still in the process of being settled, that the Americans continue to assume certain responsibilities. If this is so then it is necessary that a consultation take place and agreements are made and that Americans are in a position to properly consult with leading Party organizations.

"I feel that this approach should be observed. I think it is the only correct and proper approach to the matter. I believe advice to the contrary from any source other than the Party responsible does not correspond to what is normally regarded as proper norms of work between various Communist Parties in general and the work of individual communists in particular.

"I would like very much for you to think this matter over. Which of these three things should guide me in my interest in this matter? I should like to get your reaction.

"I am working on the autobiography. I am proceeding apace with the work, but you can imagine that this is not an easy thing for me and I can assure you that I will look forward to calling on you in the future for some assistance.

"Warmest greetings for the holidays, I remain,

"As ever,

"Henry Winston"

INSTRUCTIONS: This form is to be removed from file by a Filing Unit employee only upon the return of the item.

Subject

6060

Type of Mail

Date of Mail

☐ Report

☐ Incoming letter

☐ Outgoing letter

☒ Memorandum

☐ Airtel

☐ Teletype

☐ Enclosure (describe)

☐ Laboratory Work Sheet

☐ Personnel Security Questionnaire (PSQ)

☐ Loyalty Form

☐ Other (describe)

12-9-63

Removed for

☐ Mr.
☐ Mrs.
☒ Miss
☐ Room

Robinson

Removed by

UG. per Mr. Valentine

Date of Removal

3/20/87

Reason for Removal

☐ For copying (If for another agency, list agency and date of request.)

☐ To send to

☐ To attach to

☐ For office use

☐ For change to another file

☐ Other (Specify)

Complete File and Serial Number

100-428091-3416

REC-21

70
12/19

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/10/63

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement entitled "LETTER DATED OCTOBER 24, 1963, FROM HENRY WINSTON TO GUS HALL, ENCLOSING LETTER DATED OCTOBER 18, 1963, FROM BEATRICE SKIND JOHNSON TO HENRY WINSTON."

Cuba The information in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/3/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN. The originals of these letters were photostated, a copy retained in Chicago file 134-46 Sub B-1A, and the originals were returned to the source.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1 - Chicago

WAB:bll
(5)

EX-105

REC 36

22 DEC 16 1963

Approved: *mg/cy*

Sent _____

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Per _____

65 JAN 9

Special Agent in Charge

12/30/63-68

IN 158

LETTER DATED OCTOBER 24, 1933, FROM
HENRY WINSTON TO GUS HALL, ENCLOSED
LETTER DATED OCTOBER 18, 1933, FROM
DEATRICE BISKIND JOHNSON TO HENRY WINSTON

On November 6, 1933, Morris Childs, a representative of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), arrived in Moscow, USSR, to hold discussions with leading representatives of the Communist Party, Soviet Union (CPSU). On that date, he met with Nikolai Vladimirovich Kostovets, Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CPSU, and Aleksei Grechukhin, assistant to Kostovets.

At this time, these individuals turned over to Childs for transmittal to Gus Hall, General Secretary of the CPUSA, a letter to Hall dated October 24, 1933, from Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman of the CPUSA who is temporarily residing in Moscow, USSR. Also enclosed with this letter was another letter dated October 18, 1933, to Henry Winston from Deatrice Biskind Johnson, "The Worker" correspondent in Havana, Cuba. This letter from Winston dated October 24, 1933, with its enclosure had been turned over to the CPSU by Henry Winston to be mailed to Gus Hall, but the CPSU had not done so. It was considered by the CPSU more expedient to have such letters hand carried to the United States by Childs.

The texts of these letters are as follows:

"Moscow, October 24, 1933

"Dear Gus,

"Warmest greetings and best wishes to you and all my friends.

"I have been giving a great deal of thought to the question of how best I can help to implement the correct mass line of our Party. The medium of letter-writing is the only way in which I can pass on some rough thoughts and thereby participate in discussions with my comrades. I shall raise no new questions but limit myself to several thoughts which may be helpful in implementing the correct policy of the Party. Why is this so?

ENCLOSURE

100-423091-3418

"Events continue to move in a more favourable direction. The opportunities are ripening for developing struggles based on a policy geared to the building of the anti-monopoly coalition. The present struggle within the two old parties, the Democratic and Republican, are but reflections of happenings taking place within the ranks of all classes in society, but especially the movement within the ranks of Labour, the Negro people, the Middle Class, the youth in general and the students in particular.

"You made a major contribution to the thinking of the Party in your analysis of the two-party system. I gather from the press that preparations in general and in the ranks of our Party in particular for 1964 have already begun. The year 1964 will be a major event in the life of the Party and in the history of the world. Naturally it would be a matter of honour to be able to participate in helping to shape the outcome of that struggle. Meanwhile let me limit such a contribution to several thoughts which you may find helpful in thinking. In any case, I will get them off my chest.

"1) The issue of Communism is on the lips of millions. This thought was developed by you in a number of reports. This means that growing sections of the population are beginning to discuss the best ways of developing the day to day struggle in defence of their immediate interests and the differences between social systems as well. This points up the need of undertaking to build our Party among the decisive sections of the working class, the Negro people and the youth so that it can fully participate in the thinking and action shaping up among the masses. Naturally, this means that we will undertake to develop selected recruiting among the employed and the unemployed young and old, and the building of shop, industrial, community and institutional clubs. It is clear that the building of the Party along those lines cannot be done in the same way as it was done in the past. Yet we must build the Party. (This is a process that has to take into account the existence of the McCarran Law, Taft-Hartley, Landrum-Griffin Bill, trade union resolutions in respect to communism, FBI stool-pigeons and company spies.) This point is

well understood by our Party and does not need development. Nevertheless my concern is to find the main link in the chain which, if tackled decisively in a concentrated way can result in a qualitative improvement in our work on all fronts. I believe that the Worker is the link in the chain which provides the basis for unfolding in the country a massive ideological and political campaign in which the viewpoint of the Party can be brought to the masses. At the same time it will be possible to develop new cadres, which must include communists and non-communists. To do an effective job on Party building means that the No. 1 problem before it must be the question of the Worker both from the standpoint of content, make-up and its circulation as well. This means that the Worker must be a major item on the agenda of all Party organisations and become the central feature of its work. But this has meaning only if the Party itself gave its primary attention in Party building to that of the press. It seems to me that as we approach 1964 that such an approach can become most effective in helping to fight for the general line of our Party. It is my opinion that the time has arrived when we should place as a practical question the undertaking of steps aimed at the creation in the immediate period of a daily newspaper in the country. I think that the re-establishment of a daily Worker is dictated by the needs of the moment: the growing socialist consciousness, new developments in the labour and the Negro people's movement, the new thinking among the masses about concrete issues in the day to day struggle and about communism as well.

"It seems to me that if such a political orientation is agreed upon that one of the main organisational conclusions that should be drawn is the creation of a network of worker clubs. Such a form will provide an additional basis for Party recruiting and enlarge the number of Party sympathisers as well for such a club should consist of Communists and non-communists. The aim of such clubs should be limited in character and there should be no limit placed upon the size of these clubs. For example, a club could begin with as few as 5 people and there does not have to be any limit as to its numerical growth. These clubs should be in character primarily educational.

They would come together to discuss the contents of the paper and the significance of the contents internationally, nationally and locally. These clubs will help to stimulate reader interest and the building of the paper by establishing a steady readership based upon subscription by mail or delivery, bundle orders and the building of routes by house-to-house canvassing. These clubs, consisting of Party and non-party workers interested in becoming better acquainted with the ideas of Communism should organise weekly forums in which national, state and local speakers participate. It can organise debates and symposiums as part of its activities and all of this can be part and parcel of efforts to lay the groundwork for a daily paper if and when such an idea is acceptable. I believe that the year 1934 would be an excellent time to begin such a massive undertaking. Even to suggest such an idea poses the very difficult problem of finances. That is, the weekly deficit that comes to a very large sum. Perhaps even before that is the question of a printing press. But it seems to me that those problems can be successfully solved if tackled. It will not be easy. The objective situation, on the other hand, presents no danger that should prevent such an undertaking. The contrary is true. The objective situation seems to demand such a paper which can be decisive in turning the tide in favour of peace, democracy and socialism. I think that our Party cadres will equal the task which is so urgently needed at the present time. This is individual thinking, but it seems to me that it is correct and we will find eager hands reaching for the paper once that is begun and, lastly, the fight for such a paper will be carried on under the main slogan the Freedom of the Press. Let me know your thinking about this proposition.

"Some time ago Doty asked me for an article. I agreed to write it and in fact drafted it. The title of the article was the indispensable necessity of the Communist Party in the United States. I never sent the article because I felt that the question of the main link in building the Party today was very very weak. I feel that the approach to building the press provides the answer. If such an approach is agreed upon or your thinking about the matter is given to me, the article will be completed post-haste.

"2) It seems to me that another concrete question that could very well be considered by the Party relates to the struggle of the Negro people. I have in mind of emphasising anew the slogan of Representative Government. This slogan has general validity but has a special meaning when applied to the South. The slogan of Representative Government quite unlike the slogan of Self-Determination, does not necessarily raise the question of changing the political structure (this slogan would, however, include the fight against Jorry-mandering). The slogan of Self-Determination raised the slogan of the political unity of the black belt. This slogan does not. It sharply raises the question of equal representation of Negroes in the city, county, state and Federal government. This means elected and appointed representatives. The slogan Representative Government is a fighting democratic slogan which can unite the popular mass, Negro and white, in the fight against Dixiocratism. The fight against Dixiocratism that is white supremacist rule, means a firm democratic front against the unjust laws, statutes and ordinances which is expressive of the main content of the fight now being waged in the South for the right to vote. It is a slogan designed to rally as active allies democratic forces among the white masses, neutralisation of other sections in advancing the fight and completely putting to rout the most rabid white supremacists. This means as the December 1962 Declaration of the Party puts it, to develop the fight for this slogan as part and parcel of a general crusade for democracy in the South and in the country as a whole. Side by side with this a positive approach should be taken to enforce the 14th amendment to the Constitution. It would be extremely useful if some Congressman or some Senator could, on the floor of the House or the Senate propose a resolution to unseat every single Dixiocrat, because they occupy these seats illegally. It would be well to investigate whether legal action against such men in the Senate and House can be taken only by those bodies. Maybe some other legal forms of action could be instituted through the courts, (I have never heard of it) and if this is possible, should be done. But in any case a resolution or a speech on this specific question could become a tremendous inspiration to those forces that

are waging such a courageous struggle that is now inspiring the world. Our Party should advance this slogan so that the mass movement will be able to more clearly see the role of our Party and draw further conclusions about that.

"Lastly, aren't there any possibilities of taking a Federal action to reinforce the mass actions of the Negro people to guarantee that the year 1934 bring about a doubling of the Negro registration. The perspective seems to be very low but I am afraid that this may be due to an idea that the possibility of compelling Federal support is not fully seen. For example, there is not a single Negro (except Georgia) elected to the state or Federal legislative bodies from the South. The truth is that Negro Congressmen come only from Los Angeles, Chicago, Philadelphia, Detroit, New York. (There are no Senators). The lack of Negro representation is a national and international disgrace. Should there not be in 1934 a break-through on this question? That is, an increase of Northern representation and on the basis of a concentration policy once more have Negro representatives from the South. The fact that the majority of the Negro people now live in urban communities and the fact that the civil rights revolution took place in the cities, north and south, lends itself to great possibilities for unfolding a maximum drive to increase Negro registration and simultaneously wage the fight for the nomination of Negroes in the democratic primaries. It may be possible to select a few cities for concentration where the full potential of all allies in the democratic fight can be brought into play and help make the beginning. This possibility should not be ruled out. I am very much interested in your thinking about this.

"3) I have not received the October Political Affairs. It always comes a month or 6 weeks late. This, as you can imagine, is deliberate. Pravda, however, printed the excellent statement of the Party printed in the October Political Affairs. I believe that effective measures will be taken to defend Marxism-Leninism so brilliantly fought for by the CPSU and the majority of the Communist Parties of the world.

It is a source of great happiness to find my comrades playing such a splendid role.

"4) I met last year a very fine young comrade, Zarofah Storoy by name. She was part of a youth delegation that participated in the Helsinki Festival. She is very young, 18 or 19, I believe, but she sings very well and according to those who know her think that she has real possibilities. I try to give her every encouragement. She has very good recommendations in the States. She wishes to study in the Soviet Union to develop her voice because there are no possibilities for her to study in the United States. I do hope that you will talk with her and draw your own conclusions.

"I will close now. I am anxious to get your thinking, knowing that you will extend my warmest regards to all my comrades and let me say in conclusion warmest greetings for the excellent Marxist-Leninist leadership you are giving to our Party. With a firm handshake, I remain,

"Henry Winston

"P.S. Enclosed find an interesting letter from Doc Johnson. I shall take some stopgap measures.

"P.P.S. I would seriously advise halting issuing Worker correspondent cards and consider recalling some already given."

"October 18, 1933

"Dear Winny:

"We have been here a month and have lived through a terrible disaster, the extent and depth of which it is not possible to describe. It is simply unimaginable, wind and water rushing at 100 miles an hour destroying everything in its path. Lives lost go into the thousands and damage into the hundreds of millions. But what a people - how brave and determined, how united behind their leadership. It is a great

inspiration to see the people working, sharing to the utmost their meager belongings with their brothers. Impressive also has been the tremendous international aid and solidarity.

"I have been trying to tell the story. I have sent Western Union cables, mailed stuff every way possible. I have even had one return wire from the Worker. But otherwise not a word or a sign from anyone including yourself. It's not so simple to do the things we talked about. Now with the disaster it is even harder. People are simply not available. You must run your head off and find your own way. Am trying, but I get the feeling that something is lacking in the attitude to us. There is much to talk about, but not now.

"The Worker has not been seen here for months. The Militant comes to 200 people by air mail through Canada. Chinese stuff in English is all over the place. The P.A. is not known. I simply cannot go far without this material. I have written, wired and cried, but so far nothing has come. It is not easy I know. Can't you send it with the plane from Moscow? Please Winny send about 10 copies if you can of the Worker and copies of the other stuff. It is urgent for an understanding of our line and our policies.

"How are you? Josie and I miss you very much. We both hope your eyes have improved and that when we see you in January you will have greater progress to report. And a special favour, the coffee, the lovely coffee crop which would have made Cuba independent of imports has been washed away. There is no coffee and a person needs a cup. Could you send a fellow a bit of that beverage?

"It is good to be here. I wish I could do more, but I am getting the ropes and am sure it will be better. More activity at home would be a great aid in every way especially in this emergency.

"I must stop now because the people who are taking this will be leaving 5 A.M. tomorrow and you will get it the same day. So be well and we send our love to you.

"Beatrice"

FBI

Date: 12/10/63

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via _____

AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Activities of Morris Childs, Communist Party, USA, Representative, Prague, Czechoslovakia, November 4-6, 1963."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/2-6/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information in the enclosed informant's statement sets forth the contacts and the general outline of CG 5824-S*'s activities while in Prague, Czechoslovakia, 11/4-6/63; however, all information developed by the source during his Prague stay is not incorporated into this informant's statement since portions of that information have or will be set forth in separate letterhead memoranda and/or informant's statements.

3-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago
RWH:MDW
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Memo
12-18-63
WGS:car

REC 36

100-428091-3419

22 DEC 16 1963

65 JAN 7 1964

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

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Per _____

INT 1/28/64

ACTIVITIES OF MORRIS CHILDS, COMMUNIST PARTY, USA,
REPRESENTATIVE, PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, NOVEMBER
4-6, 1963

Morris Childs, a representative of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), traveling under the identity of Harold M. Jules, arrived in Prague, Czechoslovakia, during the afternoon of November 4, 1963, by air from London, England. On arrival in Prague it was noted that there were no recognizable International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia (CP of CZ) representatives on hand to greet him and, accordingly, Childs contacted a known security representative at the airport. As a result of this contact with the security representative, that individual placed a call to the International Department and received instructions that Childs should be immediately supplied with transportation to the Central Committee, CP of CZ, hotel in Prague where lodging and other needs had been arranged for him. Childs was also to be told that he would be met by one (first name unknown) Jandik, International Department representative, shortly after his arrival at the hotel. Shortly thereafter, Childs' luggage was picked up for him and he was taken by auto to the Central Committee hotel and provided with a room and other needs. After being settled in his quarters, Jandik arrived and a friendly exchange of greeting occurred. Jandik explained to Childs that he had taken over the responsibilities for dealing with the CP, USA which Ladislav Kotzman had formerly held and that Kotzman was now assigned to the Foreign Ministry Office.

Childs informed Jandik that he was just passing through Prague and that he was en route to Moscow on important business and therefore requested that travel arrangements be made in order that he could depart from Prague on November 5, 1963. Childs also requested that Jandik contact the Soviet Embassy in Prague and inform them that he was in the city and en route to Moscow. Jandik agreed to do these things for Childs.

Childs then advised Jandik that on his return from Moscow he would stop over in Prague and would like very much to see some representatives of the Central Committee of the CP of CZ. Jandik indicated that such meetings would be arranged. Jandik also indicated he was extremely happy to see Childs at this time and was pleased that this individual intended to stop over in Prague upon his return from Moscow.

100-45280-11-2417

He noted he was particularly interested in getting information on the CP, USA since he was now primarily responsible for dealing with this Party. Jandik pointed out that he wanted to establish in the future closer relationships with the CP, USA. At this point Childs expressed appreciation for the courtesies which Jandik and the Party had already extended to him and particularly for the prompt action he had received on his visa request in London. Jandik then went into a very brief discussion of political patterns in Czechoslovakia.

Since Jandik had another appointment that evening, he could not stay for an extended period. However, before he departed he informed Childs that if there was any need to contact him or need for his services, he would be available through the Central Committee offices. Prior to actually departing, Jandik left instructions with the hotel officials that any requests for services made by Childs including an automobile, chauffeur, or the like, should be honored.

After Jandik had departed, Childs, with authority and knowledge of Jandik, telephonically contacted Norman Freed, Communist Party (CP) of Canada representative assigned to the "World Marxist Review," and requested that individual come to the Party hotel for the purpose of discussion. Freed agreed to do this. *Spoke*

On Freed's arrival at the hotel and after an exchange of friendly greetings between the two individuals, Freed asked Childs if he had seen or heard of Holmes Clarke, a CP of Canada functionary, at any point within the last few days. Freed mentioned that Clarke had been scheduled to be in Prague to participate in a symposium under the sponsorship of the "World Marxist Review" scheduled for late October or early November, 1963, but that this symposium had been canceled. Freed noted that if Childs should happen to run into Clarke in Moscow or any other place, he wants that individual told that he should stop off in Prague to see him, Freed, as he had some information for the CP of Canada which he could not transmit to that Party except via the oral word. The matter which Freed was interested in relaying to the CP of Canada related to some existing difficulties at the "World Marxist Review" involving staff members from various countries. *Czechoslovakia*

After the above, Freed and Childs engaged in general discussion. It was at this point in their discussion that Childs raised the question relating to the poor nature of the

recent review appearing in the "World Marxist Review" of Gus Hall's pamphlet. Freed, in defense of the review and himself, noted that this review had been the work of the editor of the publication and that he had no part in its preparation. Childs then noted that except for the omission in the review of Hall's description of the Chinese as "bourgeois nationalists," the review of the pamphlet was generally good.

After completion of their discussions and Childs having informed Freed of his plans to depart Prague during the a.m. of November 5, 1963, Freed left the hotel.

During the early a.m. of the following morning, November 5, 1963, Childs proceeded to the Prague Airport; however, upon arrival he found that due to the weather conditions which existed at the time, there was no presently available transportation to Moscow at that time. While waiting for a possible change in weather conditions which would permit such travel to Moscow, A. Sobolov, Associate Editor, "World Marxist Review," personally contacted Childs at the airport. Sobolov was accompanied at this time by his assistant, one (first name unknown) Pospelov, who is responsible for the coordination of all of the work of the people on the "World Marxist Review" staff. *Re: 5111 Czech.*

At this time, Sobolov indicated he was quite upset and hurt by the fact that he had learned that Childs had considered passing through Prague without making any contact with him. He scolded Childs for his failure to even let him know that he was in town and for the fact that he had to learn of Childs' presence through Norman Freed. After the so-called "bawling out," Sobolov invited Childs to eat and have a drink with him at the airport which they did. All charges for the food and drink at this time were taken care of by Sobolov who had them placed on the account he maintained at that facility.

After it had been determined following the wait of a number of hours that there would be no flights to Moscow on that date, Sobolov insisted that Childs accompany him to his home for a social evening. Accordingly, they proceeded in Sobolov's auto to that individual's home. On arrival at Sobolov's residence, Pospelov was dispatched by Sobolov to go out and locate Norman Freed and his wife and several other "World Marxist Review" staff members who were acquainted with Childs and bring them back to the Sobolov residence. As a

result of this, a number of individuals did gather at Sobolov's residence that evening which was entirely spent as a social affair.

The following a.m. of November 6, 1963, Childs was picked up at the Central Committee hotel and taken by auto to the Prague Airport in order that he might then proceed to Moscow. At the airport awaiting his arrival at that time were Jandik and one Zeniek Wagner, leading representatives from the International Department, and Sobolov, Pospelov, and Freed, all of the "World Marxist Review." All of these individuals desired to give Childs an official send off from Prague.

At the airport Childs again had an opportunity to speak privately with Freed and at this time left with Freed \$100 which Freed agreed to get to Patricia Sig and Johnson, "The Worker" correspondent in Havana, Cuba, through CP of Canada channels. Freed also at this time informed Childs that he had spoken to Johnson prior to her departure for Cuba and that she had told him that Aleksei Andreovich Grochukhin, Assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU, had given her \$500 to carry with her. In connection with this \$500, it is known that it had been left in Moscow by a representative of the CP, USA in August, 1963, for the purpose of such transmittal to Johnson.

Also at this time during conversation with Freed it was learned that he does not now plan to return to Canada until approximately January 1, 1964, and that he hopes to be able at that time to stay for approximately three months in Canada. Freed, however, has a problem if he does this because he will have to finance his wife's return and their joint stay in Canada and presently has no funds available for this.

During the early afternoon, Childs departed Prague by air for Moscow.

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. Shaw

PA
ST
(IS) 100-428091

osolo

Date: December 13, 1963

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: COMMUNIST PARTY OF FRANCE
INTERNAL SECURITY - FRANCE

The following information was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past.

There is presently a serious internal struggle taking place within the Communist Party (CP) of France. This is due to the fact that Maurice Thorez, General Secretary of the CP of France, and his wife, who control the Party's leadership, refuse to allow any youth to move into leading positions within the Party. In addition, there is considerable resentment within the Party over the fact that while the French CP supports the policies of the CP of the Soviet Union, it does not get the same "international play" in this regard as does the Italian CP.

There has also been a severe internal struggle taking place in Prague, Czechoslovakia, at the headquarters of the "World Marxist Review," the international theoretical organ of the world communist movement, between representatives of the CP of France and the CP of Italy. The differences have arisen over the fact that the French CP opposes, and the Italian CP supports, in part, some of the actions of the Common Market. The differences are also based on the fact that the Italian Party pursues a policy of utilizing "flexible tactics" whereas the French CP does not. As a result, the Italian CP has labeled the French CP as "Stalinists."

In view of the differences between the Italian CP and the French CP, the French CP representative at the "World Marxist Review" has claimed that he has been instructed by his Party to serve notice that the French delegation will be

SEE NOTE PAGE 2

BY COURIER SVC.
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65 DEC 19 1963

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Excluded from automatic
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declassification

REG-31

100-428091-3420

~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

withdrawing from the "World Marxist Review." The French CP representative stated that the French CP will not stand for the action taken by many fraternal parties in labeling the French CP disloyal because of some of the positions it has taken.

The Editor in Chief of the "World Marxist Review" is disturbed over this development and has requested various fraternal parties to write letters to the CP of France requesting it to reconsider its action on the basis that it will further split the international communist movement.

The French delegation to the "World Marxist Review," although not officially severing its connection with this publication, is planning to go on an indefinite leave of absence. The opinion is also held by the French CP that the "World Marxist Review" may turn into the type of organ which dictates policy for the various fraternal parties. As a result of the rivalry between the Italian CP and the French CP and because the Italians have "become strong" on the staff of the "World Marxist Review," the French CP feels that the Italian CP could thus exert some influence on their inner-Party matters.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources we have classified this letter "~~TOP SECRET~~."

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

NOTE:

Classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*. Letter refers to "sources" in order to give protection to CG 5824-S*. Information in letter extracted from Chicago airtels of 12/6/63 and 12/9/63 captioned "Solo, IS - C" containing letterhead memoranda entitled "Information

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE 3

- 2 -

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

NOTE CONTINUED:

Regarding Dispute Involving Representatives of the Communist Party of France with Other Staff Members of the 'World Marxist Review,' Prague, Czechoslovakia," and "Communist Party of France." These memoranda contained information furnished by CG 5824-S* as a result of data obtained during the course of Solo Mission 14 to the Soviet Union, 11/1/63 to 12/2/63.

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

~~TOP SECRET~~

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Baumgardner
- 1 - Mr. Wannall
- 1 - Liaison
- 1 - Mr. Shaw

December 11, 1963

BY LIAISON

DEC 11 2 11 PM '63
REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

RA

5010

Honorable John A. McCone
Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. McCone:

Material contained in the enclosed memorandum was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past. The enclosed memorandum sets forth the views of a Soviet official concerning the current status of Sino-Soviet differences.

The enclosed memorandum also contains a summary of a letter which is reported to be one which Soviet Premier Nikita S. Khrushchev had sent to MAO Tse-tung, Chairman, Communist Party of China, on November 29, 1963. The Khrushchev letter concerns the matter of amelioration of Sino-Soviet relations.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources we have classified this communication and its enclosure "~~TOP SECRET~~." This information is being furnished to other interested officials of the Government.

Sincerely yours,

Rel

Enclosure

100-428091

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

WGS:kmj

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65 DEC 19 1963

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Excluded from automatic
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~~TOP SECRET~~

Honorable John A. McCone

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Sources are CG 5824-S* and NY 694-S*. See Chicago airtel 12/7/63 and New York airtel 12/7/63, both captioned "Solo, IS - C."

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

(IS) 100-423091

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: December 13, 1963
To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State
From: John Edgar Hoover, Director
Subject: SOCIALIST UNITY PARTY OF GERMANY
INTERNAL SECURITY - EAST GERMANY

The following information was supplied by a source which has furnished reliable information in the past.

An assembly under the sponsorship of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany was scheduled to commence on December 8, 1963, in East Berlin, German Democratic Republic (GDR). Representatives from Communist Parties throughout the world were invited to attend the assembly to hear lectures and to participate in seminars. The purpose of the assembly was to inform representatives of the participating Parties about the internal situation in the GDR to better acquaint them with the GDR.

You will be advised of any additional information received relating to this matter. Because of the sensitive nature of our source we have classified this communication ~~"TOP SECRET."~~

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

NOTE:

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Classified ~~"TOP SECRET"~~ because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in ~~exceptionally grave~~

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Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

NOTE CONTINUED:

damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*. See Chicago airtel 12/7/63 "Solo, IS-C" which contains letterhead memorandum entitled "Information Concerning Assembly Sponsored by the Socialist Unity Party of Germany Commencing Approximately December 8, 1963." Airtel discloses that CG 5824-S* expects to receive the results of the discussions held at the assembly from Norman Freed, Canadian Communist Party representative, who was scheduled to attend the assembly.

- 2 -
~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. R. W. Smith
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

(IS) 100-428091

AF
9/
Date: December 13, 1963 *CS/6*
To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State
From: John Edgar Hoover, Director
Subject: COUNCIL OF MUTUAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE
INFORMATION CONCERNING
(INTERNAL SECURITY)

The following information was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past.

The Council of Mutual Economic Assistance is being reorganized in such a manner that participants in this organization for economic cooperation among the socialist countries will be grouped according to their respective industrial levels. The purpose of this reorganization is to enable those countries which have reached an industrial level near that of the Soviet Union to cooperate on more of the same level so that they do not lose ground by reason of their cooperation with the less developed socialist countries. Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic and Poland have reached levels of production and trade where they can cooperate with the Soviet Union in their integrated economic plans. The Soviet Union has reportedly given up the idea that all socialist countries will catch up to the Soviet Union in industrial capacity at the same time.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources we have classified this letter "~~TOP SECRET~~."

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

WGS:kmj
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Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*, who is referred to in letter as "sources" in order to provide further protection. See Chicago airtel 12/9/63, "Solo, IS-C," with enclosed letterhead memorandum entitled "Reorganization of the Council of Mutual Economic Assistance." CG 5824-S* obtained this information while on Solo Mission 14, 11/1/63 to 12/2/63.

- 2 -
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~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Mullins
1 - Mr. Shaw

(IS) 100-428091

Date: December 13, 1963

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: CESAR ESCALANTE
INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA

ANIBAL ESCALANTE
INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA

The following information was furnished by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past.

Cesar Escalante, Head of the Ideological Department of the United Party of the Socialist Revolution of Cuba, returned to Cuba during late November, 1963, after a visit to the Soviet Union. During his stay in the Soviet Union, Cesar visited his brother, Anibal Escalante, former Executive Secretary of the People's Socialist Party of Cuba, also known as the Communist Party of Cuba. In addition, Cesar underwent a medical examination in the Soviet Union. As a result of this examination, it was determined that Cesar has cancer and, at the most, has a few months to live. Soviet doctors had initially hoped to be able to perform an operation on Cesar, but came to the conclusion that there would be no benefit from such action. Cesar is reportedly not aware of the extent of his illness, but Soviet physicians have informed his wife, who accompanied him to the Soviet Union, of the full details.

Anibal Escalante continues to reside in exile in Moscow, Russia. Although officials of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) speak very sympathetically of Anibal, there is little that they can do for him in view of the current relations between the Soviet Union and Cuba. The CPSU has arranged to bring Escalante's 83-year-old father

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SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

BY COURIER SVC.

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~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

from Cuba for a visit. According to officials of the CPSU, Anibal is "dying from defection."

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources we have classified this letter "~~TOP SECRET~~."

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

NOTE:

Classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" because unauthorized disclosure of the information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*. Letter refers to "sources" in order to protect CG 5824-S*. Information in letter extracted from information contained in Chicago airtels of 12/7/63 and 12/9/63 captioned "Solo, IS-C" containing letterhead memoranda entitled "Anibal Escalante, Former Executive Secretary, People's Socialist Party of Cuba, Also Known As Communist Party of Cuba," and "Cesar Escalante, Head of the Ideological Department, United Party of the Socialist Revolution of Cuba." These memoranda contain information obtained by CG 5824-S* as a result of conferences with Soviet officials while on Solo Mission 14 to the Soviet Union, 11/1/63 to 12/2/63. Due to regulations in handling Solo matters, no copies being placed in Escalante files.

~~TOP SECRET~~

FBI

~~SECRET~~

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTELREGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN

OTHERWISE

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091) (S)(u)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

(SOLO) (S)(u)
IS - C

Classified by 05 RMD/1/1/82

Declassify on 05 RMD/1/1/82

ReBuairtel dated 12/5/63 requesting Chicago ascertain from CG 5824-S* all information in his possession concerning the contents of the Soviets' file on LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Re also telephone call from SAC SIMON of Los Angeles to Bureau 12/4/63 and LAairtel to Bureau dated 12/5/63 captioned as above enclosing letterhead memorandum entitled, "Soviet Reaction to the Assassination of President of the United States, John F. Kennedy, on November 22, 1963."

On 12/6/63 CG 5824-S* was interviewed by SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE in reference to the questions raised in reBuairtel dated 12/5/63. CG 5824-S* advised that the briefing which was given to him by the Soviets concerning the file on OSWALD, which the Soviets intended to turn over to the U.S. Government, was most general in nature. He stated that he had already furnished substantially all the information which was furnished to him during this briefing (all of which was furnished to the Bureau in reLAairtel enclosing lhm dated 12/5/63). At this time CG 5824-S* made the following additional comments relative to this matter:

At the time immediately following the assassination when LEE HARVEY OSWALD was identified as the assassin, the Soviets spoke to CG 5824-S* and apprised him of the fact that OSWALD had been in the Soviet Union. This was done in the following manner or in words to this effect:

③ Bureau (RM)
1-Chicago
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Classified by 3004

Exempt from GDS, Chicago

Not for Declassification Indefinite

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Approved: *[Signature]*

65 DEC 19 1983

Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SENT TO
NATIONAL ARCHIVES (JFKARCA)
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100-428091-342 (S)(u)
SHAW, EAST

~~TOP SECRET~~
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. Shaw
1 - Liaison

(IS) 100-428091

Date: December 16, 1963
To: Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Attention: Deputy Director, Plans
From: John Edgar Hoover, Director
Subject: FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS
INTERNAL SECURITY - ALGERIA

The following information was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past.

Vitaly Korianov, Deputy to the Head of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), as part of an official CPSU delegation, recently visited Algeria at the invitation of Premier Ahmed Ben Bella and the Republic of Algeria. According to Korianov, the big problem in Algeria is that of getting one Party together. The Communist Party (CP) has not been legalized and no one has been arrested. The newspaper in Algeria with the largest circulation, "Alger Republicain," is the CP publication. The problem originated over the fact that the communists in Algeria had originally been against Ahmed Ben Bella's fight in Algeria and this has not been forgotten by the National Front of Liberation (FLN). The FLN does not oppose the CP and CP members can become a part of the FLN as long as they do not act independently. The CP, however, wants to act independently and this is the problem.

Korianov described the Algerian revolution as being at a lower stage than the Cuban revolution. He noted that in Cuba there is already a group of revolutionaries like Fidel Castro, Raul Castro and Osvaldo Dorticos. However, in Algeria things are different. Premier Ahmed Ben Bella is not a Fidel Castro in make-up or in leadership qualities and is not surrounded by revolutionaries. In spite of this, Korianov described Algeria as one of the most promising areas in Africa. Among the factors creating this situation, according to Korianov,

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

WGS:kmj

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Director
Central Intelligence Agency

are the independence secured after over nine years of fighting; the rich natural resources; and the agricultural development. He noted that the French have left Algeria leaving behind their private property, and the youth is emerging into the new leadership. From this Korianov concluded that the revolution in Algeria is developing in depth and, in addition, the Algerians are working under the slogan of socialism.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources we have classified this letter "~~TOP SECRET~~."

NOTE:

Classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*, who has been described in the letter as "sources" in order to further protect his identity. See Chicago airtel 12/7/63 entitled "(Solo, IS-C)" which contains letterhead memorandum entitled "Briefing Discussion by Vitaly Korianov, Deputy to Head of International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, November, 1963." CG 5824-S* obtained this information from Korianov during the course of Solo Mission 14, 11/1/63 to 12/2/63.

- 2 -

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ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

(IS) 100-428091

Date: December 16, 1963
To: Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Attention: Deputy Director, Plans
From: John Edgar Hoover, Director
Subject: FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

The following information pertaining to members of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, was furnished by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past.

Vitaly Korianov

Russia
Korianov is a Deputy to Boris N. Ponomarev, a member of the Secretariat and Head of the International Department, Central Committee. Korianov currently holds the position of second in rank in the International Department and is subordinate only to Ponomarev. During the period September through October, 1963, Korianov, in his official capacity, traveled extensively in Latin America. Among the countries which he is known to have visited was Uruguay. During this same period, Korianov also traveled as part of an official delegation to Algeria and met with Premier Ahmed Ben Bella.

V. P. Tereshkin

Russia
Tereshkin is also a Deputy to Ponomarev. Tereshkin was recently operated on for cancer and his condition is now described as "hopeless." While Tereshkin continues to work and maintain an office at the International Department, it is not anticipated he will live much longer.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources we have classified this letter ~~TOP SECRET~~.

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

WGS:kmj

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Director
Central Intelligence Agency

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*, who has been referred to as "sources" in letter to further protect his identity. Information in letter extracted from Chicago airtels 12/7/63 captioned "Solo, IS-C" which contain letterhead memoranda entitled "Vitaly Korianov, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union," and "V. P. Tereshkin, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union." CG 5824-S* obtained this information during Solo Mission 14, 11/1/63-12/2/63, in confidential discussions with Soviet officials.

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ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Aull
1 - Mr. Shaw

(IS) 100-428091

Date: December 16, 1963

To: Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: ~~TOP SECRET~~ "WORLD MARXIST REVIEW"
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

no locater

The following information was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past.

The Korean Party of Labor has officially withdrawn its representatives from the staff of the "World Marxist Review," the official theoretical organ of the world communist movement. In addition, the Communist Party (CP) of Indonesia is threatening to withdraw its representatives from the staff of the "World Marxist Review." These actions on the part of the Korean Party of Labor and the CP of Indonesia are the result of the widening ideological differences which exist between the CP of the Soviet Union and the CP of China.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, this letter is being classified "~~TOP SECRET~~."

NOTE:

Classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*. See Chicago airtel 12/9/63 captioned "Solo, IS-C" with letterhead memorandum entitled "World Marxist Review, Official Theoretical Organ of the World Communist Movement." CG 5824-S* obtained this information while on Solo Mission 14, 11/1/63 to 12/2/63.

BY COURIER SVC.
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1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Simpson
1 - Mr. Shaw

(IS) 100-428091

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: December 16, 1963

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: IGOR MIKHAILOV
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Igor Mikhailov, an official of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, plans to travel to the United States in January, 1964. Mikhailov is a specialist in labor and trade-union matters. His chief topic of concern during his anticipated visit to the United States will involve these matters.

You will be advised of any additional information received relating to Mikhailov. Because of the sensitive nature of our source, which has furnished reliable information in the past, we have classified this communication "~~TOP SECRET~~."

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

NOTE:

Classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. (Source is CG 5824-S*. See Chicago airtel 12/9/63 captioned "Solo, IS-C" which contains letterhead memorandum entitled "Igor

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE 2

WGS:kmj

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Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

NOTE CONTINUED:

Mikhailov, Member of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union." CG 5824-S* obtained this information while on Solo Mission 14, 11/1/63 to 12/2/63. Mikhailov is subject of Bufile 105-123934. In accordance with the procedure involving the handling of Solo information, Mikhailov is being indexed to pertinent Solo serials and no copies are being placed in his file.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1-Mr. Belmont 1-Mr. Branigan
1-Mr. Evans 1-Liaison
1-Mr. DeLoach 1-Mr. Shaw
1-Mr. Sullivan
1-Mr. Baumgardner

BY LIAISON

Solo

Material contained in the enclosed memorandum was supplied by a source which has furnished reliable information in the past. Information in the enclosed memorandum pertains to Soviet reaction to the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

[illegible]

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~~TOP SECRET~~

Honorable Walter W. Jenkins

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*. See Los Angeles airtel 12/5/63 captioned "Solo, IS - C."

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~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

~~TOP SECRET~~

1 - Mr. R. W. Smith
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

(IS) 100-428091

Date: December 13, 1963
To: Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Attention: Deputy Director, Plans
From: John Edgar Hoover, Director
Subject: FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS
INTERNAL SECURITY - CZ

Enclosed for your information are three memoranda concerning officials of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia. This material includes:

- (1) Memorandum dated December 6, 1963, captioned "(First Name Unknown) Jandik, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia."
(2) Memorandum dated December 6, 1963, captioned "Ladislav Kotzman."
(3) Memorandum dated December 7, 1963, captioned "Zenick Wagner, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia."

Enclosures (3)

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because enclosures are so classified. Enclosures classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S* who obtained the information while on Solo Mission in during the period 11/1/63.

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE 2

WGS:kmj

~~TOP SECRET~~
Open removal of classified material; this letter becomes unclassified.

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22 DEC 17 1963

BY COURIER SVC.
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Director
Central Intelligence Agency

to 12/2/63. See Chicago airtels 12/6/63 and 12/7/63 entitled
"Solo, IS - C," enclosing letterhead memoranda bearing cap-
tions set forth in letter.

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~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE ENVELOPE

~~TOP SECRET~~

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Baumgardner
- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Liaison
- 1 - Mr. Shaw

December 12, 1963

BY LIAISON

Honorable John A. McCone
Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. McCone:

Material contained in the enclosed memorandum was supplied by a source which has furnished reliable information in the past. Information in the enclosed memorandum pertains to Soviet reaction to the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

Soviet officials believed that the assassination was carried out by a well-organized conspiracy on the part of the ultraright in an effort to effect a "coup." They were of the opinion that certain interests in the United States would utilize the assassination to stop negotiations with the Soviet Union, attack Cuba and thereafter spread the war. As a result of these feelings, the Soviet Union immediately went into a state of national alert.

Because of the sensitive nature of our source, this communication and its enclosure are classified "~~TOP SECRET~~." This information is being furnished to other interested officials of the Government.

Sincerely yours,

NOTE:
COPY OF ENCLOSURE
FURNISHED 12-15-63
TO NATIONAL INDICATIONS
CENTER-PENTAGON

Enclosure
100-428091

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

WGS:kuj
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~~TOP SECRET~~

Honorable John A. McCone

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*. See Los Angeles airtel 12/5/63 captioned "Solo, IS - C."

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RA
The Attorney General

December 18, 1963

Director, FBI

05010

HENRY WINSTON
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Evans
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Reddy
1 - Mr. Shaw

The following information, supplied by a source which has furnished reliable information in the past, is being brought to your attention as a matter of possible interest.

Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman, Communist Party, USA, who is temporarily residing in Moscow, Russia, plans to travel to the German Democratic Republic (GDR) sometime in December, 1963. In the GDR, Winston intends to meet with Paul Robeson, Sr., well-known American singer, who is confined in a sanitarium near Berlin. Winston may also attend an assembly sponsored by the Socialist Unity Party of Germany scheduled to be held in December, 1963.

After completion of his contemplated visit to the GDR, Winston plans to travel to Prague, Czechoslovakia, where he will be the guest of the "World Marxist Review," official theoretical organ of the international communist movement. During his contemplated stay in Prague, Winston intends to prepare an article entitled "National Independence, U. S. Imperialism and Neo-Colonialism" for publication in the "World Marxist Review."

Because of the sensitive nature of our source, we have classified this communication "~~Top Secret~~" DEC 18 1963

100-428091

1 - The Deputy Attorney General

1 - Mr. J. Walter Yeagley
Assistant Attorney General

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~~TOP SECRET~~

The Attorney General

NOTE:

This letter is classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*.

See CGairtel 12/10/63 captioned "Solo, IS-C" enclosing letterhead memorandum entitled "Henry Winston, Vice Chairman, Communist Party, USA, Temporarily Residing Moscow, Russia." CG 5824-S* obtained this information while in the Soviet Union on Solo Mission 14, 11/1/63 to 12/2/63.

~~TOP SECRET~~

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

FBI

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ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/8/63

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(Priority or Method of Mailing)

ON 3/17/96

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-CASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

~~TOP SECRET~~

Classified by 4903 RDD/KSR
Declassify on: 1/1/96
CLASSIFIED ACCORDING
TO JFK RELEASE

ReNYairtel, 12/6/63, concerning NY 694-S*
having conferred on the evening of 12/4/63 with GUS HALL,
General Secretary, CPUSA, at which time HALL stated
that he would furnish for transmittal to the Soviets on
the evening of 12/6/63, a document reflecting HALL's
evaluation of President LYNDON JOHNSON. (S)(u)

Referenced airtel also states that HALL
instructed NY 694-S* to thank the Soviets for the
manner in which they "reacted" to the news of President
KENNEDY's assassination. (S)(u)

On 12/6/63, NY 694-S*, who has furnished
reliable information in the past, furnished to SA [redacted]
a document dated 12/5/63, which he had received
from GUS HALL for transmittal on 12/6/63 to the Soviets.
Copies of the document are enclosed herewith. (S)(u)

- 1 - BUREAU (100-428091) (RM) Encls. 4)
(1 - 105-) (ASSASSINATION OF PRES. J. F. KENNEDY)
1 - CHICAGO (134-46-Sub B) (AMC-RM) (Encl. 1)
1 - NY 134-91 (INV) (41)
1 - NY 105-38431 (ASSASSINATION OF PRES. J. F. KENNEDY) (22)
1 - NY 100-134637 (41)

WGC:rvs
(10)Classified by 5067 HBB/BAT
Declassify on: OADR (JFK)

REC-1

DEC 7 1963

~~SECRET~~

79 DEC 19 1963

~~SECRET~~~~TOP SECRET~~

INT 1/80

~~SECRET~~

Special Agent in Charge

~~SECRET~~
~~SECRET~~

NY 100-134637

At the direction of GUS HALL, NY 694-S* is to include the following prefatory statement in the transmittal of the enclosed document to the Soviets: (X)(u)

To the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, (CCPSU), BORIS N. PONOMAREV (Secretary of the Central Committee and Head of the International Department, CCPSU). Best comradely and personal wishes to you and Premier KHRUSHCHEV. Answer to last two paragraphs of this letter desired on or before December 16th. Most important, GUS HALL. (X)(u)

NY 694-S* advised that before making a statement with respect to "wrong and harmful tactics by some forces in Venezuela," he wishes to have the benefit of the observations of the Soviets concerning this matter. HALL intends to include such a statement in a report he plans to make to an enlarged CP, USA National Executive Committee meeting scheduled to commence December 18th next. (X)(u)

~~SECRET~~

DECLASSIFIED BY 5170 HBB/KSR

ON 11-24-93

(JFK)

~~SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

[December 5, 1963]

(S)(u)

I want to take this opportunity to express our deep appreciation to the very correct and timely lead you gave in your reactions to the events during the critical days we have just passed. There did exist a very real and a critical danger that the reactionary forces would be able to initiate and enflame an anti-Communist hysteria after the dastardly assassination of President Kennedy. There were important forces that did everything to take advantage of the assassination to create such a hysteria. For the time being we have been able to block this development. Your timely and prompt reaction was very helpful in holding back such a tide. (S)(u)

On the other hand the impossible and irresponsible action of the Chinese comrades again proves that if a Party is following a wrong line on fundamental questions, it is bound to land on its head every time it reacts to specific developments. (S)(u)

About the new President. As you know, much about our politics is unpredictable, but we do have some basis of judging the possible course of this Administration. It is our view that President Johnson has been in that section of our political spectrum that takes a more sane view of the relationship of world forces and will reflect this in his policies and attitudes. It is also our feeling that he may be even more responsive to the movements, pressures and moods of the masses than was Kennedy. (S)(u)

Johnson is a man who has less of an eye for history and long-range viewpoints and is more moved towards the solution of the immediate problems and questions on hand. (S)(u)

But one cannot compare him with Truman because Truman had the mentality and outlook of a village political hack, while Johnson has a much broader viewpoint of political struggles. Johnson has retained throughout the years a close personal friendship with many of the old New Deal core, like Beauregard Baldwin and Aubrey Williams. This may have some significance in the coming period of the Administration. (S)(u)

So we feel he will continue in the direction of the policies of the Kennedy Administration and will possibly even try to utilize the newness of the Administration to get around some difficulties (S)(u)

8-17-92

9803 RDD/KSR

~~SECRET~~

(S)(u)

~~SECRET~~

Declassify on OADR
CLASSIFIED ACCORDING
TO JFK RELEASE

ENCLOSURE

~~TOP SECRET~~

100-47791-5134

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

and binds that the Kennedy Administration had worked itself into. We are proceeding on the premise that this Administration, while representing American capitalism and imperialist interests, can be influenced by mass struggles and mass movements. (S)(u)

In two weeks I am going to make a rounded-out report on these developments. Included in this report will be some dialogue about the relationship of objective developments and related questions of tactics and strategy. In this report, which will be public at a later date, I am going to take issue with what we consider wrong and harmful tactics by some forces in Venezuela. It is our opinion that they are nothing less than the activities of petty-bourgeois anarchistic political juvenile delinquents. It is my feeling that silence on our part on these kind of questions do great harm to the developments of Marxist-Leninist policies in our country as well as on a world scale. (S)(u)

If at all possible, I would very much appreciate having your reactions to this question as well as our publicly taking issue with it. I am appreciative of the problem that we are a Party of an imperialist country that exploits and enslaves the people of Venezuela, but I cannot see us remaining silent because of this relationship. (S)(u)

Thanking you again for all the considerations given us.... (S)(u)

~~TOP SECRET~~
*
GUS HALL
COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
NY
(S)(u)

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

SECRET

Date: 12/12/63

CONFIDENTIAL

SECRET

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY

ReNYairtel, 12/6/63, concerning a letter from
GUS HALL, General Secretary CPUSA, to Soviets evaluating
President LYNDON JOHNSON. (S)(u)

On 12/12/63, [redacted] also furnished a copy of
this letter which informant said was prepared by GUS HALL
on 12/5/63, for transmittal to Soviet Union. For info. (S)(u)

DECLASSIFIED BY 5668 SLJ/mde
ON 5-4-95 (JFK)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 07-11-2013 BY [redacted]

EX-100

REC-1 6 DEC 18 1963

100-428091-3435

- ④ 1-100416
4 - BUREAU (100-428091) (RM)
(1 - 105-) (ASSASSINATION OF PRES. JOHN F. KENNEDY)
1 - [redacted] (INV) (41)
1 - NY 105-38431 (ASSASSINATION OF PRES. JOHN F. KENNEDY) (22)
1 - NY 100-134637 (41)

JAH:rvs
(8)

DEC 13 1963
CONFIDENTIAL

79 DEC 19 1963

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

SECRET

SECRET

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

~~TOP SECRET~~

1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

(IS) 100-428091

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: December 16, 1963
To: Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Attention: Deputy Director, Plans
From: John Edgar Hoover, Director
Subject: VISIT OF SOVIET DELEGATION OF
JOURNALISTS AND PROFESSORS TO
CEYLON, BURMA AND INDIA
DECEMBER, 1963
INFORMATION CONCERNING
(INTERNAL SECURITY)

An official Soviet delegation consisting of journalists and professors was scheduled to depart from the Soviet Union on December 15, 1963, for a visit to Ceylon, Burma and India. Among the individuals scheduled to participate in this official Soviet delegation was Timur-Timofeev, Departmental Director, Institute of World Economy and International Relations, an affiliate of the Soviet Academy of Science, Moscow, Russia.

You will be advised of any additional information received relating to this matter. Because of the sensitive nature of our source, which has furnished reliable information in the past, we have classified this communication "~~TOP SECRET~~."

NOTE:

Classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*. See Chicago airtel 11/27/63 captioned "Solo, IS-C" which contains letterhead memorandum entitled "Visit of Soviet Delegation of Journalists and Professors to Ceylon, Burma and India, December, 1963." CG 5824-S* obtained this information while on Solo Mission 14, 11/1/63 to 12/2/63.

Tele. Room
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan

WGS:kmj

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

GROUP 1

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

22 DEC 1963

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/11/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTELREGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled "CUBAN SHIPMENT OF ARMS TO VENEZUELAN TERRORISTS." One copy of above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/3 and 10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by the source in conversations during November, 1963, with ZENIK WAGNER, a representative of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party (CP) of Czechoslovakia, dealing with Latin American Communist Parties, in Prague, Czechoslovakia, and with ALEKSEI GRECHUKHIN, Assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union, in Moscow, USSR.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the

- ③ - Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1 - Chicago

WAB:bll
(5)

REC-113

DEC 17 1963

65

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

CG 134-46 Sub B

disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D.C.
December 11, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

CUBAN SHIPMENT OF ARMS
TO VENEZUELAN TERRORISTS

During December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

During discussions held during November, 1963, with representatives of the International Departments of the Central Committees of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) and the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia (CPCZ), it was learned that the governments and Communist Parties of the Soviet Union and Czechoslovakia are very disappointed with the behavior of Fidel Castro of Cuba and are particularly disturbed concerning the Cuban and Venezuelan handling of shipments of arms by the Cubans to the communist terrorists in Venezuela, a number of caches of which were recently discovered by government authorities on the beaches of Venezuela.

Zenik Wagner, a representative of the International Department, Central Committee, CPCZ, who specializes in Latin American affairs, reported that the CPCZ has verified that these arms shipments discovered on the beaches in Venezuela were in fact shipped from Cuba. But they did it in a clumsy, uncoordinated way and, as a result, millions of dollars worth of arms were lost and wasted. According to Wagner, in one batch they lost over one million dollars worth of arms. The Cubans did not consult with the Czechs or the Russians on this and as a matter of fact, the Czechs and Russians do not even know with whom the Cubans were negotiating among the Venezuelans.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~
~~Group 1~~
~~Excluded from automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

FBI
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/11/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain, text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled "STATUS OF CUBAN-SOVIET RELATIONS." One copy of above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/3 and 10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information contained in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by the source during the course of discussions in Moscow, USSR, during November, 1963, with representatives of the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), and in particular with ALEKSEI GRECHUKHIN, Assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CPSU.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

- ENCLOSURE
- (3) - Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1 - Chicago

WAB:bll
(5)

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

W. 12/30/63
ERROR LETTER SENT

65 DEC 30 1963

12-27-63

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
December 11, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~★~~
STATUS OF CUBAN-SOVIET RELATIONS

During December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

During the course of confidential discussions in November, 1963, with representatives of the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), it was learned that the CPSU is very disturbed with the behavior of Fidel Castro of Cuba. The CPSU believes that Castro had been completely wrong in not accepting the offer of aid from the United States and the American Red Cross immediately after the recent hurricane which devastated Cuba. Later Cuba was made to look foolish in the eyes of the world when they admitted four Quakers for the purpose of furnishing aid to the Cuban people.

According to this source, there are no good words for Cuba among the leadership of the CPSU. However, diplomatically the USSR cannot cease their assistance to the Cuban regime, much as they disagree with Castro. Nevertheless, among the Soviet people as a whole there is a great deal of sympathy for Cuba which is a result of Soviet Government sponsored demonstrations. In the USSR there are regularly held "Evenings of Latin American Solidarity," at which support is stressed for Latin American countries "oppressed by United States imperialism." These demonstrations are for Latin American solidarity in general rather than for any one country and they do not endorse concrete acts of particular Latin American Communist Parties.

It is the assessment of the CPSU leadership that at the time of the revolution, the Cuban CP was not a real Marxist-Leninist party strong enough to seize the opportune

~~TOP SECRET~~

Group 1

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

~~TOP SECRET~~

STATUS OF CUBAN-SOVIET RELATIONS

moment and take over the governing power of Cuba. Now the USSR has been placed in the position where they have to "worship Fidel" in order to retain any position at all in Cuba.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: December 9, 1963

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

SUBJECT: (SOLO) (U) INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Shaw

Classified by 466 BSH/KCL Baumgardner

Declassify on OADR 10/2/84 #21326

This is an informative memorandum setting forth information obtained by NY 694-S* from Gus Hall, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA (CPUSA). Hall desired that in the event the Soviets contacted the wife of Lee Harvey Oswald, she was to be questioned for certain information for the Party. (U) (U) (U)

On 12/4/63 Hall advised NY 694-S* that he desired source, during the next meeting with informant's Soviet contact in the United States, to advise the Soviets that Hall assumes the Russians are still interested in Oswald's wife since she is a Russian and possibly will go back to Russia. Informant is to request that the Russians, in the event they interview her, determine if her husband had any connections with the ultraright, had any relations with the FBI and had any relations or contacts with Jack Ruby (killer of Oswald). The Russians are to be told that in the opinion of Hall this whole thing followed a pattern which clearly indicated it could have been done by no one other than the ultraright and that Hall feels that Oswald was killed by the ultraright in order to prevent him from talking (U) (U) (U)

Informant demurred, advising Hall that it might be inadvisable to deliver such a message in that a security problem might be involved. Informant cited the fact that Mrs. Oswald undoubtedly is under surveillance by Secret Service and the FBI and for the Soviets to attempt to contact her might be dangerous. Hall replied there is no problem since Mrs. Oswald is a Soviet citizen and the Soviets are within their rights to talk to one of their own citizens. (U) (U) (U)

Comment: Mrs. Oswald has indicated a recent desire to remain in the United States. She has claimed she knew of no connection between Oswald and the ultraright or Ruby. Hall's message to the Soviets could make him look stupid since the Russians have been inclined to shy away from any connection between them and Oswald. (U) (U) (U)

Hall stated that the Soviets must be requested to cease making attempts to recruit people, especially those in the Communist Party youth movement, for study in Moscow without first "checking with us." (U) (U) (U)

[100-428091] (U)

TG:kmj
(6)

DEC 19 1963

Classified by 2104
Exempt from GDS, Category 1
Date of Review Indefinite
6/26/77
ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SENT TO
NATIONAL ARCHIVES (JFKARCA)
DATE 7/94/00 (JR)

SECRET

DEC 18 1963

DECLASSIFIED BY 51662 SL
ON 3-9-95 (JFK)

~~SECRET~~

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan

RE: [SOLO] (u)

100-428091 (u)

~~TOP SECRET~~

The CPUSA would like to have something to say with respect to the advisability of any individuals going to Moscow to study and the Soviets are too lax with respect to allowing "all kinds of persons go to Moscow." If at the time Oswald went to Moscow the CPUSA had been advised in advance of his contemplated travel, the Soviets might have been advised as a result of CPUSA investigation that Oswald was not the type of person to invite to Moscow. Hall expressed the opinion that at the time Oswald went to Moscow, the latter was operating in behalf of the FBI. Hall further stated Oswald "could have been a nut, too." (u)

ACTION:

For information.

L.S.

WGBH

to [signature]

✓ [signature]

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

F B I

Date: 12/11/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Conference on Common Market, Leipzig, German Democratic Republic, Late November, 1963."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

According to CG 5824-S*, the information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was developed through conversation with (FNU) CHERNIK and ZENICK WAGNER, 11/28/63.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified ~~TOP SECRET~~ since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

1-enc 50300 ENCLOSURE
3-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM) EX-105
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

NO DISSEMINATION

NO SPECIFIC
ORDINARY INTEREST

5 DEC 18 1963

Approved: *m f /*

Sent

M

Per

Special Agent in Charge

65 JAN 2 1964 *Delivered to M-3 W-8*

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C., in order to further protect this source.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.
December 11, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

CONFERENCE ON COMMON MARKET, LEIPZIG, GDR,
GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC, LATE
NOVEMBER, 1963

In early December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

According to representatives of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia (CP of CZ), a conference was being held at Leipzig, German Democratic Republic (GDR), during late November, 1963, on the subject of the Common Market. Attending this conference on behalf of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia was (first name unknown) Jandik who is in charge of relations with CPs in the important Western European capitalist countries such as Great Britain, France, and West Germany.

The source was unable to secure any further details regarding the above-noted conference.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

F B
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/10/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Activities of Morris Childs, London, England, November 2-4, 1963."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/2-4/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

1-enc 60333
ENCLOSURE
EX-105
REC 48
100-428091-3441
3-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

5 DEC 18 1963

1-1/2 SEC.
8

Approved: *RWH* *m7/12*
65 DEC 27 1963 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

ACTIVITIES OF MORRIS CHILDS, LONDON,
ENGLAND, NOVEMBER 2-4, 1963

On arrival in London, England, from New York City on BOAC Flight #600 during late a.m., Saturday, November 2, 1963, Morris Childs, Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) representative, en route to the USSR, picked up his luggage and proceeded by cab to the Piccadilly Hotel, Piccadilly and Regent Street W 1, London, where he registered under the name of Harold M. Jules. After the completion of his registration at this hotel, Childs departed on foot and after traveling several blocks secured a cab which took him to the entrance of Queen Kensington Park Gardens, London, a two-block long street on which many diplomatic establishments are located. From this point he again proceeded on foot to #6 Queen Kensington Park Gardens, the location of the Czech Embassy.

On arrival at the Embassy, it was found that the front doors were closed, locked, and barred and that no amount of bell ringing or knocking got response. As a result, Childs proceeded to the rear of the embassy where he found an open door and located several scrub women working on the premises. However, neither were able to understand English and he was therefore unable to communicate with them.

Shortly thereafter several embassy clerks were observed coming down a stairway en route home. One of these individuals spoke English and accordingly Childs informed this individual that he was an American businessman and wanted to see the person in charge. At the same time Childs pointed out that his business was urgent. The English-speaking embassy clerk then took Childs into an inner embassy room at which time Childs told the clerk that he wanted to see Comrade August. Childs was informed that August was not there and could not be contacted at the time. Childs then explained he needed a visa and if necessary they should telephone Prague. Thereafter, the clerk contacted the Consular representative and explained the situation to that individual. After an extended talk with the Consul, the clerk came back and informed Childs that someone with authority to issue a visa to Prague would be at the embassy soon. Finally, after approximately 45 minutes, this individual arrived. This individual noted that they had been informed of Childs' pending arrival but had not prepared as yet the visa for his travel to Prague. He indicated he could prepare such a visa

and asked Childs whether he desired a stamped-type visa or a loose visa for his passport. When Childs indicated he had no preference, the employee stated that a loose visa might be the best for him and that such a visa created no problem and was not unusual in Britain. In addition, this employee stated that all individuals departing from London via DEA utilize the same departure gate and, therefore, unless asked the specific destination, do not have to show a visa or a passport. This, he noted, was so because no American needs a visa for departure from Great Britain to travel to NATO countries of Europe.

At approximately 4:00 p.m., November 2, 1963, the embassy employee had finished the preparation of the visa and turned it over to Childs. Childs thanked the embassy employees for the time they had spent and the cooperation they had given him and shortly thereafter returned by an indirect route to the Piccadilly Hotel, where he remained there for the nights of November 2 and 3, 1963.

During the early a.m. of November 3, 1963, Childs confirmed reservations for DEA Flight #018 scheduled to depart London at 11:15 a.m., Monday, November 4, 1963. Upon contact he was informed that such reservations were being held for him. Early a.m., November 4, 1963, Childs checked out of his hotel and proceeded by cab to the London Airport. At the airport it was learned that British Customs officials now on a regular basis check the departures from Great Britain in compliance with currency regulations forbidding the taking from the country an excess of fifty English Pounds. While the amount of funds being carried out of the country was the only matter checked, and was no concern to Childs since he had less than that amount, it did cause him some concern because it represented a dual check by British authorities both on arrival and departure from the country. However, no delays resulted from this departure check by British officials and Childs left Monday for Prague at approximately 11:15 a.m.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

FBI

Date: 12/11/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Activities of Morris Childs, Communist Party, USA Representative, Moscow, USSR, November 6-9, 1963."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished on 12/2-6/63 by CG 5824-S* to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed informant's statement sets forth the contacts and general outline of CG 5824-S*'s activities in Moscow during the period 11/6-9/63. However, it is not intended that this informant's statement be all inclusive of the information developed by CG 5824-S* during this period since certain portions of that information have or will be incorporated into letterhead memoranda and/or informant's statements.

- 1-enc 908RB
 ③-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
 1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
 1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
 (5)

ENCLOSURE

EX-105

REC 48

100-428091-3442

DEC 18 1963

1 and destroyed 11/14/63
 12-16-63
 WASH DC

INT. SEC. 7

Approved: MJ/ey
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 DEC 27 1963

ACTIVITIES OF MORRIS CHILDS, COMMUNIST
PARTY, USA REPRESENTATIVE, MOSCOW, USSR,
NOVEMBER 6-9, 1963

After departing Prague, Czechoslovakia, by air during the afternoon of November 6, 1963, Morris Childs arrived in Moscow on the evening of the same date. On hand at the airport in Moscow to meet him and extend cordial greetings were Nikolai Vladimirovich Mostovets, Head of the North and South American Section of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU); Aleksei Andreovich Grechukhin, his assistant; and, Igor Mikhailov, an employee of the North and South American Section. While exchanging such greetings, Mostovets noted that this same group had been at the airport on the previous evening in hopes that Childs would arrive at that time. All were extremely happy that Childs had finally arrived but expressed disappointment over the fact that he was not accompanied by his wife Eve who is affectionately referred by them as "Pat."

After the completion of formalities of greetings, all individuals then proceeded to the private VIP section at the airport and after a brief stay at this point they all proceeded by automobile to the area of the Central Committee hotel in Moscow. In the area of the Central Committee hotel it was found that a new, small apartment building had been erected by the Central Committee of the CPSU for the housing of certain special guests. Childs was taken into this new apartment building and assigned to apartment 5. All facilities were prepared for him in advance including a short wave radio, a safe, library, television, as well as full-time maid service and attendants.

After having been settled in this apartment, general conversation occurred in which all individuals were involved. At this point, Mostovets noted that the pre-holiday meeting of the Presidium of the CPSU had been scheduled for that evening, November 6, 1963, at the Kremlin. However, since Childs was late in arriving in Moscow, they would all necessarily have to miss the affair. It was stated that they were hopeful that Childs would have arrived on November 5, 1963, and therefore had available a special invitation for him to attend this meeting of the Presidium. This meeting is one held annually on the eve of the November 7th celebration at which a main Party policy address is given by an important Party leader. This

year N. V. Podgorny of the Central Committee was scheduled to deliver the address and First Secretary, Nikita S. Khrushchev, was to be on hand. Subsequently, it was learned from Grechukhin that Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) who is now temporarily residing in Moscow, had been to this special meeting of the Presidium and that he had spoken to Khrushchev at the time. *CONFIDENTIAL*

Other general matters discussed included plans of Mostovets to depart for the United States as a member of an unofficial tourist group. Childs, in this connection, furnished Mostovets with the telephone number of Jack Kling, a person known to Mostovets, in Chicago in order that either he or Aron Vergelis, Editor of "Sovietish Heimland," the bimonthly Yiddish publication in the Soviet Union and who was to be a member of the tourist group, could contact if the need arose. At this same time, Mostovets noted that their tourist group had been delayed in leaving Moscow because of certain visa problems encountered at the U.S. Embassy in Moscow. Mostovets inquired as to the possibility of a visit to "The Worker" office in New York during his U.S. trip and as to how he might contact Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, Chairman of the CP, USA, with whom he is acquainted. After their general discussions, Mostovets noted that arrangements had been set up and a special ticket secured for Childs to attend the parade on November 7th and that Mikhailov would be at the apartment building to accompany him to this function on November 7th. It was also pointed out that a three-day holiday would occur during the period November 7-9, 1963, Thursday through Saturday, and that arrangements would be set up to socially entertain Childs. Since this was a holiday period, no work or official discussions would be considered or desired. However, Sunday, November 10, 1963, was being scheduled as an official work day in the Soviet Union in order to make up for some of the lost time.

On the morning of November 7th, as had been previously arranged, Mikhailov arrived at Childs' apartment with an automobile for the purpose of transporting and accompanying that individual to the parade. Accordingly, they proceeded to the reviewing area in Red Square where it had been arranged for the protection of Childs that he and Mikhailov be assigned positions among a group of Soviet nationals which was located some 400 yards to the left and above rear of the main body of reviewing Soviet officials which included Nikita S. Khrushchev. The military portion of this parade was extremely brief, possibly lasting not in excess of ten minutes. According to Mikhailov,

the only new item displayed at this time was the anti-missile missile recently reported as having been developed by Soviet military forces. The military portion of the parade was followed by an extensive parade of civilian groups which lasted for approximately several hours.

Following the events in Red Square, November 7th, Childs was later joined by Mostovets and Grochukhin and together these individuals spent the evening at supper.

During the following two days, November 8-9, 1963, a general social program was set up for the purpose of providing entertainment for Childs in order to occupy his time. Arrangements were made for him, and he did attend in the company of Mikhailov, a soccer game in Moscow. Later, he attended the theatre as a guest of Mikhailov and his wife. Also during this same period Grochukhin and his wife accompanied Childs to the ballet in Moscow. During his various contacts during this period, Childs presented gifts brought with him as tokens of appreciation from the CP, USA and himself. To Mostovets he gave a Cross pen and pencil set; to Grochukhin he made a similar presentation and to that individual's wife he presented a sweater which he had brought on behalf of his wife.

It was also during this same period that Childs arranged through the Central Committee of the CPSU to contact Timur Timofeev, Deputy Director, Institute of World Economy and International Affairs, Academy of Sciences of USSR, Moscow, and to visit with him and his family. During this visit, it was learned that Timur was disturbed by the fact that his mother, Peggy Dennis, San Francisco, California, never writes to him and he cannot understand the reason for this. It was also learned that Timur's wife is now engaged in the advance study of the English language at the Moscow University.

ROUTE 10 ENVELOPE

FBI

Date: 12/10/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Henry Winston, Vice Chairman, Communist Party, USA, Temporarily Residing Moscow, USSR." One copy of the above is also enclosed for New York.

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/4/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was developed during private discussions held with HENRY WINSTON in Moscow 11/20-22/63.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

Level 20011
③-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago
RW:MDW
(5)

ENCLOSURE

EX-105

REC 40

100-428091-3443
12-15-63
WFS/lees
AG (DPC) SAs
100-428091-3443

5 DEC 16 1963

Approved: MJ/CH

Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

65 JAN 7 1964

Re: Winston 12/10/63
12/10/63

100-428091-3443
IN. SEC. 1

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.
December 10, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

HENRY WINSTON, VICE CHAIRMAN, COMMUNIST PARTY,
USA, TEMPORARILY RESIDING MOSCOW, USSR

In early December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman, Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), who now is temporarily residing in Moscow, USSR, has made plans to travel to the German Democratic Republic (GDR) in early December, 1963. In the GDR, Winston intends to make contact with Paul Robeson, Sr., who is now in a sanitarium near Berlin. It is also possible that while in the GDR Winston may attend an assembly sponsored by the Socialist Unity Party of Germany (SUPG) which was scheduled to commence on December 8, 1963.

After completion of his visit to the GDR, Winston will travel to Prague, Czechoslovakia, where he will be the guest of the "World Marxist Review," official theoretical organ of the international communist movement. In Prague, Czechoslovakia, Winston, with the aid of the staff members of the "World Marxist Review," will prepare an article for publication in the magazine entitled, "National Independence, U.S. Imperialism and Neo-Colonialism." The "World Marxist Review" already has assigned research people to this matter and in fact Winston's only task will be generally to review the material and have it placed in proper order for publication.

As of late November, 1963, Winston planned that he would be finished with his work in Prague and be back in Moscow by the New Year holiday, 1964.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

Group 1

excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

*PAUL ROBESON, SR.
GDR*

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

~~TOP SECRET~~

The Attorney General

December 18, 1963

Director, FBI

SOLO

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Evans
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Baumgardner
- 1 - Mr. Wannall
- 1 - Mr. R. W. Smith
- 1 - Mr. Shaw

Zenik Wagner, an official of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist-Party of Czechoslovakia, who specializes in Latin-American affairs, furnished the following comments to most sensitive sources of this Bureau concerning the caches of arms recently discovered on the beaches of Venezuela.

The Communist Party of Czechoslovakia has verified that the arms shipments discovered on the beaches in Venezuela were, in fact, shipped from Cuba. This matter was handled in a clumsy, uncoordinated way and, as a result, millions of dollars worth of arms were lost. The Cubans did not consult with the Czechs or the Russians on these shipments and, as a matter of fact, the Czechs and Russians do not know whom the Cubans were negotiating with among the Venezuelans. The Czechs and the Russians are very disturbed concerning the handling of these shipments of arms by the Cubans to the communist terrorists in Venezuela.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, which have furnished reliable information in the past, we have classified this communication "Top Secret." This information has been furnished to the Honorable Walter W. Jenkins, Special Assistant to the President, and other interested officials of the Government.

100-428091

REC-12 100-428091-3444

1 - The Deputy Attorney General

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

WGS:rbm
(12)

~~TOP SECRET~~

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

(SEE NOTE PAGE 2)

65 DEC 20 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

~~TOP SECRET~~

The Attorney General

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation would result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. See memo Baumgardner to W. C. Sullivan 12/17/63 captioned "Solo, Internal Security - C," WGS:kmj, and Chicago airtel 12/11/63, also bearing the Solo caption.

- 2 -
~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

~~TOP SECRET~~

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 11-18-2011

- 1 - Liaison
- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. Wannall
- 1 - Mr. Shaw

(IS) 100-428091

Date: December 18, 1963

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: CUBAN-SOVIET RELATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA

Solo

DEC 18 4 27 PM '63

The following information, supplied in December 1963, by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past, is being brought to your attention as a matter of possible interest.

Officials of the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), are very disturbed with the behavior of Cuban Premier Fidel Castro. They believe that Castro had been completely wrong in not accepting the offer of aid from the United States and the American Red Cross immediately after the recent hurricane which devastated Cuba. In the opinion of these CPSU officials, Cuba was made to look foolish in the eyes of the world when Castro subsequently admitted four Quakers for the purpose of furnishing aid to the Cuban people.

There are no good words for Cuba among the leadership of the CPSU. However, diplomatically the Soviet Union cannot cease its assistance to the Cuban regime, much as it disagrees with Castro's policies. Nevertheless, among the Soviet people as a whole there is a great deal of sympathy for Cuba which is a result of Soviet Government sponsored demonstrations. In the Soviet Union there are regularly held "Evenings for Latin American Solidarity," at which support is stressed for Latin-American countries "oppressed by United States imperialism." These demonstrations are for Latin American solidarity in general rather than for any one country and they do not endorse concrete acts of particular Latin American Communist Parties.

BY COURIER SVC.
10 DEC 19
COMM-FBI

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

WGS:mjh
(8)

EXCLUDED FROM AUTOMATIC
DOWNGRADING AND
DECLASSIFICATION

(SEE NOTE PAGE 2)

65 DEC 20 1963

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

DEC 19 1963

WGS

~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

It is the assessment of the CPSU leadership that at the time of the Cuban revolution, the Cuban Communist Party was not a real Marxist-Leninist Party strong enough to seize the opportune moment and take over the governing power of Cuba. Now the Soviet Union has been placed in the position where it has to "worship Fidel" in order to retain any position at all in Cuba.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources we have classified this communication "~~Top Secret~~."

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of the information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*, who is referred to as sources in order to further protect his identity. Information extracted from Chicago airtel 12-11-63 entitled "Solo, IS-C" containing letterhead memorandum captioned "Status of Cuban-Soviet Relations." CG 5824-S* obtained this information as a result of confidential discussions with Soviet officials in Moscow during the course of Solo Mission 14, 11-1-63 to 12-2-63.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

December 18, 1963

BY LIAISON

Mr. Frank J. Denny
Director
National Indications Center
Room EC 959, The Pentagon
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Denny:

Zenik Wagner, an official of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia, who specializes in Latin-American affairs, furnished the following comments to most sensitive sources of this Bureau concerning the caches of arms recently discovered on the beaches of Venezuela.

The Communist Party of Czechoslovakia has verified that the arms shipments discovered on the beaches in Venezuela were, in fact, shipped from Cuba. This matter was handled in a clumsy, uncoordinated way and, as a result, millions of dollars worth of arms were lost. The Cubans did not consult with the Czechs or the Russians on these shipments and, as a matter of fact, the Czechs and Russians do not know whom the Cubans were negotiating with among the Venezuelans. The Czechs and the Russians are very disturbed concerning the handling of these shipments of arms by the Cubans to the communist terrorists in Venezuela.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, which have furnished reliable information in the past, we have classified this communication "~~Top Secret~~." This information is being furnished to other interested officials of the Government.

REC-12

Sincerely yours,

100-428091

WGS:rbm
(11)

DEC 20 1963

TOP SECRET
Group 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

(SEE NOTE PAGE 2)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

DEC 18 11 32 AM '63
REC'D-READING ROOM

0-1 to CG 12/20/63
Re Butler 11/18/63
WGS/bkm

delivered
12/19/63
WGS

0
Solo

~~TOP SECRET~~

Mr. Frank J. Denny
Director
National Indications Center
Room EC 956, The Pentagon

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation would result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. See memo Baumgardner to W. C. Sullivan, 12/17/63 captioned "Solo, Internal Security - C," WGS:kmj, and Chicago airtel 12/11/63, also bearing the Solo caption.

- 2 -

~~TOP SECRET~~

F B I

Date: 12/11/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

ReCGairtel dated 12/6/63 and enclosed letterhead memorandum captioned, "(First Name Unknown) Jandik, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia."

During interview with CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 source stated that he desired to correct the statement made earlier by him that he had met with (FNU) JANDIK in Prague on both 11/4 and 28/63. He stated he had reviewed his limited notes concerning activities in Prague and that he had only met with JANDIK on 11/4 and 6/63 and not 11/28/63. He had learned from another source that JANDIK was at Leipzig, German Democratic Republic, on 11/28/63.

Accordingly, the Bureau and New York are requested to make the following change in reairtel of 12/6/63, page 1, paragraph 3, line 3, so it will read: "11/4 and 6/63" instead of "11/4 and 28/63." Chicago copy has been corrected.

1-2 Bureau (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Info) 1 (RM)
1-Chicago
RVH:MDW
(5)

REC

100-428091-3447
17 DEC 17 1963

CONFIDENTIAL

Approved: *mg/*
65 DEC 26 1963 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

FBI

Date: 12/5/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL - REGISTERED
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (66-1700)

RE: (SOLO)
IS - C

~~Reference on: 6A02~~

07 to LA, NY, & CG
10/6/76 (copy attached)

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Bureau Airtel to SAC, New York, 5/14/63, captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith the original and three copies of a Letterhead Memorandum entitled "Soviet Reaction to the Assassination of President of the United States JOHN F. KENNEDY on 11/22/63."

Information set forth in enclosed Letterhead Memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/3/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information contained herein was obtained by the source during the days immediately following the assassination of President KENNEDY in discussions with BORIS N. PONOMAREV, a member of the Secretariat and head of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party, Soviet Union (CCPSU), and with V. KORJANOV, Deputy to PONOMAREV. Immediately after the assassination, the source was informed that he had been called upon to meet with NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the USSR and First Secretary of the CCPSU, for a discussion of this event and a briefing on the policies of the new President, LYNDON B. JOHNSON. However, since KHRUSHCHEV was at that time entertaining the Prime Minister of Denmark, was preparing for a Plenum to open 12/8/63 and for the opening of the Supreme Soviet, and was awaiting the return of

- 3- Bureau (Encs. - 4) (RM)
1- Chicago (134-46 Sub B) (Enc. - 1) (RM)
1- New York (100-134637) (Enc. - 1) (RM)
1- Los Angeles

WAB:JM

~~(6)~~

Classified by 7339 ~~SECRET~~ DEC 19 1969

~~Exempt from GDS, Category 2~~

~~Date of Declassification Indefinite~~

Sent 12/11/2013 M

Per ALB

Approved: DEC 27 1962

Special Agent in Charge

15/6/76

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

LA 66-1700

~~SECRET~~

President of the USSR LEONID I. BREZHNEV from Iran; it became evident that KHRUSHCHEV would not be able to meet with the source prior to the source's return to the United States. Therefore, urgent discussions were arranged with the above members of the CCCPSU, who would subsequently apprise KHRUSHCHEV of their contents.

CG 5824-S* was kept fully informed of all dispatches in this matter as soon as they were received in Moscow. IGOR MICHAELOV, a member of the International Department, CCCPSU, brought to the source the teletype accounts of the assassination and the subsequent slaying of LEE HARVEY OSWALD soon after their receipt. MICHAELOV informed the source that these accounts were being made available only to the highest levels of the CPSU, the Soviet Government and the press, and in fact cautioned the source that after reading them, he was to place them in his safe and that not even HENRY WINSTON, Vice Chairman of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), residing in Moscow, was to be allowed to see them.

The enclosed Letterhead Memorandum has been classified ~~Top Secret~~ since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly-placed sensitive source, who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national security.

The enclosed Letterhead Memorandum has also been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to afford further protection to this source.

~~SECRET~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 100-428091

Washington, D.C.
December 5, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

Soviet Reaction to the Assassination
of President of the United States.
John F. Kennedy on November 22, 1963

During early December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

On November 22, 1963, the date of the assassination of the President of the United States John F. Kennedy, the source was in contact with officials on the highest levels of the Central Committee, Communist Party, Soviet Union (CCCPSU). The source advised that the news of this assassination was greeted by great shock and consternation among these officials, who expressed their grief, which was characterized by a sentimentality rarely displayed among such officials, a number of whom actually wept. Initially, complete dispatches being received by teletype describing the events in Dallas, Texas, were confined to the highest circles of the Communist Party, Soviet Union (CPSU), the Soviet Government, and the press. After the first days, Soviet radio and television gave complete and sympathetic coverage to broadcasts carried over Telstar and Eurovision. They gave respectful and objective coverage of even such observances as the tolling of church bells and the offering of prayers in the memory of President Kennedy. Soviet officials expressed extreme distaste at the disrespect to the President's memory displayed by the fact that some other European radio stations continued to broadcast light entertainment and jazz programs. They characterized this in such terms as "Horrible! Horrible!" and "Such disrespect!"

According to the source, high Soviet officials were worried about what would be future developments in the world situation resulting from this act and expressed the belief that the assassination was the spark that was going

~~TOP SECRET~~

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

100-83
9542-88A/478
Declassify on: OADR

~~TOP SECRET~~

Soviet Reaction to the Assassination
of President of the United States
John F. Kennedy on November 22, 1963

to initiate a coup in which the ultra-right element and all those reactionaries who disagreed with the Kennedy policies, that favor some sort of detente on disarmament, and the settlement of disputes by negotiations, would take power and if they did take power, there would be some in the military or high places in the United States who would set off a world conflagration. They expressed the thought that the assassination was an effort by President Kennedy's opponents in the ultra-right and those whose interests would profit from military disputes, including the "new millionaires of Texas," to accomplish "another Reichstag fire" frame-up. Several officials recalled that when Adolph Hitler pulled his coup in Germany, his group took one Vanderlubbe out of a lunatic asylum, said he was a communist, set the Reichstag on fire, and blamed the communists. They started a roundup and smashed their opposition under the guise of an anti-communist campaign. Soviet officials were convinced that the assassination of President Kennedy might be the beginning of the same type thing by the fascist pro-war element to use the anti-communist sentiment in the United States.

Officials noted that the United States armament interests, the oil trusts, the banks, etc., who would be interested in utilizing such a thing as the assassination of the President, might move to stop negotiations by the United States with the Soviet Union and other socialist countries, attack Cuba, and then spread the war. As a result of this analysis by these officials during the first few days following the assassination, the USSR was in a state of national alert. Everyone, both Party and Government, was working night and day and orders were given for everyone to be ready for a state of war. Officials called the assassination the beginning of a coup or a new Vanderlubbe conspiracy.

On November 25, 1963, a representative of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), then in Moscow, USSR, met

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Soviet Reaction to the Assassination
of President of the United States
John F. Kennedy on November 22, 1963

with Boris N. Ponomarev, a member of the Secretariat and head of the International Department, CCCPSU. According to Ponomarev, the entire situation of relations between the Soviet Union and the United States had changed as a result of the assassination of President Kennedy and the policies of the CPSU and the CPUSA had to be completely redefined. Ponomarev's immediate and chief concern was what kind of a man is the new President of the United States, Lyndon B. Johnson. He expressed concern as to whether Johnson would be able to carry through any policies which might depart radically from the policies of President Kennedy. A prime worry was that Johnson might embark on some adventurous policy and make concessions to this ultra-right group which had assassinated Kennedy.

Calling attention to the statement concerning the assassination which was issued by Fidel Castro of Cuba, Ponomarev observed that even if the CPSU does not agree with some parts of this statement, in the main, it is correct. Calling attention to the anti-Kennedy tone of the statement issued by the People's Republic of China on this matter, Ponomarev observed that the People's Republic of China (PRC) publications had carried the most contemptuous stories and cartoons. Specifically, he mentioned a cartoon showing Kennedy falling head first onto the ground, bearing the caption to the effect, "So another one hit the dust" and stated that this is beneath contempt but that nothing better can be expected from the Chinese.

Turning to the effect of the assassination upon the CPUSA, Ponomarev indicated that it was his opinion that the CPUSA may face some serious trouble as a result. He observed that the United States press is trying to connect Lee Harvey Oswald, who was arrested for the assassination, with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, with Marxists, and may even say Oswald was a communist. In his opinion, there is going to be some kind of panic in certain circles in the United States. They may start a big anti-communist campaign in which they will use the attack against the CPUSA as a prelude to a foreign policy change. Ponomarev stated that

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

Soviet Reaction to the Assassination
of President of the United States
John F. Kennedy on November 22, 1963

it is important that the CPUSA do everything possible to find ways to fight back against this anti-Party, anti-Soviet, anti-Cuban campaign.

Recalling that on November 24, 1963, there appeared in the United States press a statement issued by the United States State Department that the assassination was in no way connected with any foreign government, although this statement was buried in the back pages of the newspaper, Ponomarev stated that no matter how little attention it received, it was important that the United States Government made such a statement.

Ponomarev observed that when President Kennedy was assassinated, it must have been clear for all to see and the entire world must know that he was killed by some reactionary maniac and not by communists. Only maniacs would think that the left forces in the United States as represented by the CPUSA would assassinate Kennedy, especially in view of all the abuse the CPUSA had taken from the ultra-left as a result of their support of the Kennedy policies of peaceful coexistence and disarmament. Ponomarev asserted that the assassination of President Kennedy was evidently caused by those circles who are against the easing of tensions in the world and who are against peace and disarmament. He stated that the Soviet Government is convinced that the ultra-right had a hand in the assassination. He observed that at first it was possible to assume that there would be a wave of revulsion against the ultra-right but then it became apparent that the Dallas, Texas, Police Department was cooperating with the very same people who killed Kennedy, and possibly the same is true even of the FBI.

Ponomarev raised the question whether it is possible to turn the tide against the ultra-right in the United States today. He commented favorably upon the fact that the CPUSA has made a major contribution over the past few years in taking the lead in denouncing the dangers from the ultra-right.

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Ponomarev was incredulous and was completely puzzled as to the motivation behind the slaying of Lee Harvey Oswald. He could not understand why it was done but expressed the opinion that Oswald was slain because the legal authorities had no case against him. What he could not understand in regard to Oswald was why he was killed since thus was destroyed the only evidence the authorities had.

Turning his attention to the investigation into the assassination of the President and the slaying of Oswald, Ponomarev wondered aloud whether the blood relationship to the President of Robert Kennedy, the Attorney General of the United States, would lead him to take a genuine interest in the investigation. Ponomarev expressed some doubts whether there are forces in the United States who are really interested in such an investigation. However, if there are, it would be possible for left forces to deliver a real blow against reactionaries and war mongers. He stated that it must be understood by all, even those who do not understand jurisprudence, that the police were involved in this whole thing. He expressed the hope that there are trade union forces in the United States that will be willing to show after the investigation that the ultra-right was really responsible, in the last analysis, for this crime.

According to Ponomarev, it is very important now for the CPUSA to mobilize all its forces, to point to the ultra-right, and to show the connection between the ultra-right and the assassination of the President, if not in fact, at least that the actions of the ultra-right do lead to violence and assassination. He noted that if the CPUSA can take the lead in this, it would be very good. If a united front can be developed on these issues, especially for peace, it would involve many elements not limited to progressives and this also would be good. Contacts among the people working in peace organizations should be made, even if they are not communists, to show them the seriousness of the situation. They should be reminded of the past history of frame-ups in the United States. He particularly cited.

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the Tom Mooney case in California, the Haymarket Riot case, and the Sacco-Venzetti trial. The CPUSA must show this past history of frame-ups in the United States for their own protection. It is now necessary to utilize every possibility that arises out of this event to broaden the democratic impulses of the people. An effort must be made to locate a Senator who could take the lead to prevent a cover-up of this dastardly crime. A motion must be made in Congress to set up a committee to investigate and get all the facts. Ponomarev expressed uncertainty as to whether or not Oswald was actually the killer. He observed that this case is not precisely like the case of Vanderlubbe because the Nazis saved the life of Vanderlubbe, put him up on the stand as a witness, and then later executed him for the crime, but in this case the forces behind the assassination killed Oswald and destroyed the only evidence they had. According to Ponomarev, Jack Ruby was obviously told to commit this murder of Oswald and Ponomarev described Ruby as "this cheap cabaret owner with Chicago hoodlum connections."

Returning to the subject of the late President Kennedy, Ponomarev observed that during the Presidency of John F. Kennedy, he won the sympathy of the Soviet people. During that time, both governments had a great deal of contact and were able to sit down and talk. Even if they did not solve all of their problems, they were able to try. Kennedy's assassination has created a serious situation for the Soviets, for the United States, and for the entire world. Ponomarev exclaimed that he just cannot understand why the United States has not passed a law to keep people like Oswald from getting guns. In obvious agitation, Ponomarev expressed his perplexity, stating, "I can't understand it. DeGaulle gets away with it but how could this happen in a country like the United States where there is an orderly transition of government. If this had happened in Latin America, we could understand it but not in the United States."

Ponomarev then turned to the question of the correct tactic for the CPUSA. He said the task is to

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think things out in light of the new situation. He again emphasized the mobilization of the democratic-minded masses against the ultra-right. The CPUSA tactic of denouncing the ultra-right is more correct now and their tactic of mobilization of the masses is more true now than ever before. Ponomarev expressed the hope that President Johnson would continue like President Kennedy to attempt to reach some understanding in United States relations with the USSR. Nevertheless, the CPUSA must mobilize opinion against the ultra-right because he will be under severe pressure. As a result of this assassination, some people in high places might push a policy of an immediate attack against Cuba. On the basis of the CPUSA correct policy, the effort must be made to see if even President Johnson can be pressured into a correct policy for peace.

The essence of the above discussion with Ponomarev was that the USSR is hoping that President Johnson will continue along the same line as that pursued by President Kennedy so that the CPSU will not be required to develop an entirely new line in its international relations. Ponomarev stressed the fact that the CPUSA should continue to attack the ultra-right and leave alone those who favor peace.

On the following day, November 26, 1963, in a subsequent discussion with this representative of the CPUSA, Ponomarev displayed the CPSU file concerning Lee Harvey Oswald. Quoting extensively from this file, Ponomarev disclaimed any connection whatsoever between Oswald and the USSR. Ponomarev described him as a "no good, neurotic maniac, disloyal to his own country and everything else." Reading from the file, Ponomarev described how Oswald had requested to be allowed to live in the Soviet Union. The Soviets, believing that he might be ideologically motivated, allowed him to stay and sent him to work in Minsk, the administrative capital of the Republic of Byelorussia, where he subsequently married a Russian girl. He thought he would have a soft touch in the Soviet Union but when he found it was not a soft touch, he wanted to go home. Therefore, they said to Oswald, "Goodbye" and "Good riddance." Subsequently he expressed his desire to return to the Soviet Union. He went to the USSR Embassy and

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requested a visa but was informed that there would be a long delay. He became belligerent, acted like a "hooligan," and cursed and swore at the Embassy personnel. They had to literally throw him out. Then he went to the Cuban Embassy and requested a transit visa to the USSR. The Cubans informed him that they could not issue a transit visa unless he had a visa from the country of his destination and in any event there would be a three-week delay in obtaining his visa. Once again he acted like a "hooligan" and the Cubans also had to literally throw him out.

Ponomarev advised that the USSR was then preparing to turn over their entire file concerning Oswald to the government of the United States. This was being done in order to prove to the United States that Oswald had no connection whatsoever with the USSR. It was Ponomarev's belief that the very fact that the USSR would not accept him back again is proof that they have completely dissociated themselves from him. According to Ponomarev, the contents of the CPSU file on Oswald will prove to the United States that Oswald was no responsibility of theirs. Ponomarev stated he wished this information to be communicated to Gus Hall, General Secretary, CPUSA, so that he will know that the CPSU is cooperating with the United States Government on this and that this action was good for the CPUSA. Ponomarev stated that they considered Oswald a very "peculiar" person with no class consciousness and that he is only called a Marxist by the United States press because he was in the Soviet Union. Ponomarev stated that Oswald was never in any organization in the USSR, was never accorded Soviet citizenship, and as far as the USSR is concerned, they consider Oswald a deserter from the United States Marine Corps.

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On November 26, 1963, the representative of the CPUSA held a discussion concerning the assassination of President John F. Kennedy with V. Korianov, Chief Deputy to Boris N. Ponomarev. According to Korianov, it is not important who killed President Kennedy. What is important, is who master minded it. This crime was certainly a blow against the Kennedy policies and administration. It was also a blow against the CPUSA, against the CPSU and against Cuba. Korianov also went into the resemblance of the assassination of President Kennedy to the Reichstag fire. He stated that we are possibly witnessing the beginning of the drive to put the ultra-right in power in the United States. He exclaimed that there is no example in history comparable to such a scene as the killing of Lee Harvey Oswald. He commented that when the Nazis set fire to the Reichstag, there was no television, but this happened in Dallas, Texas and was witnessed by millions of people on television. According to Korianov, this crime was obviously well thought out. The object, in the opinion of the U.S.S.R. was to terrorize those who stand in the way of a take over by the ultra-right and the most reactionary forces in the United States.

In the first days following the assassination, the United States was obviously in a state of shock. Everything looked disorderly and wild. It was a scene without precedent in the history of the United States. But those who thought out this crime figured on just this type reaction. But now this shock is over. According to Korianov, perhaps it is correct to say that a mass campaign can be developed on this matter. Korianov observed that when he would speak about the difficult days ahead for the CPUSA, he did not want to be too pessimistic. In his opinion, this unprecedented act of terror is not an indication of the strength of reaction. It is quite possible that if American public opinion is developed correctly, this big plot that was master minded by the reactionaries can be stopped.

Korianov continued, there are objective reasons

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as to why this crime took place and why it can be stopped. It is easy to explain how this would happen in Latin America, in the Congo or in South Vietnam, but when it happens in a country such as the United States with a long democratic history and many traditions of democracy, it is another story. This is an act that is a "spit in the face of humanity", "an insult to American humanitarianism". The country that gave the world Abraham Lincoln and Franklin Delano Roosevelt, such people cannot stand calmly by in the face of such monstrous crimes.

Korianov noted, there are avenues where a possible campaign can be carried on against these terrorists despite the activities of the fascists. Obviously those who believe in democracy are not united in a central organization. However, keep in mind that despite all the reactionary laws that perpetuate Jim Crow, there is an upsurge in the United States. There is a force that would fight reaction. The Soviet Union says that the unknown assassin was shooting not only at President Kennedy, but at the forward movement of history. It is clear that the assassination of President Kennedy was to have created a pallor of fear over the United States, but the correct policy of the CPUSA when it raised its voice and pointed to the danger of the fascists and rightists must now remind millions of people of this fact and even if these millions would not listen to the CPUSA before, life itself is a great teacher. Life proves that the communists are always correct.

Korianov pointed to the example of Algeria, from which country he had recently returned. He stated that when the war started in Algeria only the Communist Party of France was against it and the Communist Party in France was pictured as a group of scoundrels and traitors, holding allegiance to a foreign government, i.e., the Soviet Union. History showed that even Charles de Gaulle had to recognize this war for what it was and had to stop the war in Algeria. Although de Gaulle is the man in power, millions of Frenchmen learned who had projected this correct policy

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of stopping the war in Algeria. As in the Algerian situation, so in the American situation, life is the greatest teacher. Who knows? Some historians in the future will discover that even John F. Kennedy took a position against the ultra-right because he too perhaps had learned from the Communist Party. Millions who heard the shots in Dallas will remember who first raised its voice against the ultra-right.

According to Korianov, there is another objective reason why the events in the United States can be turned against the ultra-right. He noted that there are serious differences among the ruling class in the United States. It is a fact that Kennedy promoted people into high positions that were more democratically-minded. Therefore, if President Johnson would want to change things very rapidly, he could not do it. Robert Kennedy would have his word to say also, and there would be good reasons with which to start a fight. In addition, there are personal interests involving Robert Kennedy. After all, the murdered man is his blood brother and does not this call for revenge? He would never stand for the covering up of the true murderer. Also there are some very influential people in Government and, while they may be anti-communist, they recognize that the deeper interests of the nation are at stake and they too would fight a cover up.

Therefore, in Korianov's words, there are objective reasons for a campaign in the United States against the ultra-right. The election is less than a year away. The Democratic Party's chances are reduced, but they are not hopeless. Korianov stated that if he were an American, he would vote for the Democratic Party. He noted that there are some basic reasons to look forward hopefully. If President Johnson tried to break with the traditions of Kennedy, he can't, because the world won't let him. But the democratic forces must be alert for the ultras in all countries who will push for a change in policy. The Germans are already pushing for such a change, having their own interests in mind. Also, it is no accident that

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de Gaulle came to Kennedy's funeral, but the people in these countries have a different opinion. For example, the people and government in Great Britain will not agree if the United States policy should make a drastic change.

Korianov summarized: Now the reaction will try to turn the fight against the Soviet Union, against the CPUSA, and against Cuba. They may make a desperate attempt. This does not prove the strength or firmness of their position. On the contrary, it may prove their weaknesses. Also, there are objective conditions in the United States to turn events into the opposite of what the ultras expect. The international climate in the world is not favorable to gangsters. The events can be changed from an anti-communist campaign into a campaign for democracy and peace and the Communist Party will play its glorious role.

In summarizing his impressions gleaned from discussions with the above officials of the CPSU and with others in the Soviet Union, the source made the following observations:

Soviet officials were terribly shocked by the assassination of President Kennedy to the point of emotional upset. They were shocked to the point where they actually believed that there is some large well-organized conspiracy on the part of the ultra-right to effect a coup. With the passage of time and after receiving a message from President Johnson in reply to the Soviet letter of condolences, they have now changed their mind a little bit. They have the idea that Johnson is a reasonable man, but being practical men they are waiting to observe his deeds to see whether they match his words.

Soviet officials are convinced that there is an organized conspiracy on the part of the ultra-right and they are convinced that the assassination of President Kennedy was not the deed of one man, but grows out of a certain well-calculated campaign. They believe that others had part in the planning of this crime. They were also of the opinion that the planners of the assassination figured on taking

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advantage of the initial shock of the United States because people would unthinkingly give way to hysteria. The ultra-right, the generals, the admirals, etc. would utilize this to press for a drastic change of policies leading to war, for example an attack on Cuba. Such an act of aggression would result in a de facto state of war before the people of the United States have time to even think about it.

Many functionaries in the CPUSA, in the government of the U.S.S.R., as well as the population at large, were affected by the assassination of Kennedy to the point of extreme sentimentality. They believe that the United States, like the U.S.S.R., is that power that to a large extent, like the U.S.S.R., controls the destiny of humanity. That is why they are worried. Now they are waiting to see what President Johnson will do. Soviet officials expressed very great interest concerning Johnson's policies, his politics, his connections and the interests from which he speaks. They have somewhat recovered from the condition of the first few days when they were in a state of emotional shock and in a state of national alert and were also afraid that someone might push the wrong button. They were worried about the possibility of a military attack unfolding and about an anti-Party campaign taking place in the United States, but they were particularly worried that this might lead to a worsening of relations between the United States and the U.S.S.R. and the other socialist countries. They would then have to start all over building up contacts and understandings built up over the last year of the Kennedy administration. While Soviet officials do feel that the situation has now improved somewhat, nevertheless they think there are dangers ahead unless a mobilization of opinion against the ultra-right can be effected.

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Routing Slip
0-7 (Rev. 7-11-75)

(Copies to Offices Checked)

TO: SAC:

<input type="checkbox"/> Albany	<input type="checkbox"/> Houston
<input type="checkbox"/> Albuquerque	<input type="checkbox"/> Indianapolis
<input type="checkbox"/> Alexandria	<input type="checkbox"/> Jackson
<input type="checkbox"/> Anchorage	<input type="checkbox"/> Jacksonville
<input type="checkbox"/> Atlanta	<input type="checkbox"/> Kansas City
<input type="checkbox"/> Baltimore	<input type="checkbox"/> Knoxville
<input type="checkbox"/> Birmingham	<input type="checkbox"/> Las Vegas
<input type="checkbox"/> Boston	<input type="checkbox"/> Little Rock
<input type="checkbox"/> Buffalo	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Los Angeles
<input type="checkbox"/> Butte	<input type="checkbox"/> Louisville
<input type="checkbox"/> Charlotte	<input type="checkbox"/> Memphis
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chicago	<input type="checkbox"/> Miami
<input type="checkbox"/> Cincinnati	<input type="checkbox"/> Milwaukee
<input type="checkbox"/> Cleveland	<input type="checkbox"/> Minneapolis
<input type="checkbox"/> Columbia	<input type="checkbox"/> Mobile
<input type="checkbox"/> Dallas	<input type="checkbox"/> Newark
<input type="checkbox"/> Denver	<input type="checkbox"/> New Haven
<input type="checkbox"/> Detroit	<input type="checkbox"/> New Orleans
<input type="checkbox"/> El Paso	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New York City
<input type="checkbox"/> Honolulu	<input type="checkbox"/> Norfolk

TO LEGAT:

<input type="checkbox"/> Bern
<input type="checkbox"/> Bonn
<input type="checkbox"/> Brasilia
<input type="checkbox"/> Buenos Aires
<input type="checkbox"/> Caracas
<input type="checkbox"/> Hong Kong
<input type="checkbox"/> London
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<input type="checkbox"/> Manila
<input type="checkbox"/> Mexico City
<input type="checkbox"/> Ottawa
<input type="checkbox"/> Paris
<input type="checkbox"/> Rome
<input type="checkbox"/> Tel Aviv
<input type="checkbox"/> Tokyo

RE:

SOLO (C)
IS-C

Date 10/6/76

☐ For information ☐ Retention optional ☒ For appropriate action ☐ Surep, by _____
☐ The enclosed is for your information. If used in a future report, ☐ conceal all sources, ☐ paraphrase contents.
☐ Enclosed are corrected pages from report of SA _____ dated _____

Remarks:

RE: AA/T and LHM dated 12/5/63.

Reference airtel should be classified
~~Top Secret~~. Classified by 7339, Exempt from
GDS, Category 2 and 3, Effective 10/6/76.

Classified by 7339
Exempt from GDS, Category 2+3
Date of Declassification Indefinite

Enc.

Bufile

Urfile CGfile 134-46 Sub B

NYfile 100-134637

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REX 115, 6

FBI

ROUTED IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C
(OO: CG)

ReNYairtel to Bureau, captioned as above, dated 12/7/63.

Further details regarding the conference between NY 694-S* and ALEKSEI KOLOBASHKIN, the informant's Soviet contact, on 12/6/63, are as follows: Russia NY

KOLOBASHKIN referred to the fact that on the evening of Tuesday, 11/26/63, NY 694-S* had transmitted to the Soviets, by "walkie talkie", a message reflecting that the Helen drop would be utilized on the evening of Wednesday, 11/27/63. KOLOBASHKIN stated that the Soviets had received the message from NY 694-S*, the message being "loud and clear", and that they had gone to the informant's neighborhood at 10:00 p.m. on that same evening to acknowledge, through their own "walkie talkie" that they had received the informant's message.

- 3 - BUREAU (100-428091) (RM) REC-117
 1 - CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B) (AM RM) 100-428091-3949 (LAST)
 1 - NY 134-91 (Inv) (41)
 1 - NY 105-36402 (ALEKSEI KOLOBASHKIN) (341)
 1 - NY 100-84994 (GUS HALL) (414)
 1 - NY 100-134637 (41)

ACB:WGC:mfd (#41)

66 JAN 3 1964

NO DEC 10 1963

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Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 DEC 20 1963

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KOLOBASHKIN stated that on the evening of Wednesday, 11/27/63, he had gone to the Helen drop and became quite concerned and apprehensive when he determined that there had been nothing left there for him. He returned to the Helen drop later on the same evening and ascertained that no package had been left for him. He stated that in view of the assassination of President KENNEDY, the Soviets were extremely worried about the fact that the informant had not left any package at the Helen drop as he had indicated he would, and felt that there was possibly "something wrong."

NY 694-S* explained to KOLOBASHKIN that after having sent the message to the Soviets earlier in the evening on 11/26/63, he had returned to his home and awaited a message from the Soviets which he never did receive. Informant stated that for that reason, he felt that the Soviets, in view of the general, tense situation, had decided not to go to the Helen drop on the evening of 11/27/63. The informant stated that he therefore waited until the evening of November 28th, when he again sent a message by "walkie talkie" to the Soviets indicating that he would utilize the Helen drop on the evening of November 29th. He stated that he had again awaited acknowledgement of this signal later on the evening of November 28th, but had received no message from the Soviets.

KOLOBASHKIN stated that again on November 28th, the Soviets had received the informant's signal "loud and clear", and again had gone to the area of the informant's home where they sent him a message by "walkie talkie" indicating that they had received his message.

In discussing this situation, informant and KOLOBASHKIN agreed that there was apparently something "mechanically wrong" with their "walkie talkie" operation and that apparently it involved reception in the informant's home area of Soviet "walkie talkie" signals. It was agreed that the "walkie talkie" operation be tested on Wednesday evening, 12/11/63, at 10:00 p.m.

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and again on Thursday morning, 12/12/63, at 10:00 a.m. when the Soviets would go to the informant's neighborhood and attempt to send him a message by "walkie talkie". It was agreed that whether or not the informant received said signals he would go to the area of the Soviets' headquarters at 7:00 p.m. on Thursday night, 12/12/63, and send a message indicating whether or not he had received the aforementioned signals from the Soviets.

In the event that the informant does not receive the Soviet signals, it was agreed that should the Soviets find it necessary to contact him again in December, the informant would be notified to that effect by radio from Moscow. It was further agreed that in any event, the informant and KOLOBASHKIN meet again at the Armstrong rendezvous on Wednesday, 1/6/64.

KOLOBASHKIN then asked NY 694-S* whether the informant retained his radio at one place or whether he "moved it around". NY 694-S* replied that he periodically moves the radio from place to place and that at the present time it is "locked up tight in an office". KOLOBASHKIN repeatedly emphasized the necessity of security in this operation, stating that the Soviets were constantly concerned about the fact that "something might happen" to the informant.

NY 694-S* assured KOLOBASHKIN that he constantly is aware of security hazards. He further told KOLOBASHKIN that in the event that something should happen to him, the Soviets should know that he has "second and third reserves ready to move up into position when the occasion should so require". He told KOLOBASHKIN that the informant's organization was "experienced, well trained and well disciplined" - that his potential successor "knew his stuff", and that although his successor is highly trusted, he as yet has no knowledge of the precise nature of NY 694-S*' operations.

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NY 694-S* stated that he gave KOLOBASHKIN, on 12/6/63, a role of microfilm containing a number of messages which included the following:

1. A partially coded-ciphered message, the plain text of which reads as follows:

"Disregard black gamma ciphers numbers 33464 to 07952, 43 lines. Best that I did not contact you during this time because of serious situation. Contents of these messages are now obsolete.
"Jack Brooks"

The above message accounts for ciphered-coded messages which had previously been prepared for transmittal to his Soviet contact by NY 694-S*. These obsolete messages concerned CG 5824-S*' date of departure from the United States on his last Solo mission and an inquiry from GUS HALL with respect to the anticipated date of CG 5824-S*' return to the United States. It is noted that this Solo mission of CG 5824-S* was completed prior to the time NY 694-S* met his Soviet contact on 12/6/63.

The obsolete messages also included information to the effect that GEORGE MEANY of the AFL-CIO would head a delegation to Kenya, Africa, for an independence celebration to be held in December, 1963. The intended message was set forth in NY airtel, 11/6/63. It was not sent since the "NY Times" issue of 12/5/63, includes a UPI article datelined 12/4/63, at Washington, D.C. captioned, "Johnson Names Delegates to Two African Celebrations". The article states that Secretary of the Interior STEWART L. UDALL had been designated to head the delegation to Kenya. GEORGE MEANY is not mentioned in this article as a participant in this delegation.

2. A ciphered-coded message, the plain text of which reads as follows:

"Central Committee, Communist Party of Soviet Union.
Most urgent. Circumstances compel me to ask you if it would be possible to rush to us an emergency amount

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"of \$50,000 before the first of the year. Morris Childs was not apprised of this emergency amount previously.

"Gus Hall"

3. A document dated December 5, 1963, setting forth GUS HALL's evaluation of President LYNDON B. JOHNSON, as well as HALL's expression of gratitude for the manner in which the Soviets reacted to the news of President KENNEDY's assassination. Copies of this document were furnished to the Bureau and Chicago as enclosures to NY airtel dated 12/6/63, captioned, "SOLO; IS-C; ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY". NY 694-S* also furnished a ciphered-coded prefatory statement with the above document as set forth in NY airtel of 12/6/63.

4. A plain text document dated December 5, 1963:

"Regarding the delegation of Negro leaders to the Soviet Union, there are now 7, or possibly 8, very important individuals who are very anxious to make the trip.

"We would like to suggest the following procedure -- that the organization dealing with Soviet-American friendship and cultural relations (I do not recall the exact name now) send a letter to: Rev. Milton A. Galamison, 1494 President, Brooklyn 13, N.Y. asking him if he would not be kind enough to organize a delegation of Negro spokesmen to visit the Soviet Union. He is waiting for such a letter now, and as soon as he receives it he will proceed to make the official arrangements.

"The delegation will include leaders of Negro peoples organizations, two people elected to state offices, and a trade union leader. We will send you a complete description before they arrive.

"It is our thinking that they should not be treated as people who are only interested in national minorities. They are interested in general questions of life and the construction of

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"socialism, and a visit to the areas of national minority republics should only be one of the features of the trip. As you know, well-meaning efforts to show areas which we think such delegations will be interested in can be very easily misunderstood, and the truth is that these are people whose interests encompass the whole political and social spectrum of the building of a new way of life.

"We consider this, possibly, one of the most important delegations that we have had anything to do with for some time.

"We also urge that if possible no time should be lost because they are now very anxious and excited about going at this moment. Any postponement would create some unnecessary problems.

"Gus Hall, CPUSA"

USA

Appended to the above document was a partially coded message, the plain text of which reads as follows:

"We will appreciate your answer in advance when above letter is sent to Rev. Milton A. Galamison. Please bear in mind to again notify the Embassy, Washington, D.C. that we will pick up the 7 or possibly 8 visas for Moscow there as well as round trip tickets for the suitable dates."

(ReNYairtel, 11/15/63, which states that on 10/23/63, KOLOBASHKIN furnished NY 694-S* with a message concerning an invitation to the USSR for a group of Negro leaders for approximately one month.)

5. A partially coded message concerning ABE CHAPMAN's report with respect to Chinese intelligence activities. The substance of this message is set forth on pages 2, 3 and 4 of NY airtel, 11/7/63, captioned, "SOLO; IS-C". In addition to the information set forth in referenced airtel, the message noted that in the last several weeks, SUE WARREN was organizing a committee which will be called "Committee for the Admittance of China to the UN". Through this committee she will have access

LIMITED NATIONS

NY 100-134637

to many peoples and many organizations for her pro-Chinese ideological activities. This message was signed Jack Brooks.

NY 694-S* advised that he had secured this information concerning SUE WARREN organizing a committee from ARNOLD JOHNSON, CPUSA Legislative Director, and that he, NY 694-S*, did not know, as of 12/6/63, whether WARREN had in fact succeeded in organizing this committee.

6. A plain text message reading as follows:

"The following leaflet was distributed in large amounts to the people on the street hours after the death of President KENNEDY."

7. A flyer issued by "The Worker", dated November 23, 1963, and captioned, "Defend America! Punish the Assassin, Unite for Democracy." Copies of the flyer have previously been furnished to the Bureau.

8. A partially coded message, the plain text of which reads:

"Sister Helen next; Armstrong next."

The above refers to the next drop and the next meeting place through which NY 694-S* may make contact with KOLOBASHKIN.

FBI

Date: 12/11/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

ReCGairtel dated 12/9/63 and enclosed letterhead memorandum captioned, "Reorganization of the Council of Mutual Economic Assistance."

During the course of interview with CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63, CG 5824-S* advised that he had on an earlier occasion attributed information developed in Prague, Czechoslovakia, regarding the reorganization of the Council of Mutual Economic Assistance to one (FNU) JANDIK, a representative of the International Department of the Central Committee of the CP of Czechoslovakia, and ZENICK WAGNER, in charge of Latin American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CP of Czechoslovakia, and that such information was developed 11/27/63. Source noted from a review of his limited notes he has ascertained that the information of 11/27/63 should have been attributed to (FNU) CHERNIK, a representative of the International Department, Central Committee, CP of Czechoslovakia, and to WAGNER, as JANDIK was at that time in the German Democratic Republic.

Based on the above, the Bureau and New York are requested to make the following change in reCGairtel of 12/9/63, page 1, paragraph 3, line 6.....*(first name unknown) Chernik, a* in place of "(first name unknown) Jandik, a". Corrections have been made in Chicago's copy of airtel.

3-Bureau (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago
RWH:MDW
(5)

100-428091-3458 WKS
87 DEC 17 1963

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

65 DEC 26 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

December 18, 1963

BY LIAISON

Honorable Dean Rusk 1 - Mr. Belmont
The Secretary of State 1 - Mr. Evans 1 - Mr. Wannall
Washington, D. C. 1 - Mr. DeLoach 1 - Mr. R.W. Smith
1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Baumgardner 1 - Mr. Shaw

Dear Mr. Rusk:

0
SOLO

Zenik Wagner, an official of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia, who specializes in Latin-American affairs, furnished the following comments to most sensitive sources of this Bureau concerning the caches of arms recently discovered on the beaches of Venezuela.

The Communist Party of Czechoslovakia has verified that the arms shipments discovered on the beaches in Venezuela were, in fact, shipped from Cuba. This matter was handled in a clumsy, uncoordinated way and, as a result, millions of dollars worth of arms were lost. The Cubans did not consult with the Czechs or the Russians on these shipments and, as a matter of fact, the Czechs and Russians do not know whom the Cubans were negotiating with among the Venezuelans. The Czechs and the Russians are very disturbed concerning the handling of these shipments of arms by the Cubans to the communist terrorists in Venezuela.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, which have furnished reliable information in the past, we have classified this communication "Top Secret." This information is being furnished to other interested officials of the Government.

Sincerely yours,

100-428091

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

WGS:erc
(11)

~~TOP SECRET~~
Group 1

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

DEC 20 1963

REC'D-READING ROOM

DEC 18 11 32 AM '63

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Sullivan
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Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

DEC 26 1963

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

~~TOP SECRET~~

Honorable Dean Rusk

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. See memo Baumgardner to W. C. Sullivan 12/17/63 captioned "Solo, Internal Security - C." WGS:kmj, and Chicago airtel 12/11/63, also bearing the Solo caption.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

1-Liaison
1-Mr. Wannall
1-Mr. Shaw

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

(IS) 100-428091

Date: December 20, 1963

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS - GHANA

DSOLD

The following information was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past.

The Peoples Republic of China was recently preparing to give to the Nation of Ghana a loan of ten million dollars, which loan was to be without interest. The purpose of the loan was to enable Ghana to establish a modern publishing house with all the necessary equipment to turn out modern publications. The entire deal was all set and the necessary papers drawn up. The only thing remaining was the signing of the papers. The Chinese delegation arrived in Ghana and, just prior to the actual signing of the papers extending the loan, the Chinese inquired as to where Ghana intended to obtain the printing equipment. Upon learning that Ghana intended to purchase the equipment from the German Democratic Republic, the Chinese cancelled the agreement and immediately terminated the entire negotiation.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, we have classified this communication "~~Top Secret~~."

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

WGS:rbm
(7)
SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

~~TOP SECRET~~
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

22 DEC 20 1963

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65 DEC 26 1963

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TELETYPE UNIT ☐

~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S* who is referred to in the letter as sources in order to further protect his identity. Informant obtained this information while on Solo Mission 14, 11/1/63 to 12/2/63. See Chicago airtel 12/16/63 captioned "Solo, IS-C" enclosing letterhead memorandum entitled "Cancellation of Loan to Ghana by the Peoples Republic of China."

- 2 -

~~TOP SECRET~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

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TO : Mr. Conrad *Conrad*

DATE: December 17, 1963

FROM : G. F. Downing

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

On 12/16/63 at about 2:35 P. M., Supervisor [redacted] New York Office, telephonically furnished the text of a message the informant desired to send and requested it be enciphered. On the same date at about 3:45 P. M., Mr. [redacted] was furnished with the enciphered text.

The plain text is set forth below. The cipher text is attached.

TO REFEREE (Central Committee). HAVE CONFIRMED THAT JESSICA (repeat) JESSICA OF COVE (USA) - NEST (USSR) COUNCIL RECEIVED (number) 15 COLOUR PRINTS ON NOVEMBER FIRST. HUB (Morris Childs).

JESSICA is probably identical with Jessica Smith, editor, New World Review, a Soviet propaganda organ published in New York City. The 15 COLOUR PRINTS refers to \$15,000.

ACTION:

For information.

Enclosure

1. Mr. Belmont

2. Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. W. G. Shaw)

PWP:dyv
(10)

REC-111

100-428091-3453

22 DEC 20 1963

ENCLOSURE
65 DEC 26 1963

5/1/68

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25142	20967	12071	06515	14799	58169	64650	68740	55143	86276
20753	69798	06160	96400						

100-428091-3453

ENCLOSURE

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. Shaw

(IS) 100-428091

Date: December 18, 1963

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research *PR*
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: COMMUNIST PARTY OF SOUTH AFRICA
INTERNAL SECURITY - SOUTH AFRICA

The following information was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past.

During November, 1963, a delegation from the Communist Party (CP) of South Africa visited Moscow, Russia. The leader of this delegation was reportedly one Joe Matthews, who is also the leader of the CP of South Africa. (In view of the outlawed status of the CP of South Africa, the name Joe Matthews may be a pseudonym.)

Matthews reported that the CP of South Africa is now based in Basutoland and considers this an effective base from which to strike at the Union of South Africa. He indicated that the CP of South Africa is receiving support from all of "black" Africa and vowed that someday the CP of South Africa will wipe the present government of the Union of South Africa off the face of the map. According to Matthews, the South Africans are pouring large amounts of investments into Basutoland because practically all the labor is concentrated in that area. It is the assessment of the CP of South Africa that the Union of South Africa will eventually collapse because, without labor, foreign investments in that country will cease.

Matthews commented that the leadership of the CP of South Africa believes that its Party has been

EX COURIER SVC.
17 DEC 18
COMM-FBI

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WGS:rbm
(7)

GROUP 1, 1.5
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downgrading and
declassification

(SEE NOTE PAGE 2)

22 DEC 20 1963

65 DEC 26 1963 TELETYPE UNIT ☐

~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

infiltrated to a large extent by government spies. This became apparent during the course of a recent trial when a witness appeared for the government whom the leadership of the CP of South Africa did not expect.

Matthews indicated that the CP of South Africa is politically aligned with the CP of the Soviet Union in regard to the current dispute between the CP of China and the CP of the Soviet Union.

Matthews furnished his mailing address as
Box 51 or 330, Masoru, Basutoland, via South Africa.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources which have furnished reliable information in the past, we have classified this communication "~~TOP SECRET~~."

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

NOTE:

Classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*. See Chicago airtel 12/12/63 captioned "(Solo) IS-C" enclosing letterhead memorandum entitled "Communist Party of South Africa." CG 5824-S* obtained this information while on Solo Mission 14 11/1/63 to 12/2/63.

- 2 -

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

SAC, Chicago (134-46 Sub B)

12/23/63

Director, FBI (100-428091)

1 - Mr. Shaw

copy
91
SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reurairtel 12/9/63 enclosing copies of a letterhead memorandum captioned "Information Concerning Payment to the Communist Party, USA, of \$6,006 by the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, November, 1963."

Reairtel disclosed that CG 5824-S* advised that the above-mentioned sum would be placed with Solo funds currently being maintained by informant in Chicago.

Attention is directed to your letter of 12/17/63 in captioned matter which sets forth details of receipts and disbursements of funds in possession of CG 5824-S*. It is noted that you failed to include the \$6,006 among receipts for November, 1963. Promptly advise as to whether this was inadvertently left out of your letter.

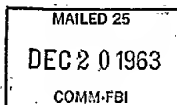
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22 DEC 23 1963

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35 DEC 26 1963

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

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~~TOP SECRET~~

(IS) 100-428091

Date: December 20, 1963

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Shaw

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

DEC 20 5 15 PM '63
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In connection with our investigation of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), it was learned that Timur Timofeev, Deputy Director of the Institute for World Economy and International Affairs, Soviet Academy of Science, and the son of Eugene Dennis, deceased former Chairman of the CPUSA, has recently written a book entitled "The Program of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and the West." This book was published in the German language under the title "Das Programm der KPD SU und der Westen" by the publishing firm of Europa Verlag in Vienna, Austria.

It is now planned that this book will be translated into the English language for publication by International Publishers, a CPUSA-controlled publishing firm in New York City. The translation will be performed by Boris Burkov who is one of the chief editors of Novosti Press Agency which has the publishing rights to this book.

The above information was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past. Because of the sensitive nature of these sources, we have classified this communication "TOP SECRET."

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Planning

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65 DEC 26 1963

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GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

22 DEC 23 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

NOTE:

This letter is classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S* who is referred to in letter as sources in order to further protect his identity. Source obtained this information from Timur Timofeev while on Solo Mission 14, 12/1/63 to 12/2/63. See CGairtel 12/16/63 captioned "Solo, IS-C" enclosing letterhead memorandum entitled "Timur Timofeev, Deputy Director of the Institute for World Economy and International Affairs; Academy of Science of the USSR; Moscow, USSR."

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

~~TOP SECRET~~

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 11-18-2011

(IS) 100-428091

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Shaw

Date: December 20, 1963

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

The following information was supplied by a source which has furnished reliable information in the past.

According to Henry Winston, a Vice-Chairman of the Communist Party, USA, who is temporarily residing in Moscow, Russia, there is a group of from twenty to twenty-five Americans residing in the Soviet Union who are collectively preparing a book to be entitled "Americans in the Soviet Union." Some of these Americans have been living in the Soviet Union since the revolution of 1917 and have seen the Soviet revolution develop through the years. They are collecting their individual experiences and preparing memoranda which will form the basis of the book. It is expected to take from four to five years before this book is completed.

Because of the sensitive nature of our source, we have classified this communication "~~Top Secret~~."

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

BY COURIER SVC.

22 DEC 23

COMM-FBI

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WGS:erc:mjh
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ST-404
DEC 20 1963
FBI - WASHINGTON

100-428091-

3457

DEC 20 1963
TOP SECRET

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DEC 20 1963
FBI - WASHINGTON
(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

65 DEC 27 1963

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*. See Chicago airtel 12/16/63 entitled "Solo, IS - C" enclosing letterhead memorandum captioned "Americans in the Soviet Union." This information was obtained by CG 5824-S* while on Solo Mission 14, 11/1/63 to 12/2/63.

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

1-McReddy
1-McShaw

~~TOP SECRET~~

Mr. J. Walter Yeagley
Assistant Attorney General

December 20, 1963

Director, FBI

HENRY WINSTON
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Henry Winston, a Vice-Chairman of the Communist Party, USA, who has been residing in Moscow, Russia, is currently in the process of making arrangements to return to the United States. Winston must be back in the United States by March 9, 1964, to participate in pre-trial discussions and examination related to a civil action which he has presently pending against the United States Government. Winston is tentatively scheduled to depart from the Soviet Union in February, 1964.

The above information was furnished by a source which has furnished reliable information in the past. Because of the sensitive nature of the source, this communication is being classified "~~Top Secret~~."

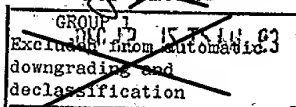
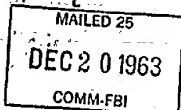
100-428091

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*, who obtained this information while on Solo Mission 14. See Chicago airtel 12-16-63, captioned "Solo, IS-C" enclosing letterhead memorandum entitled "Henry Winston, A Vice-Chairman of the Communist Party, USA, Temporarily Residing in the Soviet Union."

WGS:skw
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22 DEC 23 1963

65 DEC 26 1963

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ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

(IS) 100-428091

Date: December 20, 1963

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: NATHAN GREGORY SILVERMASTER
ESPIONAGE - R

o
SOLO

Reference is made to previous correspondence in this matter concerning the intentions of captioned individual to travel to the Soviet Union.

A confidential source which has furnished reliable information in the past advised that during November, 1963, Nathan Gregory Silvermaster was visiting in Moscow, Russia, on a tourist visa.

You will be advised of any additional information received relating to this matter.

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

NOTE:

See memorandum Baumgardner to W. C. Sullivan 12/19/63 captioned "Solo, Internal Security - Communist," WGS:erc. Classified "Secret" because disclosure of this information to unauthorized persons would jeopardize the source, who is furnishing information on a top-level basis concerning the international communist movement. Source is CG 5824-S*.

BY COURIER SVC.

21 DEC 23

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3 TO

~~SECRET~~

(IS) 100-428091

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

Date: December 20, 1963

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

In the course of our investigation of the Communist Party, USA, a source which has furnished reliable information in the past advised that during November, 1963, an official of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) stated that Radio Moscow receives an average of 1,600 letters per week in response to its broadcasts on the North American wave length. The Soviet official noted that the CPSU is very surprised by the volume of this response and cannot understand why so many people are writing. The Soviet official did not indicate whether the mail received was favorable or unfavorable. *M*

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

REC-28/100-428091/3460

1 - Director
Office of Security
U. S. Information Agency

5 DEC 20 1963

NOTE: LBI-10210CT
REC'D GETHEN

Classified "~~Secret~~" because disclosure of this information to unauthorized persons would jeopardize the source who is furnishing information on a top-level basis concerning the international communist movement. Source is CG 5824-S*. See Chicago airtel 12-16-63, (Solo) (IS-C) with letterhead memorandum captioned "Response from North America to Radio Moscow Broadcasts."

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Date: 12/11/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Comment of Representative of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union Regarding Official Invitations to Americans to Visit the Soviet Union."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/4 and 10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

ENCLOSURE

1 encl 608RB

3-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

EX-112 REC-15

100-428091-3461

22 DEC 23 1963

Approved: *m g/a*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

MIN Per *SEC 1*

65 DEC 30 1963

COMMENT OF REPRESENTATIVE OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF
THE SOVIET UNION REGARDING OFFICIAL INVITATIONS TO
AMERICANS TO VISIT THE SOVIET UNION

In late November, 1963, Aleksei Andreovich Grechukhin, Assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section of the International Department of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), made the following comments:

The CPSU will not officially invite any Americans to the Soviet Union unless the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) feels that it is in a position to unequivocally state that such people are loyal communists and that the Party knows all about the activities of such people for at least the past ten or twelve years. Any such person coming to the Soviet Union and expecting to be accepted by the CPSU must come with a detailed history of all of his activities.

The above attitudes of the CPSU developed subsequent to the assassination of United States President John F. Kennedy on November 22, 1963, and were being instituted for their own protection. Obviously, the Soviets were embarrassed and afraid that it might be possible in the future that they would once again have on their hands another Lee Harvey Oswald.

In line with the foregoing, Grechukhin noted that the CPSU will not, therefore, look up such people as Felix Greeng, the author of "Awakened China," or William J. Tomoroy, the former Euk fighter in the Philippines, in an effort to have them come to the Soviet Union for a visit as had been requested by the CP, USA.

F B I

Date: 12/12/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled "DISCUSSION WITH CESAR ESCALANTE, HEAD OF THE IDEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, UNITED PARTY OF THE SOCIALIST REVOLUTION OF CUBA, NOVEMBER, 1963, MOSCOW, USSR." One copy of above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information contained in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by the source during a short discussion with ESCALANTE on 11/26/63 in Moscow, USSR, where ESCALANTE was then receiving a medical checkup.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

- ENCLOSURE *encl 40846*
- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
 - 1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
 - 1 - Chicago

WAB:bll
(5)

E. C. Wick

letter to SAs & CIA
12-18-63
WKS:MSH

22 DEC 23 1963

100-428091-3462

Approved: *MJ/C*

Sent _____

M

REC-7

Special Agent in Charge

66 JAN 7 1964 *12-17-63 us*

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D.C.
December 12, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

DISCUSSION WITH CESAR ESCALANTE,
HEAD OF THE IDEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT,
UNITED PARTY OF THE SOCIALIST
REVOLUTION OF CUBA, NOVEMBER, 1963,
MOSCOW, USSR

USSR
Oct-7

During December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

During late November, 1963, Cesar Escalante, Head of the Ideological Department, United Party of the Socialist Revolution of Cuba, met with a representative of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), while both were in Moscow, USSR.

The CPUSA representative took this occasion to complain to Cesar Escalante that while the literature of every type of renegade left group in the United States is able to get into Cuba, the CPUSA has been unsuccessful in getting its literature into Cuba in spite of all its efforts to do so. The CPUSA has tried direct shipments, shipments through Canada and through Prague, Czechoslovakia, but nothing seems to work. The CPUSA representative stated that he did not believe that it was the result of United States Government action in withholding this literature because the literature of the anti-Soviet, anti-CPUSA, and pro-Chinese groups gets through without trouble. Escalante did not answer this complaint directly, but stated that he would check into this matter upon his return to Cuba and find out why CPUSA literature is not getting into Cuba.

Next the CPUSA representative brought up the matter of what he termed "slanders" against the CPUSA to the effect that the CPUSA is not doing anything to aid Cuba in that country's difficulties as a result of the recent hurricane

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

DISCUSSION WITH CESAR ESCALANTE,
HEAD OF THE IDEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT,
UNITED PARTY OF THE SOCIALIST
REVOLUTION OF CUBA, NOVEMBER, 1963,
MOSCOW, USSR

which devastated Cuba. He stated that certainly the CPUSA was interested in Cuba and had been making a concerted drive to render aid. The CPUSA representative exhibited a copy of "The Worker," a publication of the CPUSA, which contained stories detailing the CPUSA relief drive. Then he and Escalante discussed CPUSA-Cuban relations in general, during which they agreed that these relationships were in need of improvement. One of the subjects of concern in this conversation was the position of Beatrice Johnson, Havana, Cuba, correspondent for "The Worker" and official spokesman for the CPUSA in Cuba, who has been experiencing a great deal of difficulty in Cuba obtaining cooperation. *Cuba Canada NY*

Czech
The next topic of conversation was the need to improve communications between the CPUSA and the United Party of the Socialist Revolution of Cuba. While Escalante could not offer any method to improve contacts between the two Parties, he did suggest that communications from the CPUSA to Cuba should be sent through the CP of Canada to Norman Freed, CP of Canada representative, to the "World Marxist Review" in Prague, Czechoslovakia, and thence to Cuba. While Escalante also indicated such communications could be sent to Canada and then direct to Cuba, he considered communication via Prague to be preferable. Also, communications in the other direction, from Cuba to the CPUSA, should follow the same route.

Escalante inquired regarding Joseph North, former correspondent for "The Worker" in Havana and currently editor of the CPUSA publication "Mainstream." He registered a complaint about the manner in which North had left Cuba. Escalante stated that when North left Cuba, he had not advised them that he was not returning to Cuba. The CPUSA representative answered that North would have lost his passport and perhaps his United States citizenship if he had not returned to the United States when he did, and in fact had just beaten the deadline for his return by one day when he had arrived in the United States. The CPUSA had sent Beatrice *Cuba US*

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

DISCUSSION WITH CESAR ESCALANTE,
HEAD OF THE IDEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT,
UNITED PARTY OF THE SOCIALIST
REVOLUTION OF CUBA, NOVEMBER, 1963,
MOSCOW, USSR

Johnson as North's replacement as correspondent for "The Worker" and in addition she will speak for the CPUSA and, therefore, Escalante was requested to assure that all proper courtesies and cooperation will be afforded to her.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

F B I

Date: 12/12/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO

IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled "COMMUNIST PARTY OF SOUTH AFRICA." One copy of above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAS WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by CG 5824-S* in conversation with JOE MATTHEWS, the head of the Communist Party (CP) of South Africa, on 11/27/63 in Prague, Czechoslovakia. The source advised that he cannot vouch for the validity of the name "JOE MATTHEWS" and this may be only a pseudonym used by this individual since the CP of South Africa is outlawed. CG 5824-S* is of the opinion that this name is in fact only a pseudonym. MATTHEWS was leading a delegation from the CP of South Africa, which was either on its way to Moscow or was just returning from Moscow when CG 5824-S* met the group in Prague. CG 5824-S* spoke only with MATTHEWS, who was the leader of the delegation.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive

- ENCLOSURE
- (3) - Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Chicago

WAB:bll p. c. Wick
(5)

12-18-63 REC-38

WGS: R3M

22 DEC 23 1963

Sent _____

M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

65 JAN 7 1964

Handwritten: 12-18-63

Handwritten: 100-428091-3463

CG 134-46 Sub B

source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D.C.
December 12, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

COMMUNIST PARTY OF SOUTH AFRICA

During December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

During November, 1963, a delegation from the Communist Party (CP) of South Africa visited Moscow, USSR, to which they traveled via Prague, Czechoslovakia. While on this trip, in Prague, a brief meeting took place between a representative of the CP, USA and the leader of this delegation who is also the head of the CP of South Africa, Joe Matthews (which may only be a pseudonym utilized by this individual in view of the outlawed status of the CP of South Africa). USSR
Czech

Matthews stated that the CP of South Africa is now based in Basutoland and the CP of South Africa considers this a base from which to strike back at the Union of South Africa. He indicated they are getting support from all of black Africa and he vowed that some day they will wipe the present government of South Africa off the face of the map. According to Matthews, the South Africans are pouring large amounts of investments into Basutoland because that is where all the labor is now. It is the assessment of the CP of South Africa that the Union of South Africa will eventually collapse because without labor, foreign investments in that country will cease.

Matthews commented that the CP of South Africa believes that their Party has been infiltrated to a large extent by government spies. He came to this conclusion when, in the course of a recent trial, a witness appeared for the government whom the CP of South Africa did not expect.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

COMMUNIST PARTY OF SOUTH AFRICA

During the course of his stay in Prague, Matthews delivered a lecture on South Africa at some type of forum at the headquarters of the "World Marxist Review." The source noted that from his conversation with Matthews, he is ideologically aligned with the CP of the Soviet Union (CPSU) in regard to the current dispute between the CP of China and the CPSU,

Matthews noted that his Party would like very much to receive publications and literature from the CP, USA and furnished the following addresses to which such material could be sent to him. He commented that so long as the contents are limited to printed material, such mail would get through to him:

Joe Matthews
Box 51
Maseru
Basutoland
Via South Africa

Joe Matthews
Box 330
Maseru
Basutoland
Via South Africa

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

F B I

Date: 12/12/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed for Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement captioned "Information Concerning Desire of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union to Publish Works of Clifford Odets, United States Author."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/2/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

3 ENCLOSURE
 3-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
 1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
 1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
 (5)

C. C. Wick

REC-12

22 DEC 23 1963

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

INT. SEC.

65 DEC 30 1963

12/27/63 WLS

INFORMATION CONCERNING DESIRE OF THE COMMUNIST
PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION TO PUBLISH WORKS OF
CLIFFORD ODETS, UNITED STATES AUTHOR

In mid-November, 1933, Aleksei Andreovich Grochukhin, Assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), indicated that the Soviets would like to publish a book of Clifford Odets, a United States author and playwright. Odets wrote the book "Waiting for Lefty" and also prepared the film script for the movie called "The Big Knife." Since Odets had broken with the Party and had been attacked both as a stool pigeon and a traitor, the Soviets do not want to take any action on the publication of his works without getting prior permission from the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) and "intelligentsia" in the United States. Therefore, it was requested that this matter be taken up with John Howard Lawson of California and that it be discussed by him with proper people.

F B I

Date: 12/12/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement entitled, "Activities of Morris Childs, Communist Party, USA Representative, Moscow, During Mid-November, 1963, Related to Political and Fund Matters to be Taken up with the Communist Party of the Soviet Union."

The information set forth in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/2, 4 and 10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

RW:MDW
(5)

3 ENCLOSURE
3-Bureau (Enc. 3)(RM)
1-New York (100-134637)(Enc. 1)(Info)(RM)
1-Chicago

New Bureau to Sullivan

12-18-63

12-20-63

REC-15

100-134637-3465

EX-112

22 DEC 23 1963

Approved: *m f / 107*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

65 JAN 7 1964

and destroyed 1/14/63-65

Per *[Signature]*

Sullivan (Class)

D O

ACTIVITIES OF MORRIS CHILDS, COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
REPRESENTATIVE, MOSCOW, DURING MID-NOVEMBER, 1963,
RELATED TO POLITICAL AND FUND MATTERS TO BE TAKEN
UP WITH THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION

Immediately after the conclusion of the celebration of the October Revolution which extended over the period of November 7-9, 1963, Morris Childs, Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) representative then in Moscow, met with Aleksei Andreevich Grechukhin, Assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), and Igor Mikhailov, an employee of the North and South American Section, at International Department, Central Committee, CPSU offices in Moscow. Nikolai Vladimirovich Mostovets, the Head of the North and South American Section, who normally would have been present for such a meeting, had departed at this time for the United States as a member of a tourist group.

As this initial, formal meeting opened, Childs explained that he had been instructed to travel to Moscow for two main reasons. The first reason was political and was related to determining factual information concerning the current situation existing in the international movement. Secondly, he was in Moscow to discuss some more practical problems including that matter raised annually regarding funds. In regard to the latter, he hesitated as usual to raise this problem but as General Secretary of the CP, USA, had given him instructions to do so, he was prepared to make such requests. In addition, he hoped that he would be able to set up arrangements to meet some "other friends" on matters of importance to the CP, USA. Then, too, he pointed out that he would like to see Timofeyev again and Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman of the CP, USA, who is now temporarily residing in Moscow. Then, after he had finished preparing in writing certain essential documents dealing with the points he desired to raise, he would like to have it arranged for him so that he could meet with representatives of the Central Committee and Presidium of the CPSU.

After Childs outlined the purpose of his visit, as noted above, Grechukhin noted that they would seek to handle his requests and make all necessary arrangements. However, he pointed out that because of the fact that there was then in Moscow a number of representatives of other Parties

100-428091-3415

who had been in for the celebration and who also desired meetings with leading CPSU personnel, there might be some delay.

After the conclusion of this meeting, which was believed to have occurred on or about November 10, 1963, the following days were spent in seclusion by Childs in his Moscow apartment in the preparation of specific documents dealing with the matters which he desired to take up. Among these documents was one of 14 legal size, handwritten pages dealing with political matters and another was an eight-page, legal size, handwritten document dealing with the request for financial assistance to the CP, USA. Each of the documents, originally being written, was rewritten a number of times in order to be certain that all matters were clearly framed and properly presented. All documents prepared during this period were addressed to the Central Committee, CPSU and to Nikita S. Khrushchev, First Secretary.

The 14-page item was opened with a preamble reflecting "Greetings on the greatest event in contemporary history, the October Revolution. Greetings to the leadership of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. I repeat I am sorry that we must give regards in this form, but our leadership, because of the infamous McCarran Act, cannot travel to render them personally, but I assure you I bring their warmest, personal regards."

The document then went into the political situation in the United States from the point of view of the CP, USA and incorporated the effects of the test ban treaty, an analysis of the forthcoming elections, and current position of the CP, USA on domestic matters. Also set forth was a paraphrased version of Gus Hall's recent main report to the enlarged National Executive Committee, CP, USA meeting held in October, 1963. Reference was made to the Caribbean crisis of October, 1962, in which the Soviet Union was described as "the savior of the peace." The document concluded with the statement regarding the Communist Party of China (CPC), how its position was wrong, and the effect of that Party's action on the CP, USA and how the CP, USA supports the correct position of the CPSU on this matter.

After completing the political document, Childs commenced work on the second main document which was to deal with the request for funds on behalf of the CP, USA. Here, again, the document bore a political introduction which was followed by the remarks that while the request for funds may be large, Comrade Hall desired to point out that the CP, USA

was not squandering the money it was receiving but was carefully considering every cent spent. The amount which was being requested had been carefully considered and discussed. However, the Central Committee, CPSU, was not being burdened with a detailed itemization which furnished the basis for this request. It was noted that "We, in the CP, USA, did a lot of soul-searching to see if we could avoid a request for funds but have found it impossible." However, proof that we are trying to avoid the need for such further requests is evident by the fact that we have a business delegation in the Soviet Union seeking opportunities which will financially assist our Party in raising funds in the future. Then, in brief detail, it was pointed out how 36 people in the national leadership of the Party have now been arrested or cited and are involved in legal proceedings for which a vast financial defense need exists. Then, it was noted that the plans are still under consideration for the establishment of a daily paper, an expensive item. In total, it was noted that the plans related to the forthcoming election of 1964, the legal defense of the Party, the making up of the deficit of the Party press, the operation of the American Institute for Marxist Studies, illness and charity cases, expanded work in the South, and assistance to the Communist Party of Puerto Rico, would require financial assistance to the CP, USA in the amount of \$1,295,000.

There followed an addendum to this document which noted that the money requested represented only the deficit in the contemplated 1964 budget. This \$1,295,000 would be required over and above the larger amounts which the CP itself raises on its own. The document then was concluded with the comment "We, in the CP, USA, did not want to ask you for this but we have had to do it."

When the above documents and the other shorter, miscellaneous documents were completed during the latter part of the week of November 10, 1963, they were turned over to Grochukhin of the North and South American Section for handling. Childs and Grochukhin went over each of the items individually. Following this, Grochukhin advised that he would transmit them to the CPSU for further handling and would inform Childs immediately when a meeting had been arranged to discuss any or all of these matters with Boris N. Ponomarev, a member of the Secretariat and Head of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU.

458K

In going over the documents at this time, Grechukhin stated that recently they had received a report sent by the CP, USA dealing with the subject matter of Puerto Rico. He explained they had been disappointed in the type of report received and suggested that in the future they desired more fact and nothing again like that which had been received.

Grechukhin then noted that the CPSU used to give large sums of money to Cuba for the Party in Puerto Rico. He inquired now whether they, the Puerto Ricans, continue to get any such funds from the Cubans. In this regard, Childs advised him that the Puerto Ricans presently get nothing from the Cubans and this has been a situation which has existed for a number of years. For this reason, the CP, USA had found it necessary to place in their financial request an item relating to Puerto Rico.

Shortly thereafter and during the period of November 18-21, 1963, information was received that an appointment had been set up for a discussion relating to financial matters with Boris N. Ponomarev of the Central Committee. When this meeting was held, it was obvious that Ponomarev had read the documents which had been previously prepared and was acquainted with the detail contained therein. In discussing this matter, Ponomarev agreed that the Central Committee would give to the requests submitted by the CP, USA for funds its most serious consideration. He pointed out, however, that no decision as to how much the CPSU would give the CP, USA could be made until December 15, 1963. Here, Ponomarev pointed out that December 15th represented the deadline by which all Parties must submit financial requests and at that time formal action would be taken on these items. He noted that the CP, USA would be advised through channels as soon as a decision was made concerning the financial aid for 1964.

At this same meeting Childs, when talking to Ponomarev, pointed out to him that because of certain emergency situations existing within the Party, particularly dealing with defense matters, the Party would need an emergency fund of \$25,000 before the first of the year.

Subsequently, during the meeting with Ponomarev on November 26, 1963, he informed Childs that the request made earlier for the emergency funds would be forthcoming and transmitted immediately to the CP, USA, since it had been approved.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/13/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement entitled, "Plans of Henry Winston to Travel to the German Democratic Republic."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/4/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

3 ENCLOSURE

③-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

1-enc destroyed 12/26/67
as

REC 30

100-428091-3466

22 DEC 23 1963

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

INT. SEC.
Per _____

65 JAN 7 1964

PLANS OF HENRY WINSTON TO TRAVEL TO THE
GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

In the latter part of November, 1963, Morris Childs, representative of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), while in Moscow made contact with a representative of the German Democratic Republic (GDR) Embassy in Moscow for the purpose of requesting that a visa be made available for Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman of the CP, USA who is now temporarily residing in Moscow, USSR, in order that this individual might travel to the GDR. The purpose of Winston's trip to the GDR was to handle several matters of interest to the CP, USA. First, the CP, USA desired that Winston visit Paul Robeson, Sr., who is in a GDR sanitarium, in order that the Party in the United States could have a current up-to-date evaluation of the situation involving Robeson's current physical and mental state. The second purpose of Winston's trip was to take up with the Socialist Unity Party of Germany (SUGP) representatives the question of Robert Lumer's admission to the Brecht School of Dramatics, a matter which the CP, USA had previously raised with the SUGP but had not received a satisfactory answer. If plans regarding Winston's travel materialize, he would plan to depart the Soviet Union for the GDR on December 5, 1963.

100-425091-3466

F B I

Date: 12/13/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. Belmont _____
 Mr. Mohr _____
 Mr. Casper _____
 Mr. Callahan _____
 Mr. Conrad _____
 Mr. DeLoach _____
 Mr. Evans _____
 Mr. Gale _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Sullivan _____
 Mr. Tavel _____
 Mr. Trotter _____
 Mr. Tele. Room _____
 Miss Holmes _____
 Miss Gandy _____

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement captioned "Information Concerning Arrangements and Discussions Regarding Printing Equipment Desired by the Communist Party, USA."

The information set forth in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/4/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

3 ENCLOSURE
 3-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
 1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
 1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

C. C. Wick

REC 30

100-428091-3467

22 DEC 23 1963

Approved: _____

65 JAN 7 1964

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

INFORMATION CONCERNING ARRANGEMENTS AND DISCUSSIONS
REGARDING PRINTING EQUIPMENT DESIRED BY THE COMMUNIST
PARTY, USA

When Morris Childs departed for the Soviet Union in early November, 1963, he carried with him instructions from Gus Hall, General Secretary of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), that he should attempt to make some inquiry into the possibility of the CP, USA securing from the German Democratic Republic (GDR) through the cooperation of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany (SUPG) some new printing equipment.

Accordingly, in mid-November, 1963, Childs made contact at the GDR Embassy in Moscow, USSR, and met with a (first name unknown) Abrams (phonetic), the Consul and the person in charge of SUPG affairs. At this time Hall's instructions regarding new printing equipment needed by the CP, USA were raised by Childs and the fact made known that the CP, USA would like to take this matter up in the GDR with representatives of the SUPG. Initially, Childs indicated that perhaps a visa should be prepared for him in order that he, himself, might carry on such negotiations; however, he subsequently advised the Embassy that he personally was unable to make this trip and would arrange to have some other individual go to the GDR to conduct the negotiations.

In late November, 1963, while in Prague, Czechoslovakia, Childs was in contact with Norman Freed, CP of Canada representative to the "World Marxist Review," the international theoretical organ of the world communist movement, with headquarters in Prague. At this time, Freed noted that he was going to the GDR for an assembly sponsored by the SUPG on December 8, 1963. In view of Freed's contemplated travel, Childs made arrangements with him that when he was in the GDR he would take up with SUPG and GDR representatives the matter of possibly making available German printing equipment to the CP, USA. In order to facilitate Freed's negotiations in the GDR, Childs prepared a credential bearing the seal of the CP, USA, which noted that Freed did represent the CP, USA and it was desired that he take up the matter of negotiations regarding printing equipment. Freed agreed to handle this matter for the CP, USA and when he had completed it he would advise Childs through channels arranged between them the official results of his negotiations.

0 1 0

In connection with discussions relating to the above, Freed commented that the Canadian Party a few years ago had opened a new print shop as well as a bindery. He noted that all equipment utilized in both the print shop and the bindery had been received from the GDR and that all equipment had been supplied free by the SUPG. Freed made this known to Childs as a possible indication that perhaps the SUPG might be willing to do the same for the American Party.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

FBI

Date: 12/16/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled "CANCELLATION OF LOAN TO GHANA BY THE PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF CHINA." One copy of above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information contained in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by the source during the course of 11/63 conversations with leading members of the International Departments of the Central Committees of the Communist Party (CP) of the Soviet Union and the CP of Czechoslovakia, as well as in discussions with members of the Editorial Board of the "World Marxist Review" in Prague, Czechoslovakia;

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1 - Chicago

WAB:bll
(1)

22 DEC 23 1963

Approved: _____

Sent _____

-M-

FBI
DEC 23 1963

Special Agent in Charge

1564-08

D D

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
December 16, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

CANCELLATION OF LOAN TO GHANA BY
THE PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF CHINA

During December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

During November, 1963, members of the Central Committees of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) and the CP of Czechoslovakia cited the following example of the lengths to which the CP of China is going in its dispute with the CPSU and those countries of the socialist camp who side with the CPSU in this dispute.

According to these sources, the Peoples Republic of China was recently preparing to give to the nation of Ghana a loan of ten million dollars, which loan was to be without interest. The purpose of the loan was to enable Ghana to establish a modern publishing house with all the necessary equipment to turn out modern publications. The entire deal was all set and the papers were all prepared and only the signing remained. The Chinese delegation arrived in Ghana and just prior to the actual signing of the papers extending the loan, the Chinese asked where Ghana intended to obtain the printing equipment. They answered that they intended to purchase the equipment from the German Democratic Republic (East Germany) since this country makes the best printing equipment. Upon learning this, the Chinese cancelled the agreement and called off the entire negotiation.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~
~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed LHM has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C. in order to further protect this source.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D.C.
December 16, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

MARY LOU CAVALERO *U.S. Patterson*

During December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

Mary Lou Cavalero, the wife of Roberto Comacho Cavalero, who is a Cuban National, and the daughter of William L. Patterson, who is a member of the National Committee of the Communist Party (CP), is a student at the Patrice-Lumumba-Friendship of the Peoples University, Moscow, USSR. *Cuba*

In November, 1963, it was learned from a member of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU, that Mary Lou Cavalero continues to be an "excellent grade A student" at that university. It was further learned that Mary Lou Cavalero is presently going to have another child.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~
~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic down-
grading and declassification~~

FBI
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/16/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO

IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63, captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) entitled

One copy of the LHM is also enclosed for New York.

The information in the enclosed LHM was obtained by the source during November, 1963 in the course of conversation with ALEKSEI GRECHUKHIN, Assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU in Moscow, USSR.

The enclosed LHM has been classified ~~Top Secret~~ since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely effect the national defense interests.

The enclosed LHM has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C. in order to further protect this source.

- ③ - Bureau (Encl. 4) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Chicago
- WAB:JVK
- (5)

REC 30

DEC 23 1963

Approved:
Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M Per

65 DEC 30 1963
12-27-63TWT:

CG 134-46 Sub B

The information set forth in the enclosed LHM was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION



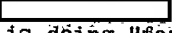
In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D.C.
December 16, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~



During December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

NY  a member of ~~CP~~^{b6}
the Communist Party (CP), USA, from New York City, was admitted ^{b7C}
to the USSR for the study of dramatics and was scheduled to
commence classes in the September, 1963 term. It has been
learned that as of November, 1963,  was studying
Russian in a school in the USSR and was preparing herself for
dramatics school. According to a member of the International
Department, Central Committee, CPSU,  is receiving
a stipend of 90 rubles per month and is doing "fairly well" in
her studies.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~
Group 1

Excluded from automatic down-
grading and declassification

FBI

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/16/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO

IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63, captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) entitled [REDACTED]

One copy of the LHM is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed LHM was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information in the enclosed LHM was obtained by the source during November, 1963, in the course of conversation with ALEKSEI GRECHUKHIN, Assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU in Moscow, USSR.

The enclosed LHM has been classified ~~Top Secret~~ since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely effect the national defense interests.

- ③ - Bureau (Encl. 1) (RM) 100-435515-1200
- 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (RM) REC 30
- 1 - Chicago
- WAB:JVK
- (5)

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

65

JAN 7 1964

12-30-63-af

WGS: KMS

DEC 23 1963

100-428091-3471

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed LHM has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C. in order to further protect this source.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.
December 16, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

Mary Coe
USSR NY
[Redacted]

During December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

[Redacted]
[Redacted] Communist Party (CP), USA, members from New York City, went to the USSR in the autumn of 1963 for the purpose of attending a Soviet university.

It was learned in November, 1963, from a member of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU, that [Redacted] has been placed in the equivalent of a postgraduate course and is doing excellently. Apparently she had studied Russian previously in the United States and this made her entry into the Soviet university classes easier. She is receiving a stipend of 150 rubles per month.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~
Group 1

Excluded from automatic down-
grading and declassification

FBI

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/16/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman of the Communist Party, USA, Temporarily Residing in the Soviet Union." One copy of the above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/4 and 11/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information contained in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was developed through personal conversation with HENRY WINSTON in Moscow on 11/20-22/63.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

3-Bureau (Enclosure)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

Approved: *[Signature]*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

INT. SEC.

65 DEC 20 1963

copies & end destroyed 1/11/65

100-428091-3472
22 DEC 23 1963

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.

FBI - WASH DC
REC'D
OCT 12 15 01 67



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.
December 16, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~HENRY WINSTON, A VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMUNIST
PARTY, USA, TEMPORARILY RESIDING IN THE SOVIET
UNION~~

US

USSR

In mid-December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), now temporarily residing in Moscow, USSR, is currently in the process of making arrangements relating to his return to the United States. Winston, it is to be noted, must be back in the United States by March 9, 1964, to participate in pre-trial discussions and examination related to a civil action which he has presently pending against the United States Government. While Gus Hall, General Secretary of the CP, USA was of the opinion that Winston should return some weeks or perhaps even a month before his scheduled pre-trial discussions and examination in order to cover any possible change in legal arrangements, Winston feels there is no such need and there will be no change in arrangements. Therefore, he will not depart from the USSR any earlier than necessary and at the earliest such departure will probably not be before the end of February, 1964.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

F B **ROUTE IN ENVELOPE**

Date: 12/16/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO

IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 3 copies and for New York 1 copy of an informant's statement entitled, "Grace Gardis, Former American Residing Budapest, Hungary."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished on 12/10/63 by CG 5824-S* to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information in the enclosed informant's statement was developed through personal conversation with HENRY WINSTON, a Vice Chairman of the CP, USA, who is presently temporarily residing in the Soviet Union.

③-Bureau (Enc. 3)(RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1)(Info)(RM)
1-Chicago
RWH:MDW
(5)

REC 30

22 DEC 23 1963

65 JAN 17 1964

Approved: _____

Sent _____

M _____

Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

1 encl destroyed 1/5/65 - WBE

GRACE GARDIS, FORMER AMERICAN RESIDING
BUDAPEST, HUNGARY

In late November, 1963, Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman of the Communist Party, USA, who is temporarily residing in the Soviet Union, commented that Grace Gardis, a former member of the Communist Party, USA, and United States resident now residing in Budapest, Hungary, recently had been involved in an automobile accident. As a result of this accident, it has been learned that she is likely to lose the sight in one of her eyes.

PERSON MENTIONED ABOVE
IS undoubtedly Grace Gardis,
WIFE of Emil Gardis, a
HUNGARIAN NATIONAL who
WAS deported a number of
YEARS AGO. SHE LEFT U.S.
WITH HIM. POC

10-11-63 11 317-
ENCLOSURE

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

F B I

REC-44

Date: 12/16/63

ST-103

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO

IS - C

Re Bureau telephone call 10/30/63 from Assistant Director WILLIAM C. SULLIVAN furnishing as possible targets for CG 5824-S* on the 14th Solo Mission (1) to determine whether or not MI 5 has been penetrated by the Soviets and (2) to determine whether Colonel OLEG PENKOVSKY in fact was tried, whether the trial was a hoax, and whether or not he may still be alive.

USSR

On 12/10/63, CG 5824-S* advised that he was unable to obtain any information relative to the above. He stated that he had raised the matter of Colonel PENKOVSKY, but at the mere mention of his name, "they all ran for cover." CG 5824-S* noted that Soviet officials and citizens alike denounce PENKOVSKY and stated that they cannot understand such an action as his because he was a native born Russian. Among the officials, this is a subject which they do not wish to discuss in view of the fact that there is a certain amount of fear involved in this matter. The PENKOVSKY case resulted in the removal of some persons in high places, mainly in the military and security forces, who had vouched for him. CG 5824-S* noted that he cannot attest to the authenticity of these reactions as no one discussed this with him on an official basis.

3 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Chicago

WAB:bll
(4)

REC-38

EX-102

22 DEC 23 1963

Approved: *[Signature]*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M

65 JAN 1 1964

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/16/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub. B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled "AMERICANS IN THE SOVIET UNION". One copy of above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by the source during the period 11/20-22/63 in conversation with HENRY WINSTON, a Vice Chairman of the Communist Party, USA temporarily residing in Moscow, USSR.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "TOP SECRET" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1 - Chicago

WAB:blt
(5)

REC-38

DEC 22 1963

Approved: *[Signature]*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

EX-102

M

Per

65 JAN 9 1964

[Handwritten: destroyed 1-6-67 cf]

[Handwritten: 100-428091-3475]

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
December 16, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~AMERICANS IN THE SOVIET UNION~~

During December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

During November, 1963, Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman of the Communist Party, USA temporarily residing in Moscow, USSR, stated that a group of 20 to 25 Americans residing in the Soviet Union are collectively preparing a book to be entitled "Americans in the Soviet Union." Some of these people have been living in the Soviet Union since the revolution of 1917 and have seen the Soviet revolution develop through the years. They are collecting their experiences and writing memoranda which will form the basis of the book, the preparation of which is expected to take four or five years. This matter is all very unofficial and they have been meeting with Henry Winston to consult with him on this matter. USSR
U.S.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/16/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement entitled, "Discussions with Representatives of the 'World Marxist Review,' Prague, Czechoslovakia, November 27, 1963."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/4 and 10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

- 1-enc 8910
3-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

letter to Yeagley & CIA
12-24-63
WGS:KWS

SHW (LST)

1-enc destroyed
1-564
WGS

REC-38

100-428091-3476

DEC 23 1963

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

65 JAN 7 1964

WGS
IND. SEC.

D O

**DISCUSSIONS WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF THE
"WORLD MARXIST REVIEW," PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA,
NOVEMBER 27, 1963**

On November 27, 1963, a representative of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), who was then in Prague, Czechoslovakia, met with the following individuals from the "World Marxist Review," the official theoretical organ of the international communist movement which headquarters in Prague:

A. Lumsantsov
Editor-in-Chief

A. Sobolov
Executive Editor

(first name unknown) Pospelov
Staff Coordinator

Norman Freed
Communist Party of Canada Staff
Representative

The meeting was informal and the first matter of business was an exchange of greetings between the representatives of the "World Marxist Review" and the visiting CP, USA official. After such greetings had been concluded, Sobolov, acting as spokesman for the "World Marxist Review" representatives, opened up the discussion and at this time the following matters were raised:

According to Sobolov, the CP, USA is the favorite Party of the "World Marxist Review"; however, they have problems getting from the CP, USA certain articles in time for publication in the magazine. As a result, the staff has drawn up a list of desired articles specifying the topics on which the magazine would like the CP, USA to submit material for publication. This list was as follows:

1. The policy of the CP, USA at present
(major tendencies in the Party's policy)
2. Culture and Masses (certain problems of
the content and dissemination technique
of modern mass culture)

3. Inter-relation of the political and economic struggle in the USA
4. Forms of class struggle
5. USA - the world exploiter
6. Middle classes in the USA (structure, composition, role in the economic and public life, relations with the working class, CP's policy towards the middle classes)
7. Unemployment in the USA (reasons and problems that stem from it)
8. USA and economic integration of the West (plans of the USA, Canada and 18 European member states of the EEC to achieve a 50 percent increase in the overall national product in these countries by 1970; the government plan to cut tariffs by 50 percent, aims of this policy, its consequences for the popular masses in the USA and West European countries, attitude of the working class)
9. Modern capitalism and the problem of markets
10. Prospects of economic competition between the USSR and USA
11. The US monopolist bourgeoisie (structure, composition, policy, internal contradictions)
12. Fascist organizations in the USA (class basis and aims, links with financial oligarchy and ruling circles, political and social aims, role in the struggle against Communism)
13. Report on the struggle between monopolies (using vivid examples and concrete facts to show the fight between two monopolies)
14. The problems of war and peace and the US public opinion

15. Strength and weaknesses of the trade union movement in the USA
16. USA - major bulwark of modern capitalism
17. Freudianism, its social meaning and purposes

Sobolev next mentioned that the publication would like the CP, USA to submit a commentary on the assassination of President Kennedy. They would like to print such an article in the magazine's January issue but to do so they must have the article in their possession by December 3rd or 4th and it must be edited and in final form for printing by the 20th. In addition, the magazine also would like to publish in the near future an article by Cass Hall, General Secretary of the CP, USA, on the subject "The U.S. After the Kennedy Assassination."

Sobolev mentioned that in many instances the magazine did not have room for the publication of all articles it received from the various Parties throughout the world. Sometimes, also, certain articles received by the magazine were of the nature that might cause dispute and discussion. As a result, the magazine has now commenced the publication of a new bulletin or pamphlet as a separate and distinct arm of the publication. This new bulletin gives the magazine a way out to publish certain articles which if previously were to be published in the magazine would have had to have near unanimous approval of the Parties. However, since this new bulletin is not setting forth official policy but is more informal in nature, articles can be published in that bulletin where consent is less than unanimous and on the decisions of the editors. Articles appearing in the bulletin while not official can be of informational and policy value.

Inquiry was then made of the CP, USA representative as to how he felt such a bulletin would go over in the United States. The CP, USA representative noted that he was not in a position to definitely say; however, in the past any item published abroad was not well received in the United States. The suggestion was then made that perhaps the body of the pamphlet could be shipped to Canada where a cover could be printed and the pamphlet distributed. The CP, USA representative on this point noted that this would probably be very difficult since both in Canada and the United States there are strict union regulations which would prohibit issuing an item which bore only a printed cover over imported material.

The next question raised with the CP, USA representative was how many copies of such a pamphlet the CP, USA might use. The CP, USA representative noted he was not in a position to speak for the book stores but suggested that perhaps up to 200 copies be sent to either World Books or New Era Publishers in New York City.

Cobolev then stated that the magazine desired an article on the topic of Freud and Marxism and he suggested that Comrade Don Davis be requested to communicate with philosopher (first name unknown) Wells. At this time, Wells should be asked to prepare and send to the "World Marxist Review" such an article for publication.

In regard to Comrade Gus Hall's suggestion that the "World Marxist Review" send 2,000 copies monthly of the magazine to World Books in New York City and that the CP, USA, if reimbursed by the magazine, would see to it that the magazine is sent out to colleges and universities and gotten into the proper hands, Cobolev noted that this matter had been discussed by the magazine. As a result of such discussion, it was decided that the magazine would send up to 2,000 copies a month hereafter of the magazine to World Books in New York City; that World Books should remit the magazine to colleges and universities as well as to leading professors and educators. If the cost for such mailings is not found to be excessive, the "World Marxist Review" will foot the entire bill for the mailing and work out in the near future detailed financial arrangements on this matter with World Books in order to see that they are properly reimbursed.

The CP, USA representative then raised the matter of possible royalties which might have accumulated at the "World Marxist Review" for Americans whose articles had recently been published in the magazine. The matter was immediately checked into and it was found that the only royalties due to any American at this time totaled \$200 and were payable to Jacoby Ladish. As a result, \$200 was turned over to the CP, USA representative at this time for transmittal to Ladish.

FBI

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/16/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code.)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

CG 5824-S* departed Chicago at 4:30 p.m. (CST), Sunday, 12/15/63, via NYC RR en route to New York and was scheduled to arrive New York at 9:00 a.m. (EST), 12/16/63. Purpose of CG 5824-S*'s travel was to meet with GUS HALL prior to the NEC meeting, CP, USA, scheduled 12/18/63 in order that HALL could be briefed on the results of source's recent trip abroad. At HALL's request, CG 5824-S* was to meet with him in NYC during p.m., 12/16/63, and again on 12/17/63.

In line with repeated instructions of the Soviets which once again were reiterated on recent trip, CG 5824-S* noted that it was advisable for him to attempt to avoid attendance at NEC meeting, NYC; however, source's actual attendance at this meeting will depend on HALL's desire and instructions in this regard. In view of the possibility he may have to attend the NEC or related meetings, CG 5824-S* made reservations to return to Chicago by NYC RR for p.m., 12/22/63.

In NYC, CG 5824-S* will stay at Commodore Hotel. NY 694-S* was telephonically advised by CG 5824-S* of latter's travel plans and arrival time in NYC. CG 5824-S* will be in

- 1-608 RB
③-Bureau (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

REC-38

RW:MDW
(5)

EX-102

100-428091-3477
22 DEC 23 1963Approved: *[Signature]*

Sent _____

M

DEC 27 1963

65 DEC 27 1963

Special Agent in Charge

CG 134-46 Sub B

contact with the New York Office and New York previously
advised of CG 5324-S*'s plans to travel to NYC.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/16/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled "GEORGE LOHR." One copy of above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by the source during the period 11/20-22/63 in conversations with HENRY WINSTON, a Vice Chairman of the Communist Party, USA, temporarily residing in Moscow, USSR.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

- ③ - Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1 - Chicago

WAB:bll
(5)

REC-38

22 DEC 23 1963

Approved: *[Signature]*

Sent _____ M

Special Agent in Charge

Per _____

INTE SEC

05 JAN 7 1964
Destroyed - 11/3/64-WS

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D.C.
December 16, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

GEORGE LOHR

During December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

During November, 1963, it was learned that George Lohr, an American citizen residing in the German Democratic Republic (GDR) where he is the correspondent for "The Worker," a Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) newspaper, is desirous of leaving the GDR to go to Africa. Lohr has an illness for which he needs to live in a warmer climate. Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman of the CPUSA temporarily residing in Moscow, USSR, has sent word to the CPUSA that consideration should be given to providing Lohr with money for the trip and finding him a job in Africa. Lohr has his wife, Helga Lohr, with him, who is not a member of the Communist Party, according to Winston, and further she cannot return to the United States. Winston has suggested that a (first name unknown) Aleksein (phonetic), a former refugee in the United States now in the GDR, could be appointed Lohr's replacement as correspondent for "The Worker" in the GDR.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/16/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO

IS - C

BRADY

KEATING

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63, captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) entitled "TIMUR TIMOFEEV, Deputy Director of the Institute for World Economy and International Affairs, Academy of Science of the USSR, Moscow, USSR".

One copy of the above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed LHM was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information contained in the enclosed LHM was obtained by CG 5824-S* in conversation with TIMUR TIMOFEEV on 11/18/63 in Moscow, USSR. CG 5824-S* has two copies of the book referred to herein "Das Programm der KPD SU und der Westen" ("The Program of the CPSU and the West"), one of which he will immediately present to the CP, USA. The other, he will retain for a short period prior to presenting it to PEGGY DENNIS, mother of TIMUR TIMOFEEV. In the event the Bureau desires the temporary use of this book, Chicago will

- ③ - Bureau (Encl. 4) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Chicago

WAB:JVK
(5)

Approved: *my/ey*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent

22 DEC 23 1963

135-46-Sub B-1
1964

1-3-64-605

EX-104
REC-38
100-428091-3479

CG 134-46 Sub B

forward it to the Bureau upon request.

The enclosed LHM has been classified ~~Top Secret~~ since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely effect the national defense interests.

The enclosed LHM has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C. in order to further protect this source.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
December 16, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

TIMUR TIMOFEEV, DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF
THE INSTITUTE FOR WORLD ECONOMY AND
INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS, ACADEMY OF
SCIENCE OF THE USSR, MOSCOW, USSR

During December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

During November, 1963, it was learned that Timur Timofeev, Deputy Director of the Institute for World Economy and International Affairs, Academy of Science of the USSR, Moscow, USSR, and the son of Eugene Dennis, the deceased former General Secretary of the Communist Party (CP), USA, has recently written a book entitled "The Program of the CPSU and the West". This book was published in the German language under the title "Das Programm der KPD SU und der Westen" by the publishing firm Europa Verlag in Vienna, Austria, which, according to Timofeev, is a "capitalist publisher".

It is now planned that this book will be translated into the English language for publication by International Publishers, a CP, USA controlled publishing firm in New York City. The translation will be performed by Boris Burkov who is one of the chief editors of Novosti Press Agency (APN) which has the publishing rights to this book. No 100

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~
~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic down-
grading and declassification~~

FBI
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/16/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO

IS - C

Handwritten: J. Edgar
BRANIGAN

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63, captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) entitled "Response From North America to Radio Moscow Broadcasts" and three copies of an informant's statement entitled "Instructions to Monitor Broadcasts by Radio Moscow".

One copy of each of the above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed LHM was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAS WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed LHM has been classified ~~Top Secret~~ since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely effect the national defense interests.

The enclosed LHM has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C. in order to further protect this source.

- ③ - Bureau (Encls. 2) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 2) (RM)
- 1 - Chicago
- WAB:JVK
- (5)

Handwritten: SHAW (15st)

100-428091-3480

22 DEC 23 1963

Approved: *Handwritten signature*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent: *Handwritten: 102*

M

Handwritten: HANCOCK

65 JAN 7 1964
Handwritten: 136-68



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
December 16, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

RESPONSE FROM NORTH AMERICA TO
RADIO MOSCOW BROADCASTS

During December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

During November, 1963, Aleksei Grechukhin, Assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party (CP) of the Soviet Union, stated that Radio Moscow receives an average of 1600 letters per week in response to their broadcasts on the North America wave length. He noted that the CPSU is very surprised by the volume of this response and cannot quite understand why so many people are writing. Grechukhin did not specify whether the mail received was favorable or unfavorable. USSR

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~
~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic down-
grading and declassification~~

INSTRUCTIONS TO MONITOR BROADCASTS
BY RADIO MOSCOW

During November, 1963, Morris Childs, a representative of the Communist Party (CP), USA, who was then in Moscow, USSR, for discussions with representatives of the Central Committee, CPSU, met with Aleksei Grochukhin, Assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU, who made the following comments concerning Radio Moscow:

According to Grochukhin, Radio Moscow receives an average of 1000 letters per week in response to their broadcasts on the North America wave length. Grochukhin noted that the CPSU is very surprised by this and then asked who listens to these broadcasts, are the broadcasts any good, and why do the people write. Childs also expressed surprise at the volume of this response and stated he does not know anything about the content of the programs or who the listeners are. Therefore, Grochukhin instructed Childs to obtain a shortwave radio capable of picking up Radio Moscow and to listen to these broadcasts. Childs should then furnish his opinion of the broadcasts to the CPSU as they desire to know what people of a similar political frame of mind as Childs' think of these broadcasts.

ENCLOSURE

FBI **ROUTE IN ENVELOPE**

Date: 12/17/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Iszley

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement entitled "NORMAN FREED, COMMUNIST PARTY OF CANADA REPRESENTATIVE TO THE 'WORLD MARXIST REVIEW,' PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA."

The information set forth in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

No DISSEMINATION
RP

WORLD MARXIST REVIEW

ENCLOSURE

- ③ - Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Chicago

RWH:bll
(5)

REC-12

100-428091-3481

22 DEC 23 1963

Approved: *[Signature]*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M. *[Signature]*

65-1447-1954-1-3-64-WR

INT. SEC.

0 - 2 0

NORMAN FREED, COMMUNIST PARTY OF
CANADA REPRESENTATIVE TO THE
"WORLD MARXIST REVIEW," PRAGUE,
CZECHOSLOVAKIA

On November 28, 1963, Norman Freed, Communist Party (CP) of Canada representative to the "World Marxist Review," the official theoretical organ of the international communist movement which headquarters in Prague, Czechoslovakia, made a request that hereafter he be furnished copies of "Political Affairs," the theoretical organ of the CP, USA, by air mail and that they be directed to him at the "World Marxist Review" headquarters.

10-423697-3471

ENCLOSURE

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/17/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO

IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled "COMMUNIST PARTY OF URUGUAY." One copy of above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was developed during the course of general discussions held with VITALY KORIANOV in Moscow, USSR, during approximately mid-November, 1963.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Chicago

RWH:bll
(5)

WKS:K45

22 DEC 23 1963

Approved: _____

Sent _____

M

Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

IN-108

65 JAN 7 1964

in 64-200-227 (CP - Uruguay) WKA



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D.C.
December 17, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~COMMUNIST PARTY OF URUGUAY~~

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in mid-December, 1963, advised as follows:

Vitaly Korianov, Chief Deputy to Boris N. Ponomarev, a member of the Secretariat and Head of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party (CP) of the Soviet Union, during his recent official visit to Uruguay met with and talked to Rodney Arismendi, First Secretary of the CP of Uruguay. Arismendi at this time informed Korianov that the current membership of the CP of Uruguay was approximately 8,000, which in Korianov's opinion was an extremely large Party, particularly for a country which has a deep democratic tradition and where the inhabitants number less than three million people. Korianov also noted that it was apparent in his discussions with Arismendi that the CP of Uruguay is not in agreement with the views of Fidel Castro, but rather adhere to the policies of utilizing parliamentary procedures available in their country in order to come to power. *URUGUAY*

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

F.B.I.

FBI ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/17/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
-IS- C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Bureau airtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "M. A. Suslov and F. R. Kozlov, Members of the Presidium and Secretariat, Communist Party of the Soviet Union." One copy of the above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 12/10/63 by CG 5824-S* to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was developed in 11/63 during general discussions with representatives of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, held in Moscow.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interests.

3-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago
RWH:MDW
(5)

F. W. W. 1/7/64 DRE
ERROR LETTER SENT WGS: 1140

Approved:

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

22 DEC 23 1963

~~INT. SEC.~~

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.
December 17, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~M. A. SUSLOV AND F. R. KOZLOV, MEMBERS
OF THE PRESIDIUM AND SECRETARIAT,
COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION~~

USSR

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in mid-December, 1963, advised as follows:

M. A. Suslov, a member of the Presidium and of the Secretariat, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), as of mid-November, 1963, was reported to still be a very sick man. His illness at that time was being attributed to the "old thing," which reportedly is tuberculosis from which he suffered a number of years ago. At the present time he can not work extensively and with winter setting in is nearly incapacitated.

F. R. Kozlov, also a member of the Presidium and of the Secretariat, Central Committee, CPSU, as of mid-November, 1963, was also reported to be still quite ill and as a result presently is not functioning on a daily basis in any political activities of the Party.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

F B **ROUTE IN ENVELOPE**

Date: 12/17/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement captioned "Availability of Spanish Language Marxist-Leninist Material."

The information set forth in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

1 encl COBRP
③-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

NO DISSEMINATION

REC-12

100-428091-3484

22 DEC 23 1963

Approved: MJ/ey
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____
per _____

79 DEC 30 1963

AVAILABILITY OF SPANISH LANGUAGE MARXIST-LENINIST MATERIAL

In preparation for his planned trip to the USSR as a representative of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), Morris Childs on November 1, 1963, was instructed by Gus Hall, General Secretary of the CP, USA, to take up with representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) the question of how and where the CP, USA could secure basic Marxist-Leninist works and related material in the Spanish language.

In accordance with Hall's instructions, the above matter was raised with representatives of the North and South American Section of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU, during early November, 1963, and subsequently in late November, 1963, Aleksei Andreovich Grochukhin, Assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section, advised as follows:

All material of the type described and desired by Comrade Hall is presently being printed in the Spanish language in Moscow. If the CP, USA desires such material, all they have to do to secure it is to send an order to Moscow and the material will be sent.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/17/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Instructions Regarding the Mailing of Printed Material to the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, Moscow."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished on 12/9/63 by CG 5824-S* to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

1-enc 80873
③-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

REC-12

22 DEC 23 1963

Approved: M G / [signature]

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

65 JAN 2 1964
and changed 1-3-64-WR

INSTRUCTIONS REGARDING THE MAILING OF PRINTED
MATERIAL TO THE NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICAN SECTION,
INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT, CENTRAL COMMITTEE,
COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION, MOSCOW

During discussions held in Moscow, USSR, during mid-November, 1963, participated in by Aleksei Andreevich Grochukhin, assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), and Igor Mikhailov, an employee of the North and South American Section, they requested that any material sent through the mail for their benefit at the North and South American Section, International Department, including such items as clippings, "Political Affairs," books, etc., not be hereafter transmitted to them via Art Shields, "The Worker" correspondent in Moscow. They stated they preferred that such material be sent directly to them at the following drop address which they had previously furnished:

Professor I. Birinov
Post Office Box 341
Moscow, USSR

In this connection, they remarked that the source of all such material directed to the above address would be immediately known to them and that such material would come directly to them without having to go through a third person and, therefore, some delay could be eliminated.

100 42191-3485

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/17/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled "A. PANUSHKIN, FORMER AMBASSADOR OF THE USSR TO THE UNITED STATES." One copy of above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.

- Level 60879
- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
 - 1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
 - 1 - Chicago

RWH:bll
(5)

DEC 17

letter to State & CIA
12/23/63
WGS/KHJ
REC-12

100-428091-3486

DEC 23 1963

Approved: 1964

Sent

M

Per

Special Agent in Charge

11/22/63
WGS/KHJ
REC-12

65 JAN 7 1964

News extracted 12/26/63



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
December 17, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~X~~
A. PANUSHKIN, FORMER AMBASSADOR OF
THE USSR TO THE UNITED STATES

4551-
D.C.

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in mid-December, 1963, advised as follows:

In November, 1963, Boris N. ~~X~~ Ponomarev, a member of the Secretariat and Head of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), advised as follows:

USSR

A. Panushkin, the Soviet Ambassador to the United States in 1947 and subsequently Head of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU, is now engaged in organizational work for the CPSU. Panushkin had been relieved of his duties with the International Department a number of years ago when he became ill with tuberculosis. At the present time, his health is still not good.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

FBI

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

~~SECRET~~

Date: 12/17/63

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL~~REGISTERED MAIL~~
(Priority or Method of Mailing)~~TOP SECRET~~

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091) (S)(U)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

(SOLO) (S)(U)
IS - CClassified by 05 RMB/MSK
Declassify on OADR (JFK)

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement entitled "MISCELLANEOUS REQUESTS AND INQUIRIES BY REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICAN SECTION, INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT, CENTRAL COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION, RAISED DURING NOVEMBER, 1963."

The information set forth in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/2, 4 and 10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

DECLASSIFIED BY SP4 GRS/SLP/MSK
ON 3-9-95 (7-16)M. Dissem. -
Following subject
with clearance of

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

Classified by 3104 DPM/MS
Exempt from GDS, Category 1-3-4
Date of Declassification Indefinite
6/3/97

KLEIN
SIMON
MULLEN
TURNER

ORIGINAL DOCUMENT SENT TO
NATIONAL ARCHIVES (JFKARCA)
DATE 7/94 JD (LHO)

- 1 - Bureau (Enc. 1) (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM) (S)(U)
1 - Chicago

RWH:bll
(5)

1 - and destroyed 12/16/68

REC-12

~~SECRET~~

22 DEC 23 1963

Approved: _____

65 JAN 1964

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

Per _____
INVEST.

~~SECRET~~

MISCELLANEOUS REQUESTS AND INQUIRIES
BY REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NORTH AND
SOUTH AMERICAN SECTION, INTERNATIONAL
DEPARTMENT, CENTRAL COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST
PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION, RAISED DURING
NOVEMBER, 1963

During the course of conversation with representatives of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, namely Aleksei A. Grechukhin and Igor Mikhailov, in a series of both formal and informal meetings held during November, 1963, some miscellaneous requests were made and inquiries raised by them which included the following:

The North and South American Section of the International Department would like to receive the current "Labor Fact-Book" published by Labor Research, Incorporated, New York City.

In connection with the current situation in Puerto Rico, they would like some concrete facts and would like to know definitely whether there are people from the pro-Chinese Rosen group actively working there.

Gus Hall, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, should be told that they have some question in connection with some of his writings where he uses the terms "left" and "left wing." He should know that these are not words in the Marxist-Leninist nomenclature.

Who are the people in the Fair Play for Cuba Committee with whom Lee Harvey Oswald might have been in contact? Did these people have contact with Cubans or pro-Chinese individuals like Milt Rosen or Freddy Berome? Are there any threads leading from these people to people like Robert Williams who has now gone over to the Chinese?

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

Classified by 15 RMB/NSR

Declassify on: OADR

Classified by 3104
Exempt from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

ENCLOSURE

~~SECRET~~

348 [X] (XW)
355A-10233

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/17/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement captioned "Reaction of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union to Request of the Communist Party, USA to the Sending of a Representative to Discuss the Jewish Question."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished on 12/7 and 10/63 by CG 5824-S* to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

1 encl *SOLO*
 3 Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
 1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
 1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
 (5)

EX-102

REC-15

100-428091-3488
22 DEC 23 1963

1 encl SOLO
3 Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago
12-27-63
WKS:MDW

Approved: *MDW*
 Special Agent in Charge
 12-27-63

Sent

Per *MDW*
 IN *MDW*

REACTION OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET
UNION TO REQUEST OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, USA TO
THE SENDING OF A REPRESENTATIVE TO DISCUSS THE
JEWISH QUESTION

It will be recalled that in late October, 1963, Gus Hall, General Secretary of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), directed that a communication be sent to the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) concerning the possibility of a representative of the CP, USA, namely Jack Kling, proceeding to the Soviet Union to talk to responsible individuals on matters relating to the Jewish question in the USSR.

Subsequently, Gus Hall, on November 1, 1963, instructed a CP, USA representative scheduled to personally travel to the Soviet Union for dealings with the CPSU to discuss with them the same matter, pointing out at this time to the CPSU that the CP, USA was not looking for a fight on this matter but were raising it only from a tactical point of view.

In mid-November, 1963, the request concerning the possible setting up of discussions between responsible representatives of the CPSU and the CP, USA on problems relating to the Jewish question was presented to the Central Committee, CPSU, both in written and oral form. However, in neither case was there any official response from the CPSU to the question raised. Since at every occasion where this matter was raised responsible CPSU representatives sought to avoid discussion of it, it was not pushed beyond initial stages of inquiry. As a result, there was no formal, direct response, negative or positive, to this request.

100-923091-3478
ENCLOSURE

FBI

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/17/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

~~SECRET~~

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

ALL INFORMATION ON THIS
PAGE IS CLASSIFIED
UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE

176
Larg
Kerjane

ReCGairtel dated 12/18/61 and enclosed informant's statement captioned "Information Concerning Documentary Film Prepared by the Communist Party of the Soviet Union on William Z. Foster"; CGairtel dated 3/9/62 and enclosed informant's statement captioned "Inquiry by Communist Party, USA of Communist Party of the Soviet Union Regarding a Film Prepared on William Z. Foster"; Buairtel dated 3/13/62; CGairtel dated 3/15/62; Buairtel dated 3/20/62; CGairtel dated 3/23/62; and, Buairtel dated 3/27/62.

RYNR

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement captioned "Information Concerning Transmission of Documentary Film Prepared by the Communist Party of the Soviet Union on Life of William Z. Foster to the Communist Party, USA."

The information set forth in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

1 and 800b
S (LAST)

- ③-Bureau (Enc. 13) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

Classified by 5042
Declassify on: OADR REC-15

22 DEC 23 1967

Approved: mg/oy

Sent _____ M _____

65 JAN 7 1964
Special Agent in Charge
11514-AR

~~SECRET~~
100-428091-3489

~~SECRET~~
INFORMATION CONCERNING TRANSMISSION OF DOCUMENTARY
FILM PREPARED BY THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET
UNION ON LIFE OF WILLIAM Z. FOSTER TO THE COMMUNIST
PARTY, USA

In late November, 1963, a representative of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), advised that both copies of the documentary film prepared in 1961 by the CPSU in the Soviet Union on the life and death of William Z. Foster had now been transmitted to the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA). It was noted at this time that one of the copies had been brought into the United States from the Soviet Union by Rosa Wainstock, wife of a CP, USA functionary, during the latter part of summer or early fall of 1963 following that individual's visit to the Peoples Republic of Hungary and to the Soviet Union. The representative also noted that the second copy had been sent to the United States but did not comment on the manner by which this film had been transmitted to the Party in the United States.

~~Classified by 60361/8
Declassify on: OADR
276418~~

100-428091-347
~~SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/17/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled "BEATRICE SISKIND JOHNSON, NEWLY ASSIGNED 'THE WORKER' CORRESPONDENT, HAVANA, CUBA." One copy of above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10-11/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was developed during conversation with ALEKSEI A. GRECHUKHIN of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, during mid-November, 1963, and with HENRY WINSTON during the period 11/20-22/63 while the source was in Moscow, USSR.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

- ③ - Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Chicago

RWH:bll
(5)

22 DEC 23 1963

Approved: *MJ/04*
65 JAN 7 1964
Special Agent in Charge

Sent

12/30/63-68
A memo destroyed

M. J. S.
S. S.

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D.C.
December 17, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~X~~
BEATRICE SISKIND JOHNSON, NEWLY
ASSIGNED "THE WORKER" CORRESPONDENT,
HAVANA, CUBA

Canada
134

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, during mid-December, 1963, advised as follows:

Prior to her departure for Havana, Cuba, in the early fall of 1963 where she was to take on the assignment as correspondent for "The Worker," an East Coast communist publication, Beatrice Johnson stopped off in Moscow, USSR. In Moscow, she met with representatives of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party (CP) of the Soviet Union, and with Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman of the CPUSA who was then temporarily residing in Moscow. *U.S.*
USSR

During her contact with representatives of the International Department, she received a briefing and was also furnished with \$500 which had previously been left in Moscow by the CPUSA to be given to Johnson at the time of her departure in order that she might have some funds to cover her initial living expenses in Cuba.

In discussions with Winston, Johnson was briefed on the current CPUSA line, as well as on the line she herself was to follow while serving as "The Worker" correspondent in Cuba. She was given instructions that she was to see to it that all news was eventually sent to the CPUSA on developments occurring in Cuba. Specifically, she was given the task of writing an expose of Robert Williams, the American Negro who fled to Cuba to avoid United States prosecution and, if possible, she was to attempt to have this expose published in Cuba in an official organ of the United Party of the Socialist Revolution. *N C*

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

BEATRICE SISKIND JOHNSON, NEWLY
ASSIGNED "THE WORKER" CORRESPONDENT,
HAVANA, CUBA

At this same time, Winston passed on to Johnson a suggestion for transmittal to the Cubans to the effect that perhaps it would be wise for Premier Fidel Castro of Cuba to issue a manifesto. In such a manifesto, Castro could point out to the American people that if they were paying a big price for sugar, paying a big price for cigars and the like, it was because there was no trade with Cuba. If there was no trade with Cuba, it was the fault of the United States for they failed to follow a good neighbor policy with Cuba; however, Cuba is willing to pursue a good neighbor policy with the United States.

After her briefing by Winston, Johnson accompanied Winston to the Cuban Embassy in Moscow. At the embassy, she and Winston were cordially received by the ambassador and at this time it was pointed out to the ambassador that Johnson would soon be leaving for Havana where she would represent the CPUSA as correspondent for "The Worker." The ambassador was provided with a credential from the CPUSA indicating Johnson's official assignment. The ambassador indicated that he would transmit the information concerning Johnson's pending arrival in Cuba and her credential to his government, and he was certain that she would be most welcome in Cuba.

Subsequently Johnson did go to Cuba, but on her arrival she was met with extreme coolness and a lack of cooperation of any nature from both the Cuban Government and the Party.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

F B I

Date: 12/17/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO

IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement entitled "REQUEST FOR ARTICLES TO BE PUBLISHED IN 'PARTY LIFE,' INNER PARTY ORGAN OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION."

The information set forth in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

REC-15

EX-112

100-428091-3491

22 DEC 23 1963

INSEC. 5110

- ③ - Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Chicago

RWH:bll

(5)

Approved: _____

Sent: _____

M

Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

65 JAN 1964

12/30/63 - WS

**REQUEST FOR ARTICLES TO BE PUBLISHED
IN "PARTY LIFE," INNER PARTY ORGAN OF
THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION**

Alekssei A. Grochukhin, Assistant to the Lead of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party (CP) of the Soviet Union, in mid-November, 1953, stated that "Party Life," an official inner Party organ of the CP of the Soviet Union, would like articles on the following subjects to be prepared and submitted for publication by individuals in the CP, USA:

1. The fight of the CP, USA for civil rights.
2. The role of the Party in the struggle for peace and against aggression for war.
3. The role of the Party in the fight for democracy and social rights (civil liberties) of the working class.

Grochukhin noted that in connection with the above articles, the magazine desired that all be prepared from the point of view of the CP, USA.

100-91-3411

F B I

Date: 12/18/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS-- C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "JAMES WEAVER, CORRESPONDENT FOR 'AFRO-AMERICAN,' NOW ASSIGNED MOSCOW, USSR."

The information set forth in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished on 12/11/63 by CG 5824-S* to SA RICHARD W. HANSEN.

3-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW.
(5)

mf -
NI 77-12315
NI 116-330144
NI 121-4358
NI 140-24484
NI 77-227300
NI 88-227300
NI 88-227300

EX-112

REC-15

100-428091-34-92

22 DEC 23 1963

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

65

During conversations with Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) who is now temporarily residing in the Soviet Union, during the period November 20-22, 1963, in Moscow, Winston made the following remarks:

Weaver came to interview Winston and spent an hour and a half with him. At the time, Winston did not know what this interview would result in so he was careful in talking to Weaver. According to Winston, in talking to Weaver he could tell from the discussion that this individual was leaning towards the Muslims although he tried to deny it but they did have a little rapport, and he did give him an article from "Political Affairs" by Claude Lightfoot on the Muslims. He read it and indicated he liked it.

He would like the matter of suspicions and questions which arise in his mind taken up with the CP, USA and followed through. For example, how come the entire Negro press has no one here but the "Afro-American" press has one here? Why would they agree to this several months after they said they did not have money to do it? How come a Negro coming here was not used in a press pool?

In accordance with Winston's wishes, the same information as noted above was provided to the Soviets.

F B I

Date: 12/18/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Miscellaneous Discussion with Representative of International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, Concerning Reimbursement to Communist Party, USA for Travel Expenses of Individuals to Soviet Union."

The information set forth in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/4 and 10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

1-enc 100-428091-3493
ENCLOSURE
③-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

REC-15

100-428091-3493
DEC 23 1963

Approved: [Signature]
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M

65 DEC 27 1963

MISCELLANEOUS DISCUSSION WITH REPRESENTATIVE OF
INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT, CENTRAL COMMITTEE,
COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION, CONCERNING
REIMBURSEMENT TO COMMUNIST PARTY, USA FOR TRAVEL
EXPENSES OF INDIVIDUALS TO SOVIET UNION

In mid-November, 1963, Morris Childs, a representative of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), while meeting with Aleksei Andreovich Grochukhin, Assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), Moscow, USSR, raised with that individual the matter of reimbursement to the CP, USA due from the CPSU for monies paid out for travel expenses of individuals invited to the Soviet Union during the past year. Grochukhin, with whom this same matter had been raised by a CP, USA representative a few months previously, stated that the CP, USA had previously been informed that funds to cover these expenses were not available and that this same situation now existed because of tight budget problems of the various responsible inviting Soviet organizations. Grochukhin then proposed that in order to settle this matter concerning the fares once and for all, that perhaps Childs would be willing to accept for the Party the following proposition:

Grochukhin proposed that in lieu of all unpaid fares that he would immediately provide Childs with \$500 out of International Department funds, technically charging this money to their Department as reimbursement to Childs for his own fare to the Soviet Union. For this \$500, the CP, USA should consider all previous outstanding, unpaid fares as being canceled. In the future such fares and expenses for individuals traveling to the Soviet Union should not be submitted individually but held in abeyance until the time when the overall annual budgetary requests are presented to the CPSU. At this time they should be listed individually and incorporated into the overall amount of money being requested.

Childs accepted Grochukhin's offer in this matter and accordingly was furnished \$500 from CPSU funds which were available to Grochukhin. Subsequently from this sum of money Childs disbursed the following sums:

100-42-11-3493

✓
\$200 to Max Weinstein in Moscow to cover travel expenses in connection with business trip on behalf of the CP, USA;

\$50 to Max Weinstein in Moscow for purchase of sample trade items;

\$35 to Norman Freed, Prague, Czechoslovakia, for expense money in connection with travel and tasks he was to perform on behalf of the CP, USA during forthcoming trip to the German Democratic Republic;

\$100 to Norman Freed, Prague, which was to be transmitted by that individual to Beatrice Siskind Johnson, "The Worker" correspondent, Havana, Cuba, via the CP of Canada channels.

F B I

Date: 12/18/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 3 copies and
for New York 1 copy of informant's statement captioned,
[REDACTED] MOSCOW, NOVEMBER, 1963."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's
statement was furnished on 12/2, 3, 4, and 10/63 by CG 5824-S*
to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

Lead FOG RB
ENCLOSURE
3-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

REC-15

100-428091-3494

22 DEC 23 1963

Level destroyed 12-26-63
WCC

EX-112

DEC 17

Approved: mj/cf
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 DEC 27 1963

[REDACTED] NOVEMBER, 1963

MOJCO7,

When [REDACTED] of Chicago, Illinois, arrived in Moscow, USSR, November 14, 1963, representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) were fully prepared to meet them because earlier arrangements and discussions concerning their arrival had been held with them, the Soviet representatives, by Morris Childs, Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) representative, who was already in Moscow. During these preliminary discussions with CPSU representatives, Childs had informed them that [REDACTED] was officially coming to the Soviet Union with his wife for the purpose of a visit and thereafter he would carry out an assignment of the CP, USA. This assignment was to specifically contact the various trade organizations within the socialist camp in order to determine whether there might be some items which could be profitably imported into the United States and from which the CP, USA might financially benefit. Accordingly, it had been requested that arrangements be set up for [REDACTED] to meet with representatives of official Soviet trade organizations while in the country. They were also informed that in addition to his meeting with Soviet trade representatives, their help was desired in order that arrangements could be made for [REDACTED] to visit other socialist states and set up meetings with trade representatives.

In view of the above preparatory work done by Childs, representatives of the CPSU from the International Department, Central Committee, met the [REDACTED] on their arrival in Moscow and officially welcomed them. The [REDACTED] were supplied with a suite in the Central Committee, CPSU hotel in Moscow, furnished a limited amount of money in Rubles for their personal spending, and were furnished a student translator employed by the International Department. At the time of the [REDACTED] arrival, they had set up and arranged a meeting for [REDACTED] with Soviet trade officials and this meeting was subsequently held. In addition to [REDACTED] meeting with the noted trade representatives, both he and his wife [REDACTED] were given tours in and around Moscow and were also provided by the Russians with a few days' pleasure trip to Leningrad at the expense of the CPSU. After the completion of the side trip to Leningrad, [REDACTED] intended to immediately return to the United States while her husband would continue his contacts with other socialist countries.

ENCLOSURE

To assist in the setting up of meetings in other socialist countries, Morris Childs during the latter part of November, 1963, prepared a number of written documents each bearing the seal of the CP, USA which outlined [redacted] specific business and desire to contact as a representative of the CP, USA responsible trade officials. It was intended that these documents be delivered to the various embassies of the socialist countries located in Moscow. The documents also identified Weinstein as a member of the CP, USA and requested that visa arrangements be made to facilitate his travel in connection with his projected business.

After these documents had been prepared, Childs, in the company of a representative of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU, who was present for the purpose of making formal introduction of him as a CP, USA representative, delivered these documents to the following embassies in Moscow:

Embassy of Bulgaria
Embassy of Hungary
Embassy of Poland
Embassy of Czechoslovakia

As of late November, 1963, [redacted] plans for travel to other socialist countries were as follows:

First, he was to travel to Sofia, Bulgaria; then, to Budapest, Hungary; to Prague, Czechoslovakia; and, finally to Warsaw, Poland. After visits in these countries, he planned to attempt to proceed to Yugoslavia, then Italy, and then possibly some other capitalist countries. At all of these places he would be looking for possible import items.

For the first portion of his trip from Moscow to Sofia, the CPSU had agreed to foot the transportation cost. From Sofia on it was hoped that the previously prepared documents would induce other CPs to afford similar cooperation in seeing that Weinstein moved to his next stop.

As of November 26, 1963, [redacted] was still in Moscow but then in the process of preparing to travel to Sofia. His wife [redacted] was still also in the city but expecting to leave in the very near future for the United States. As of this date it was also learned that [redacted] had up to that time been entirely unsuccessful in locating any specific trade items of consequence which could be profitably imported in the United States and nothing that he had done so far represented any prospects of great financial gain for the CP, USA.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub F)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

DATE: 12/17/63

ReBulet dated May 4, 1960, and CGlet dated November 5, 1963.

ReBulet dated May 4, 1960, instructed Chicago to set out details of receipts and disbursements of funds in possession of CG 5824-S* and report such information to the Bureau by the fifth of the month following the month being reported.

Balance of funds in possession of
CG 5824-S* as of October 31, 1963

Solo Funds

Maintained in cash in safe deposit
box, Michigan Avenue National Bank,
Chicago, Illinois.....\$ 23,830.58

Maintained in cash in safe deposit
box, Mid-America National Bank,
Chicago, Illinois..... 70,000.00

CP, USA Reserve Funds

Maintained in cash in safe deposit
box, Michigan Avenue National Bank,
Chicago, Illinois..... 22,853.32

Total \$116,683.90

- ②-Bureau (RM)
- 2-New York (RM)
- (1 - 100-134637 (SOLO))
- (1 - 100-128861 (CP, USA - Reserve Funds))
- 1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

REC-23

DEC 23 1963

65 DEC 26 1963

CG 134-46 Sub F

Additions

Solo Funds

None.

CP, USA Reserve Funds

None.

Disbursements

Solo Funds

To JACK ISLING, Chicago, on November 5, 1963, in accordance with instructions of CG 5824-S* to CG 6653-S (for complete details and breakdown as to disposition of money and details surrounding see CGlet dated November 12, 1963, captioned "CP, USA - Funds").....\$ 8,000.00

CP, USA Reserve Funds

None.

Total funds in possession of CG 5824-S* as of November 30, 1963

Solo Funds

Maintained in cash in safe deposit box, Michigan Avenue National Bank, Chicago, Illinois..... 22,830.58

Maintained in cash in safe deposit box, Chicago Office, FBI, to be returned to CG 5824-S* for re-deposit in safe deposit box, Mid-America National Bank, Chicago, Illinois (for details see reCGlet)..... 62,000.00

CP, USA Reserve Funds

Maintained in cash in safe deposit box, Michigan Avenue National Bank, Chicago, Illinois..... 22,853.32

Total \$103,683.90

CG 134-46 Sub F

Pursuant to Bureau instructions, the Chicago Office where consistent with security has and will continue to trace disbursement of Solo Funds and/or CP, USA Reserve Funds.

SAC, New York [redacted]

Director, FBI [redacted]

12/20/63

1 - Stark
1 - Shaw
1 - Ryan
1 - Donohue
1 - Shoaff

b6
b7C
b7D

ReNYlet 12/4/63.

Dulet to New York 11/29/63 entitled, "Aleksey M. Kolobashkin, IS - R - SMN; Solo, IS - C," instructed to intensify your plans in regard [redacted] in the Kolobashkin-Solo operation; therefore, your request to consider [redacted] at this time is denied.

b6
b7C
b7D

In the event the Solo operation fails to activate Tomerug against Kolobashkin, you may resubmit your request to explore [redacted]

2 - New York (105-36402) (Kolobashkin)
1 - 100-134537 (Solo)

1 - 105-78927 (Kolobashkin)
① - 100-428091 (Solo)

100-428091-
NOT RECORDED
DEC 20 1963

b7D

CSS:pdb:klw
(12)

NOTE:

NY requests to further assess subject's potential under the [redacted] because subject is in a position to meet Rumanian diplomats at the UN through his business. Since Bureau has already approved [redacted] in an operation involving Solo, use of subject [redacted] could interfere with Solo operation, therefore, request being denied at this time.

b6
b7C
b7D

ORIGINAL FILE

1-100-134537-75
DUPLICATE YELLOW

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

December 18, 1963

BY LIAISON

Honorable John A. McCone
Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, D. C.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Evans
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. R.W. Smith
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

Dear Mr. McCone:

Zonik Wagner, an official of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia, who specializes in Latin-American affairs, furnished the following comments to most sensitive sources of this Bureau concerning the caches of arms recently discovered on the beaches of Venezuela.

The Communist Party of Czechoslovakia has verified that the arms shipments discovered on the beaches in Venezuela were, in fact, shipped from Cuba. This matter was handled in a clumsy, uncoordinated way and, as a result, millions of dollars worth of arms were lost. The Cubans did not consult with the Czechs or the Russians on these shipments and, as a matter of fact, the Czechs and Russians do not know whom the Cubans were negotiating with among the Venezuelans. The Czechs and the Russians are very disturbed concerning the handling of these shipments of arms by the Cubans to the communist terrorists in Venezuela.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, which have furnished reliable information in the past, we have classified this communication "~~Top Secret~~." This information is being furnished to other interested officials of the Government.

Sincerely yours,

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
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Holmes _____
Gandy _____

100-428091-3496

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

WGS:erc
(11)

~~TOP SECRET~~
Group 1

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

65 DEC 26 1963

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

DEC 18 10 32 AM '63
REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

~~TOP SECRET~~

Honorable John A. McCone

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. See memo Baumgardner to W. C. Sullivan 12/17/63 captioned "Solo, Internal Security - C," WGS:kmj, and Chicago airtel 12/11/63, also bearing the Solo caption.

~~TOP SECRET~~

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan *WCS*

DATE: December 17, 1963

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner *FJB*

1-Mr. Belmont
1-Mr. Evans
1-Mr. DeLoach
1-Mr. Sullivan
1-Mr. Baumgardner
1-Mr. Wannall
1-Mr. R. W. Smith
1-Mr. Shaw
1-Liaison

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
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check
During the course of Solo Mission 14 in November, 1963, CG 5824-S* had occasion to hold a confidential discussion with Zenik Wagner, an official of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party (CP) of Czechoslovakia, concerning the caches of arms recently discovered on the beaches of Venezuela.

You will recall that on 11/1/63, a number of caches of arms were discovered by Venezuelan Government authorities on the beaches of Venezuela. Venezuelan authorities have alleged that the Cubans had shipped these arms. The Cubans have steadfastly denied having anything to do with this matter, indicating that it is a frame-up.

CG 5824-S* learned from Zenik Wagner, who specializes in Latin-American affairs, that the CP of Czechoslovakia has verified that these arms shipments discovered on the beaches in Venezuela were, in fact, shipped from Cuba. Wagner stated that this matter was handled in a clumsy, uncoordinated way and, as a result, millions of dollars worth of arms were lost and wasted. According to Wagner, the Cubans did not consult with the Czechs or Russians on these shipments and, as a matter of fact, the Czechs and Russians do not even know whom the Cubans were negotiating with among the Venezuelans. The Czechs and the Russians are very disturbed concerning the handling of these shipments of arms by the Cubans.

OBSERVATION:

The fact that the CP of Czechoslovakia has reportedly verified that the shipment of arms discovered on the beaches of Venezuela was, in fact, shipped from Cuba should be of vital interest to top officials of the United States Government.

ACTION:

That the attached letters, classified "Top Secret" to protect our source, be sent to the Honorable Walter W. Jenkins, Special Assistant to the President; the Honorable Dean Rusk; the

Enc. sent 12-17-63
100-428091
WGS:kmj (10)

REC-45

100-428091-349683
5/1/68
22 DEC 23 1963

Secretary of State; the Honorable John A. McCone, Director, Central Intelligence Agency; Lieutenant General Joseph F. Carroll, Director, Defense Intelligence Agency; Mr. Frank J. Denny, Director, National Indications Center; and the Attorney General and Deputy Attorney General.

WED

[Handwritten signature]



OK
4

Wd

[Handwritten signature]

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan *WCS*

DATE: December 17, 1963

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner *FJB*

1-Mr. Belmont
1-Mr. Sullivan
1-Mr. Baumgardner
1-Mr. Branigan
1-Mr. Shaw
~~1-Mr. [redacted]~~

SUBJECT: SOLO

INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

at
Tele. Room ☒
Casper ☒
Callahan ☒
Conrad ☒
DeLoach ☒
Evans ☒
Gale ☒
Rosen ☒
Sullivan ☒
Tavel ☒
Trotter ☒
Tele. Room ☒
Holmes ☒
Gandy ☒

I thought you would be interested in learning that the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), obviously embarrassed over the Lee Harvey Oswald case, has advised the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), that hereafter the CPSU will not officially invite any Americans to the Soviet Union unless the CPUSA feels it is in a position to unequivocally state that such people are loyal communists and that the CPUSA knows all about the activities of such people for at least the past ten years.

COMMUNIST PARTY OF UNITED STATES TO PASS APPROVAL ON AMERICANS OFFICIALLY INVITED TO RUSSIA

You will recall that CG 5824-S* was on Solo Mission 14 from 11-1-63 to 12-2-63. While in the Soviet Union on this Mission, Aleksei A. Grechukhin, an official of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU, advised CG 5824-S* that the above-mentioned attitude of the CPSU developed subsequent to the assassination of President John F. Kennedy on 11-22-63 and was being instituted for the protection of the Soviet Union since it might be possible in the future that the Soviet Union could once again have on its hands another Lee Harvey Oswald. *RUSSIA-TEX*

OBSERVATIONS:

TO RUSSIA
This is a most interesting development. It appears that the Soviets will now call upon the CPUSA to pass judgment on potential defectors from the United States who fall into the same category as Lee Harvey Oswald. If this is true, the Soviets in all probability will consult the CPUSA in this connection through the clandestine Solo communication apparatus which is controlled by our informants. This development has great potential as a means of determining in advance the identities of possible defectors; therefore, we should not jeopardize our position by disseminating this information at the present time.

ACTION:

For information.

100-428091
WGS:skw
(6)

Classified by *WKS/B*
Exempt from GDS, Category *2, 3, 4*
Date of Declassification Indefinite

65 DEC 26 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

~~TOP SECRET~~

(IS) 100-428091

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

Date: December 23, 1963

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: SINO-SOVIET RELATIONS

Enclosed for your information are two memoranda entitled "Speech by Nikita S. Khrushchev on October 14, 1962, on the Departure of LIU Hsiao, Ambassador of the Peoples Republic of China to the USSR" and "Discussion Between L. L. Sharkey, General Secretary of the Communist Party of Australia and Leaders of the Communist Party of China, January, 1962."

Enclosures - 2

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency (Enclosures - 2)

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because enclosures are so classified. Enclosures classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S* who obtained this information while on Solo Mission 14 during the period 11-1-63 to 12-2-63. See Chicago airtel 12-7-63, entitled "SOB, IS-C" which enclosed letterhead memorandum bearing caption set forth in letter.

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65 DEC 27 1963

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TELETYPE UNIT

REC-40 100-428091

Upon removal of classification, this letter becomes unclassified.

22 DEC 24 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Shaw

(IS) 100-423091

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: December 23, 1963

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

O
SOLU

The following information pertaining to officials of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) was furnished by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past.

H. A. Suslov

Suslov, a member of the Presidium and of the Secretariat, Central Committee, CPSU, as of November, 1963, was reported to still be a very sick man. His illness was attributed to tuberculosis. At the present time he cannot work extensively and, in fact, is nearly incapacitated.

F. R. Kozlov

Kozlov, also a member of the Presidium and of the Secretariat, Central Committee, CPSU, as of November, 1963, was also reported to be quite ill. As a result, Kozlov is not functioning on a daily basis in any political activities of the CPSU.

A. Panushkin

Panushkin, the Soviet Ambassador to the United States in 1947 and subsequently Head of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU, is presently engaged in organizational work for the CPSU. Panushkin was relieved of his duties with

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

WGS:kmj

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65 DEC 27 1963

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~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

the International Department several years ago when he became ill with tuberculosis. At the present time he is still in very poor health.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources we have classified this letter "~~Top Secret~~."

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*, who has been referred to as "sources" in letter to further protect his identity. Information in letter extracted from Chicago airtels 12/17/63 both captioned "Solo, IS-C" containing letterhead memoranda entitled "M. A. Suslov and F. R. Kozlov, Members of the Presidium and Secretariat, Communist Party of the Soviet Union" and "A. Panushkin, Former Ambassador of the USSR to the United States." CG 5824-S* obtained this information during Solo Mission 14, 11/1/63-12/2/63, in confidential discussions with high-level Soviet officials.

- 2 -

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. Shaw

(IS) 100-428091

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

1/1
Date: December 23, 1963
To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State
From: John Edgar Hoover, Director
Subject: COMMUNIST PARTY OF URUGUAY
INTERNAL SECURITY - URUGUAY

6 Solo

A most sensitive source of this Bureau who has furnished reliable information in the past has advised that a meeting between officials of the Communist Party (CP) of Uruguay and the CP of the Soviet Union recently took place in Uruguay. During the meeting, the Uruguayan CP official indicated that the current membership of the CP of Uruguay is approximately 8,000. The Soviet CP official regarded this as being an extremely large CP membership for a country where the inhabitants number less than three million. It was brought out during the meeting that the CP of Uruguay is not in agreement with the views of Cuban Premier Fidel Castro, but rather adheres to the policies of utilizing parliamentary procedures available in its country in order to come into power.

Because of the sensitive nature of our source, we have classified this communication "~~Top Secret~~."

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE 2

WGS:kmj

BY COURIER SVC.
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65 DEC 27 1963

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REC-40 100-428091-3500

22 DEC 24 1963

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~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

NOTE (Continued):

result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*, who obtained this information while on Solo Mission 14 from Vitaly Korianov of the International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union. See Chicago airtel 12/17/63 captioned "Solo, IS-C" enclosing letterhead memorandum entitled "Communist Party of Uruguay."

- 2 -

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

- 1 - Liaison
- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. Ryan
- 1 - Mr. Shaw

(IS) 100-428091

Date: December 24, 1963

To: Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

0 Solo

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A. Sobolev, Executive Editor of the "World Marxist Review," the official theoretical organ of the international communist movement which has its headquarters in Czechoslovakia, was recently in contact with the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA). Sobolev indicated that he would like the CPUSA to submit a commentary on the assassination of President Kennedy for publication in the January issue of the "World Marxist Review." In addition, Sobolev indicated that he would also like to publish in the near future an article by Gus Hall, CPUSA General Secretary, on the subject "The United States After the Kennedy Assassination."

Sobolev also indicated that up to 2,000 copies of the "World Marxist Review" would be sent each month to World Books (CPUSA-sponsored bookstore) in New York City and that World Books should remain the publication to colleges and universities, as well as to leading professors and educators. If the cost for such mailings is not found to be excessive, the "World Marxist Review" will pay the entire bill for the mailing.

The above information was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past. Because of the sensitive nature of these sources, this letter is being classified "~~Top Secret~~."

1 - Mr. J. Walter Yeagley
Assistant Attorney General

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

~~TOP SECRET~~

GROUP 1

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downgrading and
declassification

22 DEC 26 1963

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65 DEC 28 1963

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Director
Central Intelligence Agency

NOTE:

This letter is classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*, who is referred to as "sources" in letter in order to further protect his identity. Source obtained this information while on Solo Mission 14, 11/1/63 to 12/2/63, through discussion with A. Sobolev of the "World Marxist Review." See Chicago airtel 12/16/63 captioned "Solo, IS-C" enclosing letterhead memorandum entitled "Discussions with Representatives of the 'World Marxist Review,' Prague, Czechoslovakia, November 27, 1963."

- 2 -

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

The Attorney General

December 24, 1963

Director, FBI

- 1 - Belmont
- 1 - Evans
- 1 - Sullivan
- 1 - Baumgardner
- 1 - R. W. Smith
- 1 - Shaw

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

0
Solo

The following information was supplied in December, 1963, by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past.

According to an official of the Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia, the domestic situation in Czechoslovakia is greatly improved. Millions of dollars' worth of consumer goods have been purchased and stores are now completely stocked with these goods. As a result, there are no longer "lines or queues" outside stores as has been the case in the past.

The above official stated, however, that the political situation is a "mess." He described the bureaucracy in the Government as "gigantic," but indicated that steps were being taken to improve this situation. He stated that the Party leadership is "cleaning house" and bringing new people into the leadership.

In regard to Antonin Novotny, First Secretary of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia and President of the Peoples Republic of Czechoslovakia, the above-mentioned Czech official stated that Novotny's position is not too secure and he is, in effect, on probation.

In regard to the United States, the Czech official stated that efforts are being made to establish better relations with that country.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, we have classified this communication "~~Top Secret~~." This information has been furnished to the Honorable Walter W. Jenkins, Special Assistant to the President, and other interested officials of the Government.

100-423001

1 - The Deputy Attorney General

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

WGS:kmj (10)

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~~TOP SECRET~~

GROUP 1 EXCLUDED FROM AUTOMATIC DOWNGRADING AND DECLASSIFICATION

~~TOP SECRET~~

The Attorney General

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*, who is referred to in letter as "sources" in order to further protect his identity. See Chicago airtel 12/17/63 captioned "Solo, IS-C" with enclosed letterhead memorandum entitled "Comments of Representatives of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia, on Domestic Situation in Peoples Republic of Czechoslovakia." CG 5824-S* obtained this information while on Solo Mission 14 from (First name unknown) Chernik, Deputy to the Head of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia.

- 2 -
~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

~~TOP SECRET~~

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Mullins
1 - Mr. Shaw

(IS) 100-428091

Date: December 19, 1963
To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State
From: John Edgar Hoover, Director
Subject: COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

During late November, 1963, a meeting took place between representatives of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), and the United Party of the Socialist Revolution of Cuba. During this meeting the following matters were discussed.

CPUSA Literature

The CPUSA was disturbed over the fact that, while literature of every type of "renegade left group" in the United States is able to get into Cuba, the CPUSA has been unsuccessful in getting its literature into Cuba in spite of all its efforts to do so. It was not believed that this was the result of the United States Government action in withholding this literature since literature from pro-Chinese groups had been getting into Cuba without trouble.

CPUSA Aid to Cuba

The CPUSA has been making a concerted drive to render aid to Cuba in that country's difficulties as a

WGS:fjh
(8)

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downgrading and
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SEE NOTE PAGE 277441

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65 DEC 30 1963

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~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

result of the recent hurricane which devastated Cuba. In this regard it was noted that several issues of "The Worker," east coast United States communist newspaper, contained articles detailing the CPUSA relief drive in behalf of Cuba.

Communications

It was decided that communications from the CPUSA to the United Party of the Socialist Revolution of Cuba be sent through the Communist Party of Canada representative to the "World Marxist Review," theoretical organ of the international communist movement, in Prague, Czechoslovakia, and thence to Cuba. It was also decided that communications in the other direction, from Cuba to the CPUSA, should follow the same route.

General Relations

It was agreed that relations between the CPUSA and the United Party of the Socialist Revolution of Cuba were in need of improvement. One of the subjects of concern was the position of Beatrice Johnson, the Havana, Cuba, correspondent for "The Worker" and official spokesman for the CPUSA in Cuba, who has been experiencing a great deal of difficulty in Cuba obtaining cooperation. It was brought out that the United Party of the Socialist Revolution of Cuba was chagrined over the fact that Joseph North, former Havana, Cuba, correspondent for "The Worker," had not indicated when he left Cuba several months ago that he would not be returning. It was explained that North would have lost his passport and perhaps his United States citizenship if he had not returned to the United States when he did. It was further explained that Beatrice Johnson is North's replacement and she should be afforded all proper courtesies and cooperation.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

The above information was furnished by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past. Because of the sensitive nature of these sources, this communication is being classified "Top Secret."

1 - Director
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

1 - Mr. J. Walter Yeagley
Assistant Attorney General

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S* who is referred to in the letter as sources in order to further protect his identity. CG 5824-S* met with Cesar Escalante, Head of the Ideological Department, United Party of the Socialist Revolution of Cuba, in November, 1963, in Moscow, Russia, while CG 5824-S* was on Solo Mission 14. Further details concerning this meeting are located in Chicago airtel 12/12/63 captioned "Solo; IS-C" containing letterhead memorandum, "Discussion with Cesar Escalante, Head of the Ideological Department, United Party of the Socialist Revolution of Cuba, November, 1963, Moscow, U.S.S.R."

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

December 18, 1963

BY LIAISON

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Evans
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. E. W. Smith
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

Lieutenant General Joseph F. Carroll
Director
Defense Intelligence Agency
The Pentagon
Washington, D. C.

Dear General:

Zenik Wagner, an official of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia, who specializes in Latin-American affairs, furnished the following comments to most sensitive sources of this Bureau concerning the caches of arms recently discovered on the beaches of Venezuela:

The Communist Party of Czechoslovakia has verified that the arms shipments discovered on the beaches in Venezuela were, in fact, shipped from Cuba. This matter was handled in a clumsy, uncoordinated way and, as a result, millions of dollars worth of arms were lost. The Cubans did not consult with the Czechs or the Russians on these shipments and, as a matter of fact, the Czechs and Russians do not know whom the Cubans were negotiating with among the Venezuelans. The Czechs and the Russians are very disturbed concerning the handling of these shipments of arms by the Cubans to the communist terrorists in Venezuela.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, which have furnished reliable information in the past, we have classified this communication "Top Secret." This information is being furnished to other interested officials of the Government.

Sincerely yours,

100-428091

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(11)

65 DEC 30 1963

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(SEE NOTE PAGE 2)

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100-428091-3504

DEC 26 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

Lieutenant General Joseph F. Carroll

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation would result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. See memo Baumgardner to W. C. Sullivan, 12/17/63 captioned "Solo, Internal Security - C," WGS:kmj, and Chicago airtel 12/11/63, also bearing the Solo caption.

- 2 -

~~TOP SECRET~~

FBI

Date: 12/9/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Problems of Work at The International Institute for Peace, Vienna, Austria, October, 1963," and the enclosure thereto. Also enclosed for New York is one copy of above letterhead memorandum with enclosure thereto.

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/3 and 4/63 to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The memorandum which is an enclosure to the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by CG 5824-S* during the course of discussions during 11/63 with HENRY WINSTON, a Vice Chairman of the CP, USA presently residing in Moscow, USSR. The source has no further information relating to this matter or to the individuals mentioned therein beyond that which is contained in the enclosed letterhead memorandum.

3-Bureau (Enc. 8) (Info) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 2) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

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(5)

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22 DEC 26 1963

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

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Per _____

135 JAN 7 1964

SAC, CHICAGO

Sent _____

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Per _____

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

J. J. J. J.
PREPARE100-428091-3505
DEC 26 1963

m. J. J. J.

SAC, CHICAGO

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed letterhead memorandum and enclosure thereto have been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.

FBI

Date: 12/12/63

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTELREGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed herewith for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "ANNA LOUISE STRONG." One copy of above is also enclosed for New York.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by the source during the course of one of the source's discussions with BORIS N. PONOMAREV, Head of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union. The source noted that he had two discussions with PONOMAREV during the period 11/18-21/63 and another discussion with PONOMAREV on 11/25/63. The source does not recall during which of these discussions PONOMAREV furnished the information in this letterhead memorandum. The source noted that the information set forth herein is quite vague and some parts do not appear to make complete sense; however, the information as given to him by PONOMAREV is set forth and CG 5824-S* was in no position to question PONOMAREV in regard to discrepancies.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "TOP SECRET" since it sets forth information

- ENCLOSURE
Level 808RB
- ③ - Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
 - 1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
 - 1 - Chicago

WAB:bll
(5)

C. C. Wick

EO 1.3

REC 8

22 DEC 26 1963

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M.

Per _____

65 JAN 7 1964

destroyed 12/27/68

memo w/lt to wcs
VE 12/10/63
12/19/63

[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten signature] (LAST)

[Handwritten signature]

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100-428091-
5-266

CG 134-46 Sub B

furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
December 12, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

ANNA LOUISE STRONG

During December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows: *RUSA*

RUSA
During November, 1963, Boris N. Ponomarev, Head of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, recounted the following story which he prefaced with the comment, "You'll never believe it."

RUSA
ANNA LOUISE BORODIN
Anna Louise Strong, a former long-time resident in China and the Soviet Union who is currently a resident in China, was formerly married to General Michael Borodin, who was sent by V. I. Lenin in 1923 to China to help SUN Yat-sen. Borodin and Strong had a son who lived in Moscow who went by the name of Borodin also. The Russians did not know that he was the son of Anna Louise Strong. Subsequently young Borodin became a colonel in the NKVD. In the mid-1940's, upon the order of Stalin, Strong was arrested and deported from the USSR to Poland. Strong used to travel in and out of the Soviet Union (the source does not know whether this refers to the period before or after her deportation). After Strong was thrown out of the USSR, the Russians discovered that she had a secret apartment in Moscow. No one ever lived there except Strong or her son, Borodin. No one ever went to the apartment or questioned the occupancy of this apartment because everyone thought that the apartment was being kept by the NKVD. When the apartment was discovered, there were found in the apartment a number of diaries belonging to Strong. The question was immediately raised concerning the manner in which Strong was able to obtain visas for her travels in and out of the Soviet Union. It was then discovered that she was gaining entry to the USSR by means of the influence of the young Colonel Borodin. When this was discovered, Stalin had Colonel Borodin executed.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

ANNA LOUISE STRONG

~~TOP SECRET~~

The part of this whole story which intrigued Ponomarev was that in reading Strong's diaries, it was discovered that in the 1940's she had predicted the current Soviet-Chinese split. She had characterized this split as inevitable. According to Ponomarev, this apartment had been in existence for more than 20 years and what bothered the Russians was what contacts she had with the Chinese and the possibility presented itself that some intrigue with the Chinese might have been going on for decades. Ponomarev was pondering whether Strong's current activities in behalf of the Communist Party of China are related or unrelated to these activities in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/16/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

[Handwritten signature]
R. W. [unclear]

Enclosed for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement entitled, "Contact with Polish Embassy, Moscow, USSR, November 25, 1963."

The information set forth in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished on 12/ 7 and 10/63 by CG 5824-S* to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

WALTER
Re

1 encl 8088
ENCLOSURE
③ Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

Memo Baumgardner to Sullivan 12-24-63

W. S. [unclear]

EX-107

REC 8
100-428091-3507
22 DEC 26 1963

Approved: *[Signature]* Sent _____ M Per *[Signature]*
Special Agent in Charge
65 JAN 1 1964
12-30-63 WJ

CONTACT WITH POLISH EMBASSY, MOSCOW, USSR,
NOVEMBER 25, 1963

On November 25, 1963, in the company of a representative of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), Morris Childs, a representative of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), who was then in Moscow, made contact with the Polish Embassy in Moscow. The CPSU representative accompanied Childs on this visit for the purpose only of making an official introduction to the First Secretary of the Embassy and thereafter took no part in any of the ensuing matters. The discussion occurring with the First Secretary of the Embassy, name unrecalled, was generally as follows:

According to the First Secretary of the Embassy, the Polish United Workers Party (PUWP) had recently received a note or letter in which the CP, USA complained or said that the PUWP was not placing emphasis on the Negro question in the Polish press and had not shown the proper solidarity on this matter. He noted that the Central Committee of his Party had studied the problem and feel that they have paid a lot of attention to the Negro question. Anyone, he noted, who studied the Polish press would immediately see that we popularize the struggle of the Negro. Our own Central Committee reviewed its policy and found it to be correct on this matter and in line with Marxist-Leninist thinking and international solidarity. There was, however, one case of wrong emphasis--a small one. This had been picked up by the West German press and used by the bourgeois press generally. A paper in Ghana also had picked up this item and it was exaggerated by them. So, tell the Central Committee of the CP, USA that we received this criticism attentively and that our Central Committee has told the press to correct their mistakes and never repeat this type of mistake again. We also made a representation to Ghana as to how this thing had been picked up by the bourgeois press and exaggerated and we believe this was done to Ghana's satisfaction.

Regarding Stanley Nowak, the First Secretary noted that the CP, USA had recently sent in some question regarding him. This matter was taken very seriously and we do not treat him as a Party person. So, hereafter, if the PUWP has Party matters to take up, they will be taken up with Childs or his representative.

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ENCLOSURE

The First Secretary then raised the matter regarding the acceptance of the gift stallion which the PZWP had offered to Com Hall of the CP, USA. He noted that they initially could not understand why a request had not been made for two horses as undoubtedly the intent on the part of Comrado Hall was to use the horses for breeding purposes. In response, Childs stated that after considerable thought had been given to the offer of the Polish Party, it had been decided that it would be best to postpone shipment at this time of the gift stallion to Hall. In the spring, when a new and thorough review had been made of the new tax law relating to such matters, the final decision as to whether this stallion should be shipped will be transmitted to the Polish Party. Comrado Hall further desired that the PZWP be advised that he was not at this time sure whether further arrangements for shipping this stallion would be made; however, he wanted to thank the Central Committee of the PZWP for their generous offer and he promised that they would hear from him in the future.

At this point, Childs commented that he recently noted that "your man" in Chicago had recently been called back for reassignment in Poland. The First Secretary responded by noting that this was correct and that this individual was assigned to the Foreign Ministry Office in Warsaw, Poland. However, they have another good man there in Chicago now. At this point Childs mentioned that they have a person in Chicago who goes to the Consulate and participates in social affairs. At this point Childs noted on a small piece of paper the name Jack Kling and indicated that this was the man to whom he was referring. He then went on to point out that this individual was well acquainted with the former man at the Consulate who had just returned to Poland. Presently the Party in Chicago was a bit hesitant concerning who at the Consulate should be contacted on Party matters and they were wondering who the person to deal with on Party matters should be. The First Secretary at this point indicated that the new replacement in Chicago would be the proper person. Accordingly, Childs informed this individual that in the future if Kling should come to the Consulate he is the one who should be dealt with on Party matters and when he speaks, he speaks for the Party leadership. The First Secretary agreed that Kling would be a satisfactory person for utilization in the situation noted.

At this point, the First Secretary suggested that Childs might desire to go into Warsaw for some further discussion. While stating that he would like very much to do this, it would be impossible for him at the present time to make such a trip.

D D

However, he did advise the First Secretary that the Party was, in fact, sending a representative to Warsaw. This representative of the Party was named [redacted] and he would be going to Poland to look into opportunities and conduct possible negotiations regarding items from which the CP, USA could possibly gain some financial benefit from the import and sale thereof. He requested that a visa be prepared for [redacted] to facilitate his travel, that all possible cooperation be extended so that Weinstein might use the proper trade representatives, and further that [redacted] was to be treated as one of "our people." It was pointed out to the First Secretary specifically what [redacted] would be looking for but that the CP, USA realized that his endeavors may not result in anything spectacular. The First Secretary agreed to send through a request for a visa which would enable [redacted] to travel for the purpose Childs had noted. b6 b7C

The First Secretary was then asked if he knew Bill Gebert, an old acquaintance of Childs in Chicago. The First Secretary indicated he did know this individual and that he was still serving as Polish Ambassador to Turkey. Childs then requested that the next time the First Secretary had contact with Gebert that he pass on Childs' regards to him.

The entire meeting was most cordial and throughout the meeting honey wine, coffee, and Polish chocolate were served for refreshments. After the completion of the discussion, Childs and the representative of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU, returned to Childs' apartment.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/17/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Buairtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Comments of Representatives of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia, on Domestic Situation in Peoples Republic of Czechoslovakia." One copy of the above is also enclosed for New York.

Also enclosed for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement captioned "Discussion with Representatives of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia, Prague, Czechoslovakia, November 28, 1963."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum and informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/10/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified ~~TOP SECRET~~ since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest. **REC 8**

- ③-Bureau (Enc. 1) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 2) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

22 DEC 26 1963

Per _____

65 JAN 7 1964

12-10-63-45

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.
December 17, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

COMMENTS OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE
INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT, CENTRAL
COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY OF CZECHO-
SLOVAKIA, ON DOMESTIC SITUATION IN
PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA

In mid-December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

(First name unknown) Chérnik, Deputy to the Head of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia (CP of CZ), during late November, 1963, made some comments concerning the domestic situation as it existed in the Peoples Republic of Czechoslovakia, the essence of which is as follows:

"As you know, we have been confronted with some problems; however, as you see, we have now satisfied our population and we have no lines or queues. We have purchased millions of dollars of consumer goods and have filled our shops and stores.

"Politically, we have found a bigger mess than we had anticipated. The bureaucracy in the government was big but we are now cleaning this mess up. You should know that everyone was involved from the top to the bottom, including the highest.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

COMMENTS OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT, CENTRAL COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA, ON DOMESTIC SITUATION IN PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA

~~TOP SECRET~~

CZECHOSLOVAKIA CZECH
"In regard to Antonin Novotny, First Secretary of the CP of CZ and President of the Peoples Republic of Czechoslovakia, he is not too secure and there is a lot of talk. If you want to, you can say he is on probation. The leadership of the Party is, however, cleaning house and they are bringing new people into the leadership. For the time being, the situation seems to be resolved and we have drawn more from the coalition parties in the country and we are trying to establish more democratic norms of relations with these parties.

"In regard to the United States, we want to establish better relations with that country."

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

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DISCUSSION WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF THE INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT, CENTRAL COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA, PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, NOVEMBER 23, 1963

On the morning of November 23, 1963, Morris Childs, Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) representative, while staying in his room in the Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia (CP of CZ), hotel in Prague, was met by (first name unknown) Chernik, Deputy to the Head of the International Department, Central Committee, CP of CZ, and Zenick Wagner, the individual in charge of the Latin American Section of the International Department. These individuals then subsequently accompanied Childs to the Prague airport where Childs was to secure transportation for ultimate return to the United States.

During the period the above individuals were together general discussion occurred and among the various matters which came up during this period were the following:

According to Chernik, the CP of CZ would like and wants to exchange articles with the CP, USA. For example, the CP of CZ would like to submit articles for "Political Affairs", the CP, USA theoretical organ, and even perhaps with "The Worker." In turn, the CP, USA could submit articles for publication in "Eude Pravo," the organ of the Central Committee, CP of CZ, and in the publication "Nova Mysl," the theoretical and political journal of the Central Committee, CP of CZ.

Chernik also noted that the CP of CZ was still interested in buying books and other material printed or issued by the CP, USA if this were possible and to secure such material in a businesslike way. Upon raising this matter, Childs informed Chernik that such material was available and that all the CP of CZ would have to do to secure it would be to write to New Era Book and SubAgency, New York City, and their request would be handled.

Chernik also indicated that it was a definite desire on the part of the CP of CZ to establish a better working relationship with the CP, USA. He noted that the matter concerning steps that could be taken in regard to establishing a better relationship had been raised by Antonin Novotny, First Secretary of the Party and President of the Peoples Republic of Czechoslovakia, himself, in high Party discussions. When

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ENCLOSURE

There then followed a very general discussion participated in by all parties related to the recent assassination of President Kennedy. Both representatives of the International Department, Central Committee, CP of US, present indicated that their attitude regarding this act was one of shock and grief. They both noted that it was their's as well as the Party's position that the assassination had been a part of a conspiracy in the United States to destroy the policies projected by the Kennedy Administration for the developing of trade and for peaceful coexistence with the socialist states.

As Childs' plane was prepared for boarding, Chernik and Wagner proceeded to the boarding area ahead of him, held back other individuals who were to board this same plane, and motioned to Childs to come forward. Childs was thus given the opportunity to board the plane ahead of other passengers and to select the seat he desired.

F B I

Date: 12/18/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Literature Problems Taken Up With Representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, November, 1963."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/4 and 9/63 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

1 encl abrs re
ENCLOSURE
③-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

EX-105

REC 8

100-428091-3509
DEC 26 1963

Approved: mgl Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

65 JAN 3 1964 12-30-63 WS

LITERATURE PROBLEMS TAKEN UP WITH REPRESENTATIVES
OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION, NOVEMBER,
1963

It will be recalled that in the past months a number of efforts had been made by Hyman Lumer of International Publishers, New York City, as well as by a number of other persons connected with Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) literature outlets and publishing houses to work out arrangements with the Soviet publishing and literature organizations in order that business could be conducted on an open and legitimate basis and also to make arrangements with the Soviets that could financially benefit the CP, USA. In part, to achieve this it was suggested that the Party attempt to arrange that the CP of the Soviet Union give certain exclusive rights to print Soviet publications in the United States to World Books and other Party outlets; that royalties be paid by the Soviet Union for material reprinted in the Soviet Union, etc.

These problems were taken up by a CP, USA representative during the course of personal contact with representatives of the International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union in Moscow during November, 1963. Memoranda were also prepared and submitted at the time and subsequently sent by the International Department to the Soviet governmental agencies responsible for such matters.

In late November, 1963, a partial response from the Soviet agencies in connection with the matters brought up was relayed by Aleksei Andreovich Grechukhin, Assistant to the Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union. At this time, Grechukhin noted that he had been told to relay the following:

On the question of royalties. The Soviet publishing organizations were not going to pay them to the CP, USA for material reprinted in the Soviet Union. This, they noted, was based on the fact that the USSR does not recognize the copyright laws and therefore if they paid the CP, USA such royalties and such were found out, it could set a serious precedent. However, as in the past, they would at their discretion pay certain royalties on certain material and they would reserve this right.

On the matter of exclusive rights to the publication of Soviet books and other material being turned over to Party organizations in the United States, it was noted that this could not be done at the present time. Possibly it could be done gradually on the basis of some future legal agreements with International Publishers, World Books, etc., that there could be an exchange of rights between Soviet printing organizations on a limited book-for-book basis and in regard to some certain selected material. However, at the present time governmental relations between the Soviet Union and the United States as well as Party relations between the CPSU and the CP, USA must be considered. They feel it would be inadvisable to do anything at this time on the basis of a narrow agreement with the CP, USA on such exclusive rights which could hamper future relations with the United States on a broader business basis.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

FBI

Date: 12/19/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO.
IS - C

In accordance with Bureau instructions set forth in Bureau airtel dated 5/14/63 captioned as above, there are enclosed for the Bureau the original and three copies of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "HENRY WINSTON, A VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, USA." One copy of the above has been enclosed for the New York Office.

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 12/10-11/63 by CG 5824-S* to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it sets forth information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a most highly placed sensitive source who is furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement, the disclosure of which would tend to identify this source and thus adversely affect the national defense interest.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C., in order to further protect this source.

- ③-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

67 JAN 7 1964
Label destroyed 12-30-63

12-30-63

REC-8

DEC 26 1963

100-428091-3510



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D.C.
December 19, 1963

~~TOP SECRET~~

HENRY WINSTON, A VICE CHAIRMAN OF
THE COMMUNIST PARTY, USA

Review

In mid-December, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

Several months ago, Gus Hall, General Secretary of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), indicated that he felt it would be a good idea if Henry Winston, a Vice Chairman of the CP, USA, who was then temporarily residing in the Soviet Union, would give consideration at the time of his scheduled return to the United States in late February, 1964, to stopping off in Cuba. Hall felt that this could be of benefit in restoring good relations between the CP, USA and the United Party of the Socialist Revolution of Cuba.

In late November, 1963, in discussing such a trip to Cuba, Henry Winston stated that he had now decided that he would not stop off in Cuba when he returned to the United States probably in late February, 1964. Winston remarked that although he recently had been to and spoken before an audience of approximately 400 people, consisting of Cuban governmental officials and students in the Soviet Union, at the Cuban Embassy in Moscow and had been warmly received and that the greetings he had prepared in connection with the anniversary of the 26th of July Movement had been reprinted in the Cuban press, he had never received an official invitation to visit that country. Although he had made his desires known that he would like to visit the country, the most he had received was an unofficial, informal, open invitation to come to that country.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~